The New-York Times.

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NEWS FROM THE MISSISSIPPI.

The Failure of the Sunflower Expedition.

Obstructions Encountered in Rolling Fork

Return of the Expedition to Young's Point.

The Ram Switzerland but Slightly Injured in Running the Vicksburgh Batteries.

CAIRO, Wednesday, April 1.

News from Vicksburgh and vicinity has been received here up to Thursday night. Although unfavorable, the advices accord with the general public expectation.

SHERMAN'S expedition to the Upper Yazoo had returned without accomplishing its object.

The rebels had so obstructed the channel through which the boats had to pass as to render progress to the river impossible.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, April 1.

Dispatches received here state that the expedition through Steele's and Black Bayous into the Upper Yazoo is a failure. Admiral PORTER succeeded in getting through both bayous with the gunboats, and proceeded 25 or 30 miles further in Deer and Rolling Forks, when he encountered a small force of rebels, who so annoyed him with sharpshooters and obstructions in the channel, that further progress was impossible, without the coöperation of infantry, which came up next day.

The enemy had in the meantime put trees into the stream, making it impassable. They annoyed the gunboats otherwise, and seemed to be gathering in considerable force.

Reinforcements of infantry were marched to the assistance of the gunboats on Monday, and coming up with the beleaguered boats, found them hemmed completely by obstructions in front and rear.

Skirmishing continued all day, when the rebels being reinforced, the gunboats were withdrawn, and commenced to retreat, the whole force having embarked on transports near the head of Black Bayou for their return to Young's Point.

Federal loss 10 or 12 privates killed and wounded, including Mr. SULLIVAN, an engineer, killed by a shell. Rebel loss unknown, but supposed to be considerable.

REPORTS FROM MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, Saturday, March 28, }
Vid CAIRO, Tuesday, March 31. }

A correspondent who left New-Orleans with Gen. BANKS on the 9th of March, has arrived here. He passed Port Hudson on the night of the 14th, with Admiral FARRAGUT. The *Hartford* and *Albatross* got through, after enduring afterrific bombardment for two hours, and were slightly injured. Some rebel rams attempted to stop the Admiral's progress up the river, but without success, the powerful broadsides from the frigate *Hartford* being too much for them.

The Federal rams *Switzerland* and *Lancaster* ran by the batteries at Vicksburgh on the 25th. The former was but slightly injured. The latter was sunk.

The *Tusuambia* and *Monarch* have gone up the Yazoo.

OUR VICKSBURGH CORRESPONDENCE

Reports of the New Expedition to the Yazoo—A Movement of Troops Overland to Yazoo City—The Lake Providence Canal a Success—The Canal Opposite the City—Admiral Farragut, &c.

NEAR VICKSBURGH, Miss., }
Friday, March 20, 1863. }

Events of grave importance have occurred in this Department during the week past. I have already informed you of the expedition of Admiral PORTER toward Yazoo City, *viâ* the bayous which connect with Deer Creek and Sunflower River, undertaken a week ago, and of its probable success. At last accounts he was within a short distance of Deer Creek, which he had approached through a series of bayous now rendered navigable by the swollen condition of the streams. It was believed that the gunboats would reach Yazoo City two days ago. Lying there are known to be a large fleet of rebel transports, and one or more unfinished ironclads. Gens. GRANT and SHERMAN, with a large body of troops, departed for that part of the country three days ago. They would pass up the Mississippi several miles, where they would disembark, and march overland to Yazoo City. The Engineer brigade of Gen. BISSELL are already there, having come down from Lake Providence, and are understood to be constructing a road for the passage of the troops. The high stage of the water will materially interfere with the marching of the troops. Important consequences depend upon the successful termination of the expedition, as it will give us control of the approaches to Vicksburgh, and may involve the possession by our troops of the railroad running eastward from Vicksburgh to Jackson, Montgomery, Savannah and Richmond.

The cut-off at Lake Providence, through Bayou Macon into the Red River, is a success. I saw one of the officers of a gunboat who had just returned from that expedition three days ago. A large number of plantations had been entirely flooded by opening this cut-off, and a stern-wheel steamer had been launched on the lake. This will enable our transports to pass around that way undisturbed by existing rebel obstructions in the Mississippi. There are one or two places like the junction of the Tensaw, where rebel batteries may be attempted, but a vigilant watch will prevent their erection. Considerable sickness existed among our troops and crews of vessels operating in that direction.

ARRIVAL OF ADMIRAL FARRAGUT'S SHIPS BELOW VICKSBURGH.

Early on Thursday (yesterday) morning, heavy and continuous firing was heard down the river, which lasted about two hours. The impression prevailed here that a naval engagement was going on below. During the day, a contraband arrived from near Port Hudson, at the headquarters of Gen. STEELE, who reported that three of the Union gunboats, belonging to Admiral FARRAGUT'S fleet, had attempted to pass the batteries at Port Hudson, four days previously—that is, about the 16th—and two of them succeeded in doing so. The third was said to have been sunk. During the day and night, further rumors of a vague character prevailed to the same effect. Last evening, our pickets reported signals from Union vessels below, near Warrenton, and to-day the Secretary of Admiral FARRAGUT came up by land on the Louisiana side, to the flagship of Admiral PORTER, bringing the welcome intelligence that three of the fleet had actually reached a point below Warrenton. The *Mississippi*, one of the oldest as well as the most efficient war-steamers in the squadron, was destroyed by fire.

The arrival of these vessels will, no doubt, hasten the land and naval attack upon Vicksburgh, and thus bring the campaign in the Mississippi to a favorable termination, before the heat of Summer, with its attendant lassitude, disease and discouragement, postpone affairs into the Fall.

FROM THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

The Movements Against Port Hudson.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Inquirer.

BATON ROUGE, La., Saturday, March 21.

The most important advance movement that has been made since the return of the army from the rebel intrenchments at Port Hudson, was by the brigade commanded by Col. DUDLEY. The Colonel left this place last Wednesday night, with a strong force of infantry, one battery and one company of cavalry. The troops were taken up the river on the steamtransports *Morning Light*, *Empire Parish*, *St. Maurice* and *Sallie Robinson*. It was not known until a late hour that Gen. BANKS was to accompany the expedition, but such proving to be the case, considerable importance was attached to the movement.

THE PLAN OF THE EXPEDITION KNOWN.

Strange as it may seem, before either of the above-named boats had left their wharves, the plan of the expedition was apparently known. At any rate, a plan was freely discussed by numerous gatherings of people at the street corners along the levee, and I presume I shall be committing no breach of the proprieties of correspondence by repeating what rebel sympathizers assert to be facts. According to their story, the plan of the expedition, at first under the command of Gen. BANKS, but now controlled by Col. DUDLEY, was as follows: The different transports named were to take the brigade, artillery and cavalry, up the river as far as the boats could safely go; Gen. BANKS was to accompany the forces and remain with them until all were landed and ready to march.

The only object of Gen. BANKS' presence appeared to be that he might know the exact time of the moving of the troops. After this was accomplished, Gen. BANKS was to return to Baton Rouge and take command of the forces here, and commence a forward movement immediately in the direction of Port Hudson. Col. DUDLEY, in the meantime, was expected to go around the rebel stronghold in front, viz.: on the west side of the river, while Gen. BANKS was to menace the enemy in the rear. The object of all this appeared to be a determination to send a land force to assist Admiral FARRAGUT, who was to proceed up the Red River, destroy all means the rebels had of sending supplies to Port Hudson, and thereby force them into a field fight, or take the alternative of starving to death behind their fortifications.

THE REBELS CUT THE LEVEE.

Had there been nothing to obstruct the march of Col. DUDLEY but rebel soldiers, he would undoubtedly have been entirely successful; for the enemy, with Gen. BANKS in their rear, would hardly have dared to leave their fortifications. The rebels, however, are an ingenious set of fellows. They not only found out our intentions, but actually anticipated every movement we made. For instance, the transports, as I have before mentioned, left this port Wednesday night. The weather was foggy, and an intense darkness prevailed. These circumstances would at first seem favorable to the success of the expedition, but the contrary was the case, for about ten miles above there, the rebels had cut the levee for half a mile, making one of the largest crevasses that has ever been in this part of the country.

The worst feature of the *crevasse* was, it had been cut just at the bend of the river, where the current is strongest and navigation the most difficult between this point and Port Hudson. The result of this piece of rebel enterprise was our transports all ran aground as soon as they struck the strong tide of the *crevasse*; one of them, the *Morning Light*, passed through the levee, and was landed "high and dry" in a neighboring cane field. When morning came we were able to get off three of the boats, but it was not until night the *Morning Light* could be extricated from a position in which she was every hour in danger of being wrecked. The anxiety of our officers may be imagined when I state, if the vessel had gone to pieces in all probability 600 troops would have been drowned. Of course, the accidents that happened to our transports gave the rebels every opportunity to observe our movements, for our vessels, when the morning dawned, all lay within plain sight of the enemy's fortifications.

TRYING TO DROWN A BRIGADE.

The rebels were so successful in their first experiment of cutting the levee, that as soon as we had effected a landing for our soldiers—which we did seven or eight miles below Port Hudson—they, the night following, cut the levee again within easy range of their guns, and tried to drown the entire brigade. Col. DUDLEY saw his danger, and immediately sent up several squads of troops to stop the new crevasse.

As soon as our soldiers made their appearance and commenced work, they were shelled from the rebel batteries, and three killed. They were, in consequence of the hot fire, obliged to retreat. In two or three nights, however, we shall succeed in repairing the levee, but it is feared that the whole country will be flooded on the west side of the river before we can do so—at any rate, so much of it as to make the march of DUDLEY'S brigade around Port Hudson extremely difficult.

I am now, I think, very correctly informed that Col. DUDLEY'S forces, after sending out scouts to within a few hundred yards of the rebel entrenchments, concluded not to make an effort to pass above Port Hudson, but to remain in the neighborhood of that place until ordered back to join the main army.

DEPARTURE OF GEN. BANKS FOR NEW-ORLEANS.

Gen. BANKS and Staff left last night, on the steamer *Empire Parish*, for Baton Rouge. Gen. AUGER arrived here yesterday with his division from the front.

IMPORTANT FROM KENTUCKY.

Pegram's Forces Defeated by Gen. Gilmore.

LOUISVILLE, Wednesday, April 1.

An official Somerset telegram says Gen. GILMORE'S forces attacked the rebels under PEGRAM, in a strong position, near Somerset, yesterday, fought them five or six hours, and whipped them badly, driving them toward the river. The rebels outnumbered us two to one. Our loss does not exceed 30. The rebel loss is not stated.

NEWS FROM HAVANA.

Movements of Admiral Wilkes—The Blockade Runners.

HAVANA, Monday, March 23.

We have no later news from Mexico.

Dates from Puerto Rico to the 13th inst. contain nothing of interest. All was quiet in St. Domingo, and the rebellion was quashed.

The Captain-General is making a tour of the Island of Cuba. He has visited Matanzas, Bimba, Cardenas and Sagua, and was to leave the latter place for Villa Clara on the 21st.

The steamers *Vanderbilt* and *Sonoma* have entered this port and gone. Admiral WILKES came by the former, leaving the *Wachussett* at St. Thomas. Capt. STEVENS, of the *Sonoma*, will take her home for new boilers and repairs. The flag is to be removed to the *Sonoma*, and until the arrival of the *Juniata* she is to be commanded by Capt. WYMAN.

March 20.—Arrived, Confederate sloop *Atlantic*, 8 days from Mobile, 12 tons burden, with cotton. March 19.—Sailed, Confederate schooner *Clara*, for Matamoras. March 21.—Sailed, Confederate schooner *Ranger*, for Jamaica.

P. S.—The English steamer *Neptune* came in last night, 4 days from St. Thomas, with two passengers; but I can find no news by her. She is 126 tons, and is presumed to be intended to run the blockade. She reports in ballast.

The *Roanoke* arrived this morning. The *Eagle* is expected.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Report of the Committee on the Conduct of the War.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 1.

REPORT OF THE WAR COMMITTEE.

The Committee on the Conduct of the War completed their report to-day. It is very voluminous, and upward of four hours were consumed in reading it. It gives a complete synopsis of the evidence, and is a critical inquiry into the Peninsular campaign under McCLELLAN, the Virginia campaign under POPE, the battle at Antietam, and the repulse at Fredericksburgh. Each of these is separately considered, and the testimony regarding each is grouped by itself. Facts only are presented, without coloring or bias toward or against any of the commanders who are the subjects of the investigation. The report will be put to press to-morrow, and will probably be given to the representatives of the New-York papers on Saturday.

THE SHENANDOAH VALLEY.

A gentleman, who arrived here this evening, from Winchester, says that a perfect reign of terror exists in the surrounding country, caused by guerrilla bands prowling about and committing all conceivable depredations on the property of Unionmen.

ACCIDENT TO THE NEW-YORK EXPRESS TRAIN.

The 7½ New-York Express train broke down this morning at 4 o'clock, while going at full speed, near Perryman. Four cars were thrown off the track; three—the baggage, smoking and express cars—were demolished, and the train delayed ten hours. No lives were lost. A dozen or so were scratched and bruised slightly.

MAPS FOR THE PROVOST-MARSHALS.

In the Department of the Interior maps of each of the States are being prepared for the use of the Provost-Marshals—each showing the limits of the several Congressional Districts in the States.

The President and Secretary of War were in consultation several hours to-day, making appointments of Provost-Marshals. They will probably be announced to-morrow. About one-half of the appointees will be civilians, and the other half officers detailed for the purpose from the army. Congressional recommendations have generally prevailed.

BOOKS AND DOCUMENTS FOR MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

The Secretary of the Interior has declined the execution of the joint resolution of Congress for the distribution of all books and documents possessed by Congress, and published by their order, among the members of the present Congress. The measure is impracticable, as well as illegal. It would give $15,000 worth of books to each member. The author and chief promoter of the measure, a member of the House, has applied for his share, but has not succeeded in obtaining it.

EXAMINING SURGEONS.

The following appointments of Examining Surgeons were made, to-day, by the Commissioner of Pensions:

Dr. JOHN N. HOUGHTON PHILLIPS, Maine.
Dr. CHARLES F. CLARK, Woodbury, N. J.
MANLY EMANUEL, Linwood, Penn.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 1.

THE PASSAGE OF PORT HUDSON.

Dispatches from the Mississippi Squadron embrace reports from the commanders of the several vessels which attempted to pass Port Hudson on the night of the 14th of March, from which it appears that they had reached the last and most formidable batteries, and were congratulating themselves upon having gained the turn in the river, when the *Mississippi* grounded. Fearful that this vessel, under the galling fire of the enemy, would fall into their hands, she was deliberately destroyed by her commander, after the removal of all on board. No private effects were saved. This mishap to the *Mississippi* caused a derangement of the well-contrived programme of Admiral FARRAGUT for the passage of all the vessels of the fleet. The fighting on the part of our men is described as in the highest degree creditable to them, all striving to exhibit superior prowess.

THE NATIONAL BANKING LAW.

The Treasury Department will soon issue a circular, containing full information, to those desirous of organizing companies under the recently enacted Banking and National Currency law. Numerous applications have already been made, some specifying the amount of capital, while others are deficient in this particular.

REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has made the following decision concerning taxes improperly paid:

"Decision No. 67 is hereby revoked, and hereafter all taxes must be collected as returned by the Assessors. Claims for taxes improperly paid under the Excise law must be made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue through the Collectors of the respective districts supported by the affidavits of the claimants and the certificates of the Assessor, under whose direction the taxes were assessed. First the claimant must state in the affidavit the material facts of the case on which he makes his claim. Second, the Assessor and Assistant Assessor must certify the statements made in the affidavit are true so far as each has knowledge of the facts. Third, the Collector must append his certificate that the tax has been paid to him as stated in the affidavit.

When an affidavit is made by an agent, the principal of the Agent must swear that the person making the affidavit is his agent, and that the statements are true according to his best knowledge and belief. When an affidavit is made by a member of a firm or company, he must swear that he is a member of such firm or company. The official character of the officer who administers the oath must be established either by his official seal or by the certificate of the proper authority. When a claim is thus prepared it must be sent to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and, if it is found correct, a draft will be drawn on the Collector who received the tax in favor of the claimant for the amount that may be allowed.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has also decided that weiss-bier, or white-beer, is subject to the same duty as ale and lager-beer, and its manufacturers are subject to all the liabilities of brewers."

POSTAL MAPS.

The Postmaster-General some time ago gave orders for the preparation of a series of postal maps, but the work was not commenced, owing to the illness and subsequent death of HENRY A. BURR, the topographer of the Department, which is much exercised to find a gentleman of proper qualifications, as his successor.

FIRST COMPTROLLER.

First Comptroller of the Treasury ROBERT W. TAYLOR, though confirmed at least a month ago, has not yet entered upon his duties.

CAPTURE OF CONTRABAND GOODS.

The Schooner Jane Morley Seized on the Lower Potomac—A Valuable Cargo on Board.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, April 1.

The schooner *Jane Morley*, formerly *La Fouavril*, of Baltimore, owned by HOKES, BEEL & Co., arrived at the steamboat wharf to-day in tow of a tug, having been sent up from the lower river, where she was captured yesterday. She had been engaged in the contraband traffic, which finds its way between the rebels in Maryland and Virginia, across the Potomac, near the extremity of the Peninsula between the Potomac and the Rappahannock. A party of twenty-five contrabandists were captured on board, including several ex-Washingtonians of notoriety. The contraband goods captured make a very extensive pile on the wharf, and attracts much attention. It embraces a large amount of supplies of quinine, morphine, Confederate uniforms, buttons, infernal machines of novel construction, army blankets, forty cases of boots and shoes, lucifer matches, soap, coffee, and three large mail bags containing small packages and some 1,800 letters to parties in Virginia and North Carolina.

The letters, it is said, are of a character to seriously compromise various parties in this city and in Maryland, and the developments of the underground operations of the rebels, which they disclose, will prove of material service to the Government.

A smoking cap, dressing-gown and pair of slippers, gifts to JEFF. DAVIS from his lady admirers in Washington, were among the articles; also a head-dress, a brilliantly colored balmoral, and half-a-dozen finely embroidered handkerchiefs, gifts to Mrs. DAVIS. The boxes are mostly consigned to the care of TRAIT, SAHL & Co., Richmond, but bear also cypher designations, which with the letters taken will serve to show the real parties concerned in the trade.

THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

FROM THE LEFT WING OF THE ARMY.

The Rebel Army Not Falling Back—Reinforcements Hurrying Forward—Movements of the Rebel Forces—Averill and Lee.

LEFT WING ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
Thursday, March 26, 1863. }

The Washington authorities, who state that the rebel army is falling back from the Rappahannock to the defences of Richmond, have been misinformed. On the contrary, the enemy are hurrying forward reinforcements rapidly, under the impression that a second attack is to be made near Fredericksburgh. This I know to be true. An editorial on the situation, which appears in the Richmond *Examiner* of the 18th, contains the following significant sentence:

"The plan of the enemy, so far as developed, seems to be an engagement with the Confederates on the old ground near Fredericksburgh, while a large army passes the Rappahannock far higher, and keeping the uplands on this side of the stream, come down on LEE'S rear."

All indications go to show that the Richmond editor gives expression, in the above sentence, to the opinion entertained by the rebel commanders. They have, it is true, withdrawn their forces from directly around Fredericksburgh, but merely to move them up stream, in order to be prepared for such a movement on our part as is here contemplated. A strong force has been posted near United States Ford, consisting of infantry, cavalry and artillery. Another formidable force has also been located at Raccoon's Ford, on the Rappahannock. ANDERSON and WILCOX'S divisions have been moved up, and now lie opposite Banks' and United States Fords.

Gen. FITZHUGH LEE has been stationed near Culpepper with 2,000 picked cavalry, ready to move at a moment's notice. The statement which appeared in one of your cotemporaries, to the effect that this wily rebel wrote a defiant letter to his old class-mate, inviting him to cross the river and engage in a cavalry fight, is untrue. He did, however, write a letter to Gen. AVERILL, who was in the class ahead of him at West Point, and a warm friend prior to the war. Instead of being of a menacing character, however, it reads somewhat as follows:

"Stop your shooting. Go home and take your soldiers out of my State. Send me some coffee, or else take your ships out of our ports, so that we can keep up the supply."

Gen. AVERILL wrote a reply, but was unable to deliver it. During the progress of the fight he saw Gen. LEE distinctly.

Maj. CHAMBERLAIN, who was at first supposed to be fatally wounded, is still alive, and will, his physicians think, recover. He has been delirious a portion of the time. Gen. HOOKER has, in person, complimented Col. DUFFIE and Lieut. BROWN (who led a charge) for the gallantry displayed by them in the engagement.

J.

The Rebels Jubilant—The News of Gen. Sumner's Death—An Attack upon Our Pickets.

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
Wednesday Evening, March 25, 1863. }

The rebels were yesterday participating in a "glorification" of some description. The forces posted about six miles below Fredericksburgh kept up a continuous beating of drums, cheering, &c., from morning till night, which I could distinctly hear on this side of the river. Between 3 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon several discharges of artillery took place, leading many of our officers to infer that a skirmish was taking place. I am at a loss to divine the occasion of this demonstration, unless it be the reception of favorable news from the South or West. The enemy certainly could not have been commemorating the severe drubbing which Stonewall JACKSON received at Winchester last year.

The news of the death of Gen. SUMNER created a profound sensation through the army. General Orders were issued by corps and division commanders, meetings held, and other demonstrations of regard for the departed chief.

The enemy attacked our line of pickets near Banks' Ford last night, but occasioned no damage. A force sent out to hunt up the attacking party was unable to find it.

The weather has been extremely mild and balmy to-day, and the roads are rapidly drying up.

J.

Extract of a Private Letter, dated

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Saturday, March 28, 1863.

Yesterday was a gala day in the Army of the Potomac, and especially to those who had the opportunity of witnessing the out-door amusements in Gen. BIRNEY'S division. The announcement that a fair young lady had entered the lists against three or four Generals of acknowledged skill in horsemanship, doubtless, did much toward attracting thither the numerous assemblage of bright uniforms, together with a sprinkling of ladies, who have, through the kindness of Gen. HOOKER, been permitted to visit for a few days their army friends in the field. The day was all that the most fastidious could desire. As early as 11 in the morning you could see, wending their way to the race-track, a large concourse of pedestrians and mounted officers, all evidently feeling the influence of the bracing atmosphere, which the rain of the previous day had strengthened and purified. At 1 o'clock the sports commenced, consisting of racing and trotting, hurdle-races, leaping ditches and other feats. The race between the fair equestrian and the Generals, however, did not come off, owing, as I understand, to an accident which happened to a near relative of the lady while leaping one of the hurdles. The day wound up with a collation at Gen. BIRNEY'S headquarters, in which only a limited number (of necessity) participated.

These manly field sports, so successfully inaugurated on St. Patrick's Day, by Gen. T. F. MEAGHER, of the Irish Brigade, are vastly popular, as they should be, for nothing more tends to develop the physique, or excite emulation in a venturous way, than amusements of this nature.

On our way to the race-ground, we encountered the division of Maj.-Gen. SYKES, out for review and inspection. This division is composed of one brigade of volunteers, Col. PATRICK H. O'ROURKE commanding, and two brigades of regulars, commanded respectively by Maj. R. S. SMITH and Maj. DE LANCY FLOYD JONES, of the Eleventh Infantry, the latter having just returned to his command, after an investigation of complaints made by some of his juniors, and meeting with a most cordial welcome back. SYKES' division looked well, and will evidently give a good account of itself in the coming struggle. The Fifth New-York Volunteers elicited the admiration of all, and, with due deference to the regulars, it must be admitted that this regiment has a military standing not exceeded in the army. Its present commander is evidently following the excellent example and instruction of its former Colonel, (now Brigadier-General,) WARREN.

VERITAS.

IMPORTANT FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

List of Casualties in the Late Fight at Williamsburgh.

A Large Rebel Force Said to be Threatening Our Position on the York River.

THE LATEST REBEL NEWS.

FORTRESS MONROE, Tuesday, March 31.

The following are the casualties of the fight at Williamsburgh last Sunday:

KILLED—Privates Jacob Wavel and Edward Steine.

WOUNDED—Lieut. John P. Wensell, privates H. V. Swiss, Adam McCrook, Joseph Wilson and Edward Taylor.

MISSING—Corporals Joseph Allen and Frrderick Lander; privates William Allinson, Andrew Arnold, G. N. Browne, Owen Kilkirk, James Mulgrew, Wm. Scott, Frederick Curry and Patrick Sullivan.

We learn from Yorktown, to-day, that the rebel forces (20,000 strong it is stated) are in front of Williamsburgh threatening an attack, which is expected at any hour.

The United States gunboat *Maheska* sailed from Yorktown last Tuesday to join the blockading squadron in the Gulf of Mexico.

Gen. KEYES arrived at Fortress Monroe this morning from Washington, and on learning of the state of affairs at Williamsburgh, left immediately for his command (at Yorktown) on the steamboat *C. W. Thomas*, which was placed at his special command.

Col. LUDLOW arrived from City Point to-day, and reports that the *State of Maine* will be down to-night, with a load of exchanged political, citizen and war prisoners.

A British frigate arrived in Hampton Roads this afternoon, and, after anchoring abreast of the fortress, fired a salute.

THE LATBST REBEL NEWS.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of March 30, has the following:

"Gen. VAN DORN reports that Gen. FORREST made a successful visit to Brentwood, with his division. He burnt the bridge, took all the property and arms and captured 800 prisoners, including 35 officers. He lost 3 killed and 35 wounded. (Signed,)

TULLAHOMA, March 27. BRAXTON BRAGG.
To. Gen. S. COOPER."

FROM VICKSBURG.

MOBILE, Friday, March 27.

A dispatch from Vicksburgh says, at 5 o'clock this morning four boats were seen advancing toward the upper batteries; a vigorous fire was opened upon them, driving back two, when the other two passed under a raking fire, almost every shot taking effect. One received a shot in her steam-chest, compelling her crew to desert her, and in 15 minutes she filled and sunk. Part of her crew escaped to the opposite shore. The boat that escaped is supposed to be the *Benton*, badly disabled. One shot penetrated her steam drum, disabling her so badly that the *Albatross* towed her off out of danger from our gunboats."

THE RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

Complete Triumph of the Republican Union Candidates.

PROVIDENCE, Wednesday, April 1.

The triumph of the Republican Union candidates is complete. Mr. SMITH is elected Governor, and Messrs. JENKS and DIXON members of Congress by handsome majorities. The supporters have a large majority in both Houses of the Legislature.

SECOND DISPATH.

PROVIDENCE, Wednesday, April 1.

The Republican Unionists have carried every county in the State and every town in the Eastern Congressional District except Newport. JAMES Y. SMITH is elected Governor by about twenty-eight hundred majority. THOMAS A. JENCKS is elected to Congress from the Eastern District by about 1,900 majority. NATHAN F. DIXON is elected from the Western District by about 900. The Legislature stands on joint ballot: For the supporters of Mr. SMITH, 76; for his opponents, 26; vacancies, 6.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Sudden and Mysterious Death of a Woman in Jersey City.

Supposed Poisoning Case—The Stomach and Brains Missing—Arrest of a Wealthy New-York Merchant—Coroner's Investigation.

On Sunday last District-Attorney ISAAC W. SCUDDER, of Jersey City, received an anonymous letter informing him that a Mrs. SUSAN THOMAS, wife of JOHN JACOB THOMAS, a reputed wealthy dealer in silks and ribbons, doing business in New-York and residing at the country residence of Mr. JAMES GREGORY, and formerly owned by DANIEL WEBSTER, situated on Weehawken Hill, had died suddenly, and under circumstances which led to the suspicion that there had been foul play.

The case was given into the hands of officers to investigate, with instructions not to allow the matter to become known. The officers have labored assiduously since Sunday night last, and from them and other sources we gather the following facts:

On Friday, the 21st inst., the deceased Mrs. THOMAS went to New-York, returning again toward night, in apparent good health. Upon retiring to bed, a little before 11 o'clock, she was seized with violent spasms. Mr. THOMAS went to the gate-house, occupied by his gardener and family, and directed the gardener, DENNIS MURPHY, and wife, to go up to his house, and their son to hurry for a doctor. When the gardener and wife went into the house, they found Mrs. THOMAS in a violent spasm; upon coming out of it, she appeared perfectly rational, and expressed a desire to live that she might rear up her family; she also made the remark that she had not taken any poison; she complained of cramps under the knees. The doctor arrived and prescribed morphine, but without effect; and he afterward bled the patient, when she became easier, and toward morning, the gardener and wife were sent home, as the patient was considered out of danger, and the physician also soon after took his departure. About 5½ A. M., the gardener and wife were again aroused by Mr. THOMAS to go to the house, and the son was dispatched for the physician. Upon going into the room, MURPHY discovered that Mrs. THOMAS was dead. On Sunday morning, Mr. THOMAS engaged Dr. RHEIN, of North Hoboken, and Drs. RITTER and CUDLICK, of Hoboken, to make a *post-mortem* examination, which they did, concluding it at about 1 P. M. It was understood that the funeral was to take place on Monday, but Mr. THOMAS suggested to Dr. RHEIN that the corpse should be interred that afternoon, and the latter coincided, alleging that the corpse began to emit an unpleasant odor. A messenger was sent to Jersey City for carriages and hearse, and, in the meantime, a hearse and carriages returning from the cemetery to Hoboken were engaged for the purpose, and the ones from Jersey City were turned back. The deceased, accompanied by a few friends, was conveyed, about 5 P. M., to the New-Durham Cemetery, and interred, without any Minister being present, or any funeral services taking place.

On Monday night, by order of Coroner FARREL, the body was exhumed, and secretly conveyed to the police station in Jersey City. On Tuesday Dr. VARICK made a *post-mortem* examination, when he discovered that the stomach and brains were missing, but no facts further than that have yet been divulged.

The remains of deceased looked remarkably fresh and but little discoloration of the skin was observed, and effluvia arising from it was scarcely perceptible in a ventilated room.

On Tuesday evening, Mr. THOMAS, who was not aware of the proceedings that had taken place, was arrested at the Hoboken ferry while on his way home, and is now lodged in the City Prison at Jersey City to await the result of an investigation.

Yesterday, it was stated that the stomach of deceased which was left out with the intention at first to have its contents analysed, had been thrown into the sink of the outhouse, as the physicians decided that the cause of death was congestion of the brain, and the remains at that time had been sewed up. The inquest was commenced yesterday.

TESTIMONY.

District-Attorney J. W. SCUDDER, Esq., appeared for the people, and R. GILCHRIST, Jr., was retained as counsel on the part of Mr. THOMAS.

Dr. Augustus Wm. Rettler sworn, and testified through an interpreter, John H. Hopkins: I reside in Hoboken, and am a physician; knew Mrs. Thomas of Union Hill; attended Mrs. Thomas six weeks ago; did not attend her on the 21st of March; attended her *post-mortem* on Sunday, the 22d of March; there was present Dr. Cudlick and Dr. Rhein, Mr. Hendrick; a relation of Mr. Thomas requested me to attend; this was on Sunday morning; the two physicians, Mr. Heberlin and myself were present; I made an inspection of the body for dissection; the body was fat and very good; they then opened the body; first examined the breast; then the head; the stomach was opened a little way down; and appeared to be in a good state; they told Mr. Thomas it would be well to preserve it in case any further examination was necessary; did not know what became of the stomach; left the stomach on the table; we left the stomach with Mr. Heberlin, explaining that they wished to have it examined; does not know what Mr. Heberlin did with it; Mr. Heberlin thought that as the stomach appeared perfectly natural, it would be needless to cause excitement in the community by further investigation; the brain was removed, and put back again in the skull; the skull was in a morbid condition; the brain was of different colors, and in the cavity there was from three to four ounces of thin fluid blood; there was an abnormal fullness in the veins; in the left ventricle of the brain there was an injection of blood; a part of the brain was in a healthy condition; the substance of the spine was very white, and in a normal condition; except the extravasation of blood, the brain was in excellent condition; the condition of the brain was sufficient to cause death, but not sudden death; the lungs were in the best condition, but the heart was involved with fat—not hard, very thin, but no blood in the vessels of the heart; in the last sickness, six or eight weeks ago, I made an examination, and found a sickly noise or murmur in the heart; the heart was weak; the heart was put back again in its place; the heart itself was not normal; my opinion is, that the disease of the heart was old, and the origin of all other maladies; the abdomen had a healthy appearance; the kidneys were discolored and unhealthy; think the diseases named were the cause of death; did not write a certificate; we concluded the *post-mortem* between one and two o'clock in the afternoon; saw deceased about two weeks before that; Dr. Rhein attended deceased during her last illness.

Dennis Murphy sworn.—I reside at the top of the hill; have been employed as gardener with Mr. Thomas since last August; resided in the gate-house; Mrs. Thomas died last Saturday week, about four o'clock in the morning; but eleven o'clock the night before, Mr. Thomas came down and told my son to go for the doctor, and myself and wife to come up to the house, found her in a fit; when she came to, she said: "Dennis, this is too bad; I have taken no poison; I have been to New-York to-day; I hope God Almighty will not take me away now;" she screamed, and said that she had cramps in her knees; my wife rubbed her knees with brandy; I went out of the room, and did not go in again; the doctor came and Mr. Thomas came too with a prescription, and told me to hurry as soon as I possibly could; I went down to bed, and after awhile one of the servants came down and told me to come up; I went up, and found Mrs. Thomas dead; went out of the room, and met Mr. Thomas; he asked me if I was going for the doctor; told him there was no occasion, that she was dead; Mr. Thomas burst out crying, and appeared in great agony; she was buried on Sunday, at about five P. M.; she was not to be buried until Monday; but understood the doctors ordered her buried that night; a few of his relatives and his clerks were at the funeral; there was no clergyman there; deceased complained of cramps under the knees; the fits were very severe; one of them lasted while I was there ten or twelve minutes; I was to go for another doctor in the morning.

The District-Attorney here was compelled to leave, and the investigation was continued by the foreman, Alderman GAFNEY:

Never heard that deceased had any spasms during her eight weeks' sickness previously; deceased was about forty years of age, and Mr. Thomas was about the same age; they had four children; think Mr. Thomas' first name is Jacob; have heard there was bad feeling in the family; one of the servants told me that Mr. and Mrs. Thomas had a great deal of trouble about the servants; there is a German governess in the house; understood that Mrs. Thomas would not take a drink of anything that night except from the governess; Mrs. Thomas was perfectly able to walk to Hoboken, and was a hearty, strong woman.

Shortly after 2 P. M. the inquest was adjourned for an hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mary Murphy, sworn—I reside in the gate-house at Mr. Thomas' house since August last; was with Mrs. Thomas the night she died; there was nothing the matter with her on Friday; that morning she went away; Mr. Thomas called on my husband and myself to come up; my boy was to go for the doctor; found Mrs. Thomas in her bed; she seemed to have convulsions or fits; she had them at intervals all night, and was quite sensible between them; after Dr. Ryan came and administered medicine, she was easier; the doctor said she was better, and told me to go home and have some sleep, that the danger was over; Dr. Ryan came between 12 and 1; he gave deceased some medicine out of a bottle; I saw no effect except that the fits were not so hard; he bled her once, and then opened the wound again; was not in the habit of going to her house; never knew any trouble between Mr. and Mrs. Thomas; that night she prayed that she might be saved to rear up her children, and remarked that she had not taken any poison; that it was strange that she should make this remark; the doctor left at half-past five, and she was then alive; when I went up, soon after, she was dead; Dr. Ryan came again; he told me that he did not think her dangerous; have heard that Mr. and Mrs. Thomas had words twice since Christmas; heard that there was a jealous feeling existing between them; deceased had about five convulsions while I was there; Mr. Thomas was outside the room, apparently in great trouble; the governess and I suppose Mr. Thomas was present when she died; the grave-digger came there about eleven o'clock on Sunday night, and wanted to see Mr. Thomas; I would not let him, and he came next morning and said that the authorities wanted to exhume the body; I then let him in the gate; there was no minister at the funeral; I was told deceased would be buried on Monday, and then heard that she was to be buried Sunday; the body looked very good; they employed a hearse and carriages returning from a funeral, and the ones engaged at Jersey City were turned back; noticed that the toes were cramped; did not take notice of her instep, deceased talked mostly in German.

Dr. Lewis Rein, sworn: I reside at North Hoboken, and am a physician; I have no diploma, but have certificates from professors abroad; I am Mr. Thomas' family physician; attended deceased about Christmas; was in the house the week before deceased died; she was not complaining then; was called on Friday night a week ago; arrived there about half-past eleven o'clock; she was laying in bed, and complained of pain in her feet; her head was hot, and when she was touched it produced a slight kind of convulsions; gave her a dose of morphine, but it had no effect, and still remained very sensitive to the touch; after about half an hour she had very strong convulsions; then considered her dangerous and bled her; for about an hour she was quite easy, and then got sensitive to the touch; I was down stairs about half an hour, when she had another fit of convulsions; then took about two ounces of blood from the same opening, and she became easier; an hour or so later I thought the convulsions were over, and I went home about half-past five o'clock; left Miss Stock (the governess) there when I went away; I was called again, the man saying she was dying; when I arrived she was dead; a *post-mortem* examination was made by request of Mr. Thomas; he called in the other two doctors; when the skull was opened a great deal of blood run out; the veins were very large and full; I was of opinion that death ensued by the blood running in too great quantity to the brain, thereby paralyzing it; we found the stomach very large, but nearly empty; it was not red or inflamed; the stomach was not opened; we had the intention to send the stomach to a chem

The Conscription Law.

A LETTER FROM SENATOR WILSON TO FERNANDO WOOD, IN DEFENCE OF THE CONSCRIPTION LAW.

NATICK, Monday, March 30, 1863.

Hon. Fernando Wood:

SIR: You are everywhere recognised as the brain, the heart, the soul, the philosopher and guide of the Mozart Hall Democratic faction of the City of New-York. Your restless brain inspires its utterances; your plastic hand molds and fashions its action. Surely, then, it is fit that you should be held responsible for the utterances and the acts of your liege clansmen who are wont to assemble in Mozart Hall and do your bidding.

Inspired by your councils, Mozart Hall pronounces against the "Act for enrolling and calling out the National forces," to preserve the unity of the Republic and the life of the nation. Mozart Hall, illumined by your presence, proclaims that this act for the preservation of our peril d country "makes an infamous distinction between the rich and the poor!" Sir, this accusation is false, wickedly, wantonly and infamously false—a foul, shameless and damnable libel upon the law and its framers. The oft-repeated avowals of red-handed traitors, whose souls are stained with the blood of our murdered countrymen, that this accursed rebellion now upon us was forced upon them by the aggressions of the liberty-loving, law-abiding, God-fearing people of the loyal States, are not more shamelessly, wantonly and wickedly false than is this declaration of Mozart Hall, that the conscription act makes distinctions in favor of the rich, and against the poor.

Pray, Sir, do not misunderstand me. Of course I cannot mean to accuse Mozart Hall of intentional falsehood. Oh, no! Surely no one would suspect Mozart Hall of intentional falsehood or misrepresentation! Its considerate moderation, its lively sense of justice, its admitted patriotism, its stainless purity of character, will rescue Mozart Hall from the suspicion of intentional misrepresentation or falsehood!

Of course, Sir, this shameless accusation against the provisions of the Conscription Act was inspired by ignorance—not by falsehood. This exhibition of sheer ignorance concerning the provisions of this proscribed law of the nation will, perhaps, be excused and pardoned in view of the manifestations of that intense, passionate, outspoken loyalty Mozart Hall is wont to put forth in behalf of the Government. It is, nevertheless, not an agreeable spectacle to see you, Sir, and your Mozart Hall patriots, whose exquisite regard for human rights is only equaled by that deep concern for the country which impels you to delve into the mysteries of negotiations with the Richmond traitors, groping along in utter ignorance of the provisions of a law framed expressly to more effectually defend the endangered nation, lighten the burden of the Treasury and the people, equalize the duties, and relieve, as far as possible, the toiling, dependent poor from the hard, if not harsh, provisions of existing militia laws.

But, Sir, it matters not whether this accusation of Mozart Hall against the Conscription Act was born of ignorance or of falsehood. It is equally fallacious, deceptive, mischievous. It is an accusation flung before the people by the reckless hand of malignant demagogism, to poison the heart and mislead the reason. Surely the heart, conscience and reason of a loyal people will mark and brand the brain that conceived, the hand that penned and the tongue that proclaimed this foul, wicked and shameless calumny against an Act which bears the amplest evidence in every line, that its framers intended its burdens should fall as light as possible on the toiling masses.

Sir, this "Act for enrolling and calling out the national forces" was framed to be more efficient for war purposes than were the existing militia laws, less burdensome upon the Treasury and the people than were the existing laws, and more humane to the poor who have the aged and infirm and the helpless dependent upon their labor for support, than were the existing statutes. These objects, sanctioned by patriotism, economy, justice and humanity, were ever kept steadily in view, and they have been attained as nearly as the unequal lot of humanity will permit, in this law, so fiercely denounced by the Mozart Hall Democracy, at your bidding. Yes, this law, enthusiastically welcomed by the armies of the Republic, referred to by other nations as the highest evidence of the determined purposes of the American Government, dreaded by the armed traitors, and denounced by rebel sympathizers, bears in every section and in every line, evidence of the patriotism, justice and humanity of the Thirty-seventh Congress. Its just and humane provisions perpetually give the lie to the accusation of Mozart Hall, that it makes an infamous distinction between the rich and the poor.

Contrast, Sir, the provisions of this denounced act with the provisions of the existing militia laws of the United States, and of your own State of New-York. By the provisions of existing militia laws the President is authorized to call into the service of the United States the militia of the States. By the laws of the United States, and by the laws of New-York, certain classes of persons are excepted and exempted from military duty, from being drafted into the service of the United States. Are these exempts the poor, who have widowed mothers, aged and infirm parents, motherless infant children, or fatherless and motherless young brothers and sisters dependent on their labor for support? No, not these. Neither the laws of the nation nor the laws of New-York exempt the poor who have the aged, the infirm, the helpless, dependent upon them. At the call of the Government they must leave widowed mothers, aged and infirm parents, fatherless and motherless sisters and brothers, and motherless infant children, all dependent on their daily toil for support, and lie away to the camp and battle field.

Who, then, are exempted by the Militia laws of the United States, or of the State of New-York? The exempts are not the poor, the dependent sons of toil, but the most fortunate and favored of the people—the members of Congress, the custom-house officers and clerks, the postmasters and clerks, professors and students of colleges and ministers of the Gospel, the judicial officers and other officials.

This "act for enrolling and calling out the national forces," denounced by your Mozart Hall followers for making distinctions between the rich and the poor, exempts and exempts not members of Congress, not custom-house officers, not postmasters, not Government clerks, not the State judiciaries, not ministers of the Gospel and professors and students in colleges—no! not these fortunate and favored classes of men, for it enrolls them and requires them either to fight, furnish substitutes, or pay for substitutes. Who, then, does this law, so flippantly denounced by Mozart Hall Democracy, except and exempt?

This law, branded by you, Sir, and your clansmen, exempts and exempts, first, the Vice-President of the United States, the Judges of the various Courts of the United States, the heads of the various executive departments of the Government, and the Governors of the several States; second, the only son liable to military duty of a widow dependent upon his labor for support; third, the only son of aged or infirm parent or parents dependent on his labor for support; fourth, where there are two or more sons of aged or infirm parents subject to draft, the father, or, if he be dead, the mother, may elect which son shall be exempt; fifth, the only brother of children not 12 years old, having neither father nor mother, dependent upon his labor for support; sixth, the father of motherless children under 12 years of age, dependent upon his labor for support; seventh, where there are a father and sons in the same family and household, and two of them are in the military service of the United States as non-commissioned officers, musicians or privates, the residue of such family or household, not exceeding two, shall be exempt; eighth, young men between the ages of 18 and 20 are exempt, for the reason that experience proves that soldiers under 20 years of age cannot sustain the burdens of camp life so well as men between the ages of 20 and 35.

These, Sir, are the exemptions of the Conscription act, (so called,) in favor of the poor, upon whose daily toil the aged, the infirm and the helpless rely. Is it making "infamous distinctions between the rich and the poor" to exempt the only sons of poor widows, and to compel members of Congress to fight, procure substitutes or pay for substitutes? Is it "making infamous distinctions between the rich and the poor" to exempt the only sons of aged or infirm parents dependent on them for bread, and compel custom-house officers to fight, "procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes? Is it "making infamous distinctions between the rich and the poor" to exempt the only brothers of fatherless and motherless little brothers and sisters dependent upon their daily toil for support, and compel postmasters and Government clerks to fight, procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes? Is it "making infamous distinctions between the rich and the poor" to exempt the fathers of motherless infant children, dependent upon their daily toil for sustenance, and to compel State judges, justices of the peace, clergymen and college professors to fight, procure substitutes, or pay for substitutes? This law which thus discriminates in favor of the poor is denounced and accursed by Mozart Hall. Shame on Mozart Hall! Shame on the men who misrepresent the beneficent provisions of an act passed to uphold the cause of our imperiled country!

The 13th section of this Conscription act provides that any person drafted and notified to appear as aforesaid may, on or before the day fixed for his appearance, furnish an acceptable substitute to take his place in the draft; or he may pay to such person as the Secretary of War may authorize to receive it, such sum, not exceeding three hundred dollars, as the Secretary may determine, for the procuration of such substitute, which sum shall be fixed at a uniform rate by a general order made at the time of ordering a draft for any State or Territory. Any person may furnish an acceptable substitute to take his place in the draft at any price for which he can procure one. Every drafted man is at liberty to furnish a substitute at such rate as he may agree to pay the substitute; or any drafted man may pay such sum, not exceeding three hundred dollars, as the Secretary of War may determine, to procure a substitute.

The sum determined upon by the Secretary cannot exceed three hundred dollars; it may be ten, fifty, one hundred, two hundred dollars, or any sum within the limits of three hundred dollars. This provision of allowing a sum not to exceed three hundred dollars to be paid to the Government to procure substitutes, was put into the law for the sole and single purpose of keeping down the price of substitutes, so that men of very moderate means, and poor men, could more readily obtain substitutes. This provision enables the Secretary to fix the sum which will be the price of substitutes. Without this provision, it was believed that the price for substitutes would go up at once to one thousand or two thousand dollars, so that none but rich men could obtain them. If any drafted man can obtain a substitute for a sum less than that determined by the Secretary, he is at liberty to do so. This authority conferred upon the Secretary to fix a sum from one dollar to three hundred dollars, was purposely given to check speculations, to keep down the price of substitutes, and it must inevitably do so. Thus partisan insanity, in its blindness and madness, perverts a measure framed solely in the interests of drafted men of moderate means and of drafted poor men, into a distinction in favor of the rich and against the poor. Surely, Sir, the folly, and madness, and wickedness of even Mozart Hall partisans cannot further go.

Sir, this act for enrolling and calling out the national forces gives assurance to the world that it is the unalterable purpose of the nation to crush out this wicked rebellion. Your denunciations of its provisions can only fire the hearts and nerve the arms of traitors, thus putting in peril the holy cause of our country, and the precious blood of its heroic defenders. Your denunciations of this benevolent act of national defence, by reviving the waning hopes of the rebellion, may force upon the Government the necessity of putting into execution the draft provided for by this act. That draft cannot be averted, except by promptly weaponing the willing hands of the loyal men in the rebel States, and by immediately yielding a united and enthusiastic support to the Government, thus speedily and thoroughly crushing the hopes and effectually baffling the efforts of the rebels.

HENRY WILSON.

NEW-ENGLAND.

Henry Ward Beecher on What Shall be Done with Her.

RECEPTION OF MAJOR-GENERAL FREMONT.

On Tuesday night, before the Young Men of Brooklyn, Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER delivered an address at the Academy of Music on New-England. Despite the discomfort of the day, the slush upon the pavement and the prospect of more rain, the spacious auditorium was packed with people desirous of hearing the celebrated orator, divine and statesman upon one of the most interesting topics of the day. At 8 o'clock precisely the Committee escorted the speaker upon the stage, followed by

MAJOR-GEN. FREMONT

and several members of his Staff. The entrance of the General was the signal for tumultuous and enthusiastic applause. Cheer after cheer rang through the house, and for several moments it was impossible for the regular proceedings of the night to go on. Gen. FREMONT courteously acknowledged the friendly recognition of his presence and took his seat by the side of Mr. BEECHER, supported by Col. ZAGONYI, of Springfield fame, Major HASKELL, Capt. HOWARD, Capt. RAYMOND and Capt. NICHOLS.

Quiet having been restored, and many of the most prominent clerical and lay citizens of Brooklyn having taken their assigned places upon the stage,

GEN. H. B. DURYEA advanced to the front and in graceful terms introduced Gen. FREMONT. The General arose and was greeted with nine as hearty cheers as ever sprang from the lips of men, which he reciprocated by a pleasant smile and a courteous bow.

Gen. DURYEA then stated that Gen. WOOL, [applause] who had promised to be present on the occasion, had been detained by official duty, but was represented by his staff. He then introduced Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, who was received with enthusiasm, and spoke substantially as follows; his address being, as will be observed, materially different from that which, on the same topic, he delivered some two months since in Albany and Boston:

ADDRESS OF HENRY WARD-BEECHER.

Mr. BEECHER commenced by saying that, between the River St. Lawrence and the Atlantic ocean is a small tract of land of a few hundred miles, which seems to have been made up out of what was left after the rest of this Continent was made. [Laughter.] Its ribs stand out past all covering. It has sand enough to scour all creation. [Laughter.] It has not many large rivers, but many small ones, which seem to have contented themselves with leaping over ledges of rock since the flood. Its principal products were, at first, Indians, ice and trees, and its principal wild fruits were Indians and whortleberries. [Laughter.] About the time of its discovery a plague had swept from it the Indian inhabitants. The clime and the soil proved too tough for Indians or traders. It was bounded on the north by perpetual cold, on the east by perpetual fog, on the south by perpetual water, and the west was the only opening left for the people to run away, if they wanted to. [Laughter.] It was apparently on purpose to settle such a country that a race was raised up. The animal that was created to live on the soil of New-England was a Puritan. The animal was not to be found described in natural history, but he was described in political speeches and newspapers; and if we could not believe in political speeches and newspapers what could we believe? [Laughter.] They say that the Puritan is tough, gaunt and sour, and that his eyes are continually rolling up, and that whenever his eyes are let down it is to find fault or mischief, as the case may be. [Laughter.] He was described as a sort of moral tinker, always finding fault with everything, and generally making up the deficiences he sees in Providence and Nature. He is regarded as the cause of more radicalism, discussion and excitement than all the rest of creation. We are told that the climate of New-England is growing milder, so that even the Winters can't stand the eternal brawling of the Puritans. [Laughter and applause.] As long as the contest was between him and nature men were content. He was regarded as one of the pests of the Continent—worse than the Hessian fly—worse than the Canada thistle, with its million seeds, and every seed sure [laughter] growing ten times faster when cut up than when let alone. [Laughter.] Among all the annoyances of this Continent there had been none worse than the prying, dissatisfied, meddling, irritating creature found in New-England. [Laughter and applause.] No creature was ever born that had such rare features for making people uncomfortable. He was continually inventing some new way for harrowing, sowing, plowing or raking. His patterns for new stoves would reach half round the world. [Laughter.] It is not wonderful that the grit of the Yankee offends the pulp of the other. Yankee Doodle is the worst slaveholders. A man is wicked in proportion as he is apostate. He could understand how the Southerners could believe in Slavery, but a New-Englander who would go South to participate in Slavery was an apostate of the worst kind. [Applause.] A man was bad in proportion to the distance he had to travel to get bad. So God has placed woman so high that when she does fall she is badly bruised, but man stands so near the ground that it does not seem to hurt him much if he does fall. [Laughter and applause.] True, they boast; but where is the country that is worth anything that does not boast? It is not because New-England boasts more, but, because she boasts better. New-England is not territory, she is moral power. She is where her sons are. It is the doctrines of New-England, and the moral power she has put into them, that makes her feared and respected. Her political doctrine is the natural rights of man; that liberty is the boon of God; that no man can have it taken from him, except as a forfeiture for crime. None can take it but the Lord God. From the earliest days the New-England theology had been associated with the welfare of the people. That man would be a brave one who could sew up the mouth of New-England. The world over revolution resulted from stopping discussion. The attempt would be similar to that of stopping the measles by driving them in instead of letting them out. [Laughter.] How are you going to turn New-England out of the Union? One-third of the population of the continent came from New-England. They are woven in. What is the garment worth if you take out all the threads? [Laughter.] Oh, you would have to stop the colleges, abrogate the laws, and burn the books. What would be the use of turning New-England out, if her influences was left? It would be like kicking his cradle after he was forty years of age. [Laughter.] It would not hurt Catholicism if Rome were sacked to-morrow. If you were to turn out New-England there would be leaven enough left to make a new New-England in every State. [Applause.] She will agree to keep the peace if this nation of the South will abolish Slavery. [Applause.] And, unless the South will do it, there could be no peace on this Continent. [Applause.] Her work is not yet done. She knows the liberties that she planted—she means to defend them. She stood by the beginning—she shall not depart from the end. And as Christ waited three days after he heard that Lazarus was sick, and came to find the beloved dead in the tomb, she can cause the stone to be removed and call liberty forth, though in grave-clothes, and pointing to the Continent shall say: "Loose her and let her go."

At the close of the address of Mr. BEECHER, tremendous calls were made for Gen. FREMONT, who, in compliance with the general desire, came forward and spoke as follows:

SPEECH OF GEN. FREMONT.

MY FRIENDS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I thank you very cordially for your friendly recognition, but while the echoes of the eloquent voice which have been falling upon our ears are still vibrating through this hall, you will, I am sure, indulge me in my unwillingness to disturb the impression it has left upon our minds. You will permit me to confine myself briefly to the expression of my thanks and pleasure I enjoy in finding myself among so many of the old friends with whom, only a few years ago, I was associated. [Applause.] The many great events that have been crowded upon us since then, make that time seem almost as remote as those mountains from which one of your old organizations takes its name. [Applause.] You aided then in the first organization in opposition to the introduction of those ideas upon which the South has preserved in the end...

upon which our Government was established. The estimation in which the South held New-England people and New-England ideas, is sufficiently shown in the way in which they met them in the first great battle of this war. I congratulate you upon the successful progress of your work. The stream upon the head waters of which you then embarked, has brought you to where we are now, within hearing of the roaring and surging of the ocean. I congratulate you upon the glorious faith with which you have stood by your guns and your ship, and I see in it an earnest of that complete and final victory which will certainly be yours. [Applause.] But I will not go further into this growing theme. I will only make you my thanks, and beg you not to measure the strength or warmth of my regards by the necessary brevity of the manner in which I have given expression to them. [Applause.]

The General then retired, followed by most enthusiastic demonstrations of applause, after which the band gave some "Freedom Music."

Gen. DURYEA and one or two others made brief paragraphic speeches while the vast audience slowly left the building.

Relief of the Irish Sufferers.

MEETING AT THE ACADEMY—SPARRING MATCH, ETC.

The Knights of St. Patrick have definitely fixed upon Tuesday night next for the great Irish Relief Meeting at the New-York Academy. The preparations for the night are of the most extended and varied nature. Prominent speakers will address the audience, and good music will enliven the exercises.

Under the auspices of Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY a grand sparring match will be given at Hoym's Theatre, in the Bowery, on Thursday, April 16, on which occasion the following well known Professors of fistiana will appear, gratuitously, for the benefit of the poor of Erin: Messrs. John Morrissey, Charley Ottignon, Wm. Hastings, Michal Norton, P. Clare, Australian Kelly, Wm. Clarke, and the two champions, John McCool and Joe Coburn, who are matched in $2,500 a side for a trial of skill and strength in the coming match.

On a similar occasion, for the benefit of a bereaved family, Mr. MORRISSEY raised $1,600, and it is expected he will do even better than that for this deserved charity.

New Sugar Evaporator.

An invention, most valuable and interesting to all sugar, syrup and molasses manufacturers in the world, has been perfected by one of our townsmen, Mr. DENNIS HARRIS, an old and experienced sugar refiner, who relieves us from the charge of advancing private interests in this announcement by placing it within the reach of every brother manufacturer, great or small, rival or otherwise, without any considerable profit or personal pecuniary gain.

The two great modern improvements in the art of sugar-refining consist, first, in the use of the vacuum pan, by means of which the concentration of syrup is effected at a low temperature, and second, in the employment of boneblack filters for the removal of color. It is the peculiarity of this new machinery that it evaporates rapidly and at a lower temperature than the vacuum pan, viz., 145 degrees Farenheit, and that it accomplishes this important object much more simply and economically than any other in use. By an ingenious combination of revolving disks with blowers, and the use of steam at a moderate pressure, evaporation is effected without change of color or chemical deterioration, such as are inseparable from the use of any other machinery, however costly.

The value of these pans is no longer an experiment, as is evinced by their successful use for many months past in the establishment of the inventor. They are, moreover, so simple in their construction and management, and so much cheaper than the vacuum pan, both in original cost and in consumption of fuel, that they are admirably adapted to the manufacture of our new Western staples, the sorghum and beet.

We have before us samples of sugar made by Mr. HARRIS' process, from sorghum, beet and molasses, which, for color, strength of grain, &c., we have not seen surpassed from similar material.

Election in the Mercantile Brooklyn Mercantile Library Association.

The advertisement of the Brooklyn Mercantile Library Association, in the TIMES of yesterday, would give the impression that the election which takes place to-day is for the officers of the New-York Association. We with pleasure correct the error, and call attention to the nominations, regular and independent, which are given in the TIMES to-day.

THE ARMLESS SOLDIER.—The Clerks in the Post-Office have raised for the armless soldier, whose case was mentioned in the TIMES a day or two since, nearly $100, which was presented to him on Tuesday evening. A similar movement might be inaugurated in other Government institutions in the City.

DR. STORRS' LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—Rev. Dr. STORRS lectures to-night, at the Reformed Dutch Church, corner Bleecker and West Tenth streets, on "Robin Hood and Wyckliffe; or, the Early Popular Element of England."

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONCERT.—The Greene-street M. E. Sunday School will give a concert to-night, at the Church, between Broome and Spring streets, for the benefit of the library of the school.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—*Part I*—Adjourned for the term. *Part II*—Adjourned to Thursday next.

United States Circuit Court—APRIL 1.

Before Judge Shipman.

ATTACHMENT FOR CONTEMPT.

Joseph Hermann was brought up before the Court on an attachment issued against him for violating an injunction issued against him in behalf of Orlando B. Potter and others, owners of the sewing-machine patents. The Court fined him $50, which he paid and was discharged.

Patent Reaping and Mowing Apparatus.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—APRIL 1.

Eunice B. Hussey, Administrator, &c., of Obed Hussey, deceased, against Christopher C. Bradley and Christopher C. Bradley, Jr.—This suit was brought on three patents issued to Obed Hussey for invention in the cutting apparatus of reaping and sowing machines. It has been pending about two years, and was argued last Fall on final hearing before Justice Nelson and Judge Hall by Geo. Gifford and E. W. Stoughton, of New-York, for the complainant, and by Geo. M. Lee and Samuel Fisher, of Cincinnati, for the defendant. All questions on these patents have been thoroughly contested. The Court has recently rendered a decision sustaining all the patents in all points, and holding that the machines made by the defendants, infringe all those patents,—have ordered a decree for an account and a perpetual injunction.

Mutual Insurance Subscription Notes—They are Payable at Date.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Sutherland, Ingraham, and Clerke.

James P. Colgate, Assignee, &c. vs. *Daniel P. Buckingham.*—This was an action upon a note given by the defendant to the Granite Insurance Company, (a corporation organized under the general law of 1853,) for five shares of its capital stock. The note was payable in such portions and at such times as the "Directors of the Company require."

The defence set up was that, as the note was in legal effect payable on demand, or at its date, the action was barred by the statute of limitations. The Court so held, and gave judgment for the defendant. Appeal was taken to this Court, where, per SUTHERLAND, J., the following language was held:

It has been recently decided by the Court of Appeals, (Howland, Receiver, &c., *vs.* Edmonds et al., 24 N. Y. R., 307,) that a note given to a mutual Insurance Company, organized under the law of 1849, (chap. 308, of 1849,) as one of the notes required by the statute to make up its capital, was in legal effect payable on demand—that is, at its date; though by its terms it was payable at such times and in such portions as the directors might require. The note in Howland *vs.* Edmonds was in terms payable "in such portions and at such time or times as the directors of said Company may, agreeably to their act of incorporation, require."

There is really no difference between the note in that case and in this in respect to the terms in which they are payable. In the one note reference to the act of incorporation is made in words; in the other it is implied or tacitly made for the words, in such portions, and at such time or times as the Directors of said Company may require, mean or imply, may require, agreeably or according to their acts of incorporation.

Besides, the note showed on its face that it was given for the capital stock of the Company, it having thereon the words, "Subscription note for five shares," and in the margin the words and figures, "Capital stock, $200,000."

On the authority of the decision of Howland *versus* Edmonds, the judgment below must be affirmed with costs.

George R. Thompson for appellant; Wm. Tracy for respondent.

The Central Park Extension—Argument of Motion to Confirm.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Application of the Central Park Commissioners.—This was an application to extend the Central Park. The facts of the case have been reported in the TIMES on several occasions. In opposition to the motion, it was now contended that the act appointing the Central Park Commissioners and the act to extend the Park were unconstitutional.

Counsel also urged that as Judge Dishaefer, one of the Commissioners, had an interest in a mortgage on the property north of Forty-ninth-street, he was ineligible to act in the matter.

Decision was reserved.

H. H. Anderson for motion; W. E. Wheeler, A. R. Dyett and A. R. Lawrence, Jr., opposed.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Sutherland.

Freeman vs. *Munns, et al.*—Undertaking approved, and order settled.

Mullin vs. *Monahan.*—Motion denied—no costs in this motion.

Mitchell, &c. vs. *Stewart, &c.*—Motion granted.

In the Matter of the Petition of Wm. B. Bristol, Trustee of the American Hard Rubber Company.—Motion denied, without costs.

Before Justice Ingraham.

Rothstein vs. *Wildt et al.*—Motion denied, with $7 costs.

Cawley vs. *Predmore et als.*—Motion granted on payment of costs of Circuit, and $10 costs of motion, such costs to be paid in six days; if not, motion denied, with $10 costs.

CIRCUIT.

Before Justice Clerke.

Niles vs. *Buffington et al.*—Judgment for plaintiff $762 41, with costs.

Britton vs. *Smith.*—Judgment for defendant, with costs.

SUPERIOR COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Robertson.

Schulton vs. *Wilson.*—Order for security for costs granted. Ten dollars costs to abide event.

Ryder vs. *Jenny.*—Case settled.

Sinclair vs. *Fanning.*—See memoranda of decision with the Clerk. The papers in the above case with the Clerk at Chambers.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange....APRIL 1, 1863.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81..Cou	105⅛	
115,000	do	105¾	
25,000	do	106⅛	
2,000	U. S. 5-20s, Coup	103¾	
3,000	U. S. 5s, '71. Cou	98⅜	
20,000	U. S. 5s, '74, Cou.	98	
50,000	do	98¼	
2,000	Tres. 7 3-10 p. ct. Notes, Feb. & Aug.		E. 104
5,000	U. S. 1-yr. c., New	98⅛	
4,000	Ill. War Loan	102	
7,000	Virginia State 6s	65	
1,000	do	65⅛	
5,000	do	66	
2,000	Mo. St. 6s	61¾	
4,000	Cal. State 7s	130	
1,000	N. Y. C. 7s '76	118	
8,000	Erie 3d M. B. '83	114	
2,400	Buf., N. Y. & E. Im	109	
7,000	Hud. R 3d m	109	
1,000	Mich. So. 2d M	103⅜	
2,500	Ill. C. R. Bs Ex. D.	131⅛	
5,000	Chic. & N. W. L. Bs.	98	
1,000	Tol. & W. 2d m	91	
1,000	Chic. & R. I. R. Bs.	110	
1,000	Clev. & Pitts. 2d M.	105	
5,000	Alt. & Ter. H. I. Bs.	81	
1,000	do	82	
1,000	Mich. So. 2d m	79	
20	Merchants' Bank	101⅜	
33	Park Bank	119	
70,000	American Gold	156	
160,000	do	156⅛	
30,000	do	156⅛	
110,000	do	156⅜	
135,000	do	156⅜	
10,000	do	156⅛	
125	Cit. Gas Co., Brook.	101	
200	Canton Co	24	
42	Penn. Coal Co	114	
100	Quicksilv. Min. Co	44	
50	do	43⅜	
100	Bucks Co. Ld. Co	b60	2¼
1500	do		2⅜
100	Pacific M. St. Co	191	
300	do	191⅜	
100	do	191	
50	do	191⅜	
300	N. Y. Cen. R	115	
100	do	b30	115
30	do	114⅜	
200	do	114⅜	
200	do	110	113
100	Alt. & T. H. R. Pr.	b30	68
200	do	b30	67⅜
100	do		67
1350	Erie Railway		78
280	do		77⅞
1050	do		77⅜
350	do	b30	78
150	do	b10	77⅜
500	do		77⅜
50	do		77⅝
200	do	s10	77⅜
450	do	b10	77½

SECOND BOARD.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81. Cou.	105⅛	
500	do	105	
500	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, Cou.	103⅜	
5,000	Treas. 7 3-10 p. ct. Notes, Oct. & Apl	X.	105
750	do. Fb. & Au.	E.	104
5,000	U. S. 6s, 1 yr. c	99⅞	
1,000	do	100	
3,000	Tenn. St. 6s '90	60¾	
2,000	do	60¼	
10,000	Mo. State 6s	61	
4,000	do	60¾	
5,000	N. Y. Cen. 6s	111	
10,000	Mich. C. 8s. C. 1st M. Sk. Fd. & Ex.	in.	121
5,000	Ch. & N. W. 2d M.	43⅜	
8,000	Alt. & T. H. Inc. Bs.	60⅜	
5,000	Amer. Gold	156⅞	
10,000	do	157	
50,000	do	157⅛	
15,000	do	157⅞	
18,000	do	157⅞	
10,000	do	157⅜	
10	Bank of Commerce	97¼	
5	Del. & H. Ca. Co	124⅜	
100	Quicks'r M. Co	42	
100	do	41⅛	
100	do	40⅜	
100	Pac. M. S. Co	s3	190⅜
50	do	b3	190⅜
1200	Erie Railway		77⅜
1500	do	s30	77⅜
250	do	b3	77⅜
100	do	b30	77⅜
400	do		77⅜
100	Erie Pref.		97⅜
50	Hudson R. R	s3.	103⅛
50	do		103⅜
50	do	b10.	103⅜
50	Cen. Am. T. Co		48
100	Erie R. Pref	b30	97⅛
100	do	s10	97⅜
50	do	b10	97⅛
300	do		97½
200	do		97
100	do	b30	97⅛
700	Hud. R. R		103⅛
100	do	s15	103
100	do	s10	103
50	do	s30.	103
100	Alt. & T. H. R		32
50	Chic. & Alt. Pref.		82
2000	Harlem R		52
1200	do		51⅜
200	do	s30	50⅝
100	do		51¾
300	do	s3	51⅜
200	do	s30	50
600	do		51¾
100	do	s3	52
300	Harlem R. P.	s30	84⅜
100	do		85
300	do		86⅜
25	Mich. Cen. R		101
50	do		101⅜
100	do		101¾
100	M. S. & N. I. R		57⅜
200	do		57½
300	do		57⅜
150	M. S. & N. I. G. S		99⅜
400	Clev. & Pitt. R		69⅝
300	do		69¾
2000	do		69½
100	do	b30	69⅜
200	Clev. & Tol. R		97¾
300	do		97¾
100	Chic. & R. I. R		93⅜
17	P. Ft. W. & Ch. R		89
100	do	s30	89¼

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$50,000	U. S. 6s, 1-yr. C.	100⅝	
20,600	Amer. Gold	157⅜	
60,000	do	157⅜	
80,000	do	157⅜	
100,600	do	157⅜	
25,000	do	157⅜	
30,000	do	158	
400	City Gas Co. Brookln	109	
2500	Bucks Co. Lead Co	2⅜	
200	do	b3	2⅜
100	do	s10	2⅜
100	do	b30	2⅜
200	do	b10	2⅜
50	do	s15	2⅜
50	Pacific Mail	s3.	191
100	do		191
200	N. Y. Cen. R		114⅜
50	do		114⅜
450	Erie Railway		77⅜
50	do	b10	77⅜
100	do	s10	77⅜
100	Erie R. Pref	s3	97⅜
50	Hudson River		104
100	do		103⅞
200	Harlem R	s3	51⅜
200	do		51⅜
200	do		51⅝
600	do		51⅜
200	do		51⅝
1200	do		51⅜
100	do		51⅝
100	Chic. & N. W. R	b30	60⅜
200	do		60
300	Har. R. Pref		87
100	do	s30	86
150	do		86¼
50	do		86
100	do	b30	87
100	do	s30	86⅜
5	0 Mich. Cen. R		101⅜
400	do		101⅜
350	Mich. S. & N. I. R		56⅜
100	do		56⅜
1600	do		57
300	M. S. & N. I. G. S		100
50	do		99¾
100	do	b30	100
50	Panama R		187⅜
200	Ill. Cen. R. Scrip		90⅜
400	do		90¼
250	do		90¾
1750	Clev. & Pitts. R		69⅜
400	do	b30	69⅝
200	do		69⅜
18	Clev. Col. & Cin. R		159
200	Gal. & Chi. R		93⅜
50	do		93¾
500	Clev. & Tol. R		97
1500	do		96¾
300	Chic. & R. I. R		93⅜
300	do		93¾
200	do		93⅜
12	Toledo & Wab. R		51
200	Pitts., F. W. & C. R		89¾
100	do	s15	103
200	do		88¾
100	do	b10	88¾
500	M. S. & N. I. R	s3	57
200	do		57⅛
100	do	s3	57⅜
100	do	b3	57¼
100	Clev. & Pitts. R		69¾
200	do	b10	69⅞
100	Gal. & Chic. R		93⅜
50	Chi. & R. Isl. R		93⅝

PUBLIC BOARD—4 P. M.

$30,000	Amer. Gold	159⅜	
20,000	do	159⅜	
20,000	do	159⅜	
50,000	do	159⅜	
60,000	do	159⅜	
30,000	do	159⅜	
60,000	do	159	
20,000	do	158⅞	
40,000	do	158⅜	
80,000	do	158⅜	
600	Bucks Co. L. C	b3	2⅜
100	Quicksilver M. Co	41	
100	do	s3	40⅜
100	do		40⅜
100	Pac. M. S. Co	s3	190⅜
50	do	b3	190⅜
1200	Erie Railway		77⅜
1500	do	s30	77⅜
250	do	b3	77⅜
100	do	b30	77⅜
400	do		77⅜
100	Erie

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Valuable and Improved property on 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th-sts., in lots to suit purchasers.

The Managers of the New-York Institution for the Blind, offer at private sale, the entire block between 8th and 9th avs., 33d and 34th sts., excepting three lots on 33d-st., occupied by the church.

The property offered comprises the entire front on the 8th-av., 197 feet 6 inches by 100 feet in depth, with the improvements thereon, admitted to be the most valuable and best improved front on the avenue; 12 vacant lots on 34th-st., and 9 on 33d-st., adjoining the above; 12 lots on 33d-st., and 12 on 34th-st., covered by a large and expensive marble building, which runs from street to street, and 8 vacant lots on the 9th-av., each 24 feet 8½ inches in width, by 100 feet in depth, (the entire front.)

The centre of the block is the crown of the streets, the ground falling each way to the avenues, in each of which there are sewers. 34th st. is 100 feet wide, and the improvements already made on the north side, opposite to premises offered for sale, are of the first class, as are also those on the opposite side of 33d-st.

For terms and particulars apply to GEORGE F. ALLEN, President of the Board, at the office of Clarkson N. Potter, Esq., 61 Wall-st., between 12 M. and 2 P. M.

HOTEL PROPERTY

FOR SALE IN THE VALLEY OF THE RAMAPO. The hotel property, with fine outbuildings, situated at Ramapo, N. J., about 30 miles from New-York, on the Erie Railroad, one of the most beautiful and healthy situations in the vicinity of New-York, and known as the Ramapo Valley House. There is on the premises fine trout ponds and streams. The hotel is furnished and ready for occupancy. The land consists of 270 acres, with plenty of fruit, and will be sold in one or more parcels. Apply to A. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

MURRAY HILL LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for sale
4 VERY DESIRABLE LOTS,
on the North side of 42d-st., 133 feet east of 5th-av.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO.,
No. 5½ Pine-st.

GREAT SALE OF LOTS AND CONTRACTS IN THE CITY OF CHICAGO, AT AUCTION—June 17, 1863.—The articles of Association of the CHICAGO LAND COMPANY require that the trust shall be closed, in the month of June, 1863, and that all the property and effects on hand at that time, belonging to the Association, shall be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, in the City of Chicago, on the third WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863.

The undersigned, Trustee of the Chicago Land Company, will, therefore, on WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of June, 1863, offer for sale on the premises, in the City of Chicago:

749 lots in Sheffield's addition to Chicago.
686 lots in Elston addition, west side of North Branch.
382 lots in Elston addition, east side of North Branch.
67 lots in Wright's addition, west side of North Branch.
3 lots in original town Chicago.

Also mortgages, amply secured, amounting to about eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Fifty-four contracts, covering 96 lots, on which there are owing an aggregate of about $100,000.

Of these lots 6,732 feet front on a spacious canal of 100 feet wide, now being excavated through the property.

And 4,569 feet front on the North Branch of the Chicago River.

The sale will be continued from day to day until all the property and effects of the Company are sold.

MAHLON D. OGDEN, Trustee.

CHICAGO, March 16, 1863.

FOR SALE.—THE ELEGANT FIVE-STORY store No. 5-8 Broadway, 25x125 feet, well located, with all modern improvements, and will be sold very low for cash.

No. 726 Broadway, 26.6x137.
Broadway, west side, near Grand-st., 48x112 feet.
Broadway, near Grand-st., 25x-00 feet.
Broadway, near Canal.
Murray-st., No. 38, 25x75 feet.
Pine-st., 25x-1 feet.
Also splendid marble store in Vesey-st., five stories, 43x90 feet, all improvements.
Several fine stores in Broadway, Nassau, Pine, Cedar, Liberty, John, Fulton and Wall sts.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—LET, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY property, an elegant cottage, with ro or less acres, if desired, on Prince's Bay, L. I., with all necessary outbuildings in complete order.

Also, a 3-story house, 36 by 40, (containing 23 rooms,) and other out-buildings, in excellent order, ¼ mile from Huguenot Depot.

Also, 20 acres of land, dwelling and other out-buildings, ¼ mile from Rossville.

Also, a 3-story brick house, No. 113 Hester-st., basement and under cellar, with all modern improvements.

For particulars apply to,
ISAAC K. JESSUP, near Arundel Depot.,
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE ON FIFTH-AV.—FOR SALE. THE extra size house and lot, No. 98 5th-av., located at the northwest corner of 8th-av. and 14th-st. The lot is about 33 feet wide and 136 feet deep. The dwelling has been built by the present owner for his own occupancy, and is about 33x100 feet, brownside on 15th-st. The interior is planned and finished in a costly manner, and is adapted to the use and accommodation of a large family. At the end of the lot is a stable. House lot, furniture and stable are offered for sale, either for cash or on liberal terms of credit, for a large amount of the purchase money. For further particulars and cards to see the house, apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., near Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—HOUSE IN BROOKlyn, and a farm in New-Jersey. A large 3-story brick house, with a fine basement, attic and modern improvements, in Union-st., Brooklyn, between Clinton and Court. Only a small part of the purchase money need be paid down—rest can remain on bond and mortgage at 6 per cent. for a term of years. Also for sale, a farm of 100 acres, or less if desired, 30 miles from N. Y., on the line of the Morris and Essex Railroad. For further particulars apply to E. LUTHER HAMILTON, No. 111 Broadway, Room 78.

FIRST-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENCE IN BROOKLYN FOR SALE.—Large brown-stone house, built in the best manner, containing every modern improvement and convenience, and in thorough repair; four lots of ground handsomely inclosed and improved, with fruit, shrubs, grapes, etc., which ornamentates the walk of the ferries, and one of the most desirable properties in the City. Will be sold cheap. Two-thirds may remain on bond and mortgage if desired. Address Box No. 3,201 New-York Post-office, with real name.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON 5TH-AV., HARlem, between 122th and 13th sts., 3 first-class 3-story brown-stone front houses all modern improvements, in a row of eight houses; location unsurpassed; 2d, 3d and 4th-av. cars, and the boat foot of Beekman-st., go within two to four blocks of houses. Inquire above, or of R. L. SHAW, corner of Water and Beekman sts., or RANDELL & PORTER, on 3d av., between 125th and 126th sts.

FOR SALE—THAT ELEGANT BROWN-STONE house, southwest corner of 51st-st. and 2d-av.; size 21x60, three rooms deep, three-story and basement, high stoop, complete with all modern improvements, in perfect order, built by the recent owner for his own use, by day's work, at an expense of $16,000. Will sell it for $12,000. Can be seen during the day.

JOHN FOLEY,
No. 82 Lexington-av. and No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE IN JERSEY CITY—THE THREE-story brick house No. 49 Morris-st., contains all the modern improvements; house 27x34; lot 27x60. $4,500. Also, the three-story brick house No. 47 Morris-st., contains all the modern improvements; house 25x34; lot 23x60. $4,000. Apply to JOHN COWEN, No. 63 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—ON WATER-STREET, BROOKLYN, between the Fulton and Catharine ferries, an extensive property, on which is now erected a sugar house, ready for immediate operation. The premises can be adapted to any manufacturing purpose. Inquire of C. P. SMITH, Esq., at the Office of the Union Ferry Company, Fulton-st., or of A. McCUE, No. 9 Court-st., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE, RENT OR EXCHANGE.—A first-class brown-stone front house, with or without furniture, lot 25 by 200 feet, situated in a very desirable part of Brooklyn, worth, with furniture, about $18,000. Would receive in part payment a farm in this State, worth from eight to ten thousand dollars. Address Box No. 512 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A DOUBLE framed house, with nice garden of eight lots and carriage-house attached, in Pacific-st., near New-York-av., Brooklyn; house is very convenient, garden and grounds in good order, with plenty of fruit-trees, grapes and shrubbery; makes a pleasant residence in an excellent neighborhood. Apply to C. L. BENEDICT, 74 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A THREE-STORY AND HIGH basement brick house for sale up town with every convenience, on terms to suit the purchaser. Also, a church in an extra location to let, part of the time or the Sabbath the ensuing year. Inquire of V. ELLIOT, Agent, No. 236 Washington-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE PLEASANT THREE-STORY high stoop brick house No. 179 Thompson-st., near Bleecker, with the modern improvements, and situated in one of the most desirable blocks in that part of the City. Terms very liberal. Apply to GEORGE R. LOCKWOOD, No. 411 Broadway.

HOUSE AND STABLE FOR SALE OR TO let No. 121 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh. House three story brick, in good order; lot 20 by 150, fitted with grapery &c., rent $760. Inquire of D. K. HALL, No. 161 Chatham st., or of S. COCKROFT, No. 82 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE three-story basement and sub-cellar brown-stone house, No. 19 Second-place, Brooklyn; has all the modern improvements; halls frescoed; terms easy. Apply to E. R. KELLOGG, Executor, No. 139 Pearl-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, UNFURNISHED—The superior 4-story brown-stone house, No. 40 East 22d-st., between Broadway and 4th-av.; it is 26x70 feet all the way up, built in the very best manner; lot 26x98 feet. Apply to A. P. MANN, No. 64 Wall-st., or E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN CITY OF HUDSON, NEW-JERSEY.—A gothic cottage; lot 50x200; cars pass the door to the ferries; has hot and cold water, bath, and all modern improvements. Inquire of M. BANTA, No. 237 Broadway, room No. 12, or THOMAS ALDRIDGE, Post-office, City of Hudson.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE and lot, 20 by 98 feet, on the south side of 53d-st., No. 134, between 2d and 3d avs.; house new, with all conveniences; price low and terms easy. Apply to JAS. H. THORNE, No. 174 Canal-st.

FOR SALE—ON 65TH-ST., NEAR 2D-AV., south side, two new 3-story and basement private houses, with all modern improvements. Also, several new tenement houses in different parts of the Nineteenth Ward. Apply to WM. A. JUCH, 1st-av., near 66th-st.

WILL BE SOLD TO SETTLE AN ESTATE—The brown-stone front, 4-story English basement house No. 57 West 36th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., at the low price of $14,000. Cost in gold, before the issue of greenbacks, $14,500. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE IN 37TH-st., between 5th and 6th avs., in splendid order; price $16,500. Apply to A. P. STURTEVANT & CO., No. 13 East 27th-st.

FOR SALE.—A VERY SUPERIOR STONE house, stoop and massive rail, $9,000, on 54th-st., No. 257, between Broadway and 8th-av.; worth $10,500. Must be sold.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS dwelling-house, No. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av. The lot is 32 feet wide, and the house in excellent order, furnished with all modern conveniences, and in all respects a desirable residence. Price low. Three-fourths of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage, at six per cent. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEment brick house, No. 45 West 44th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., the middle one of three, in perfect order; house 16.8 by 45, lot 16.8 by 100.5. Price $6,500. Terms easy. Apply as above, or at 37 Park-row, Room No. 13.

THIRTY-FIFTH-STREET, NEAR FIFTH-AVENUE.—For sale, the handsome and first-class four-story and brown-stone house No. 47 West 35th-st., north side, between 5th and 6th avs. The house is 22.6 by about 60 feet, in good order, and contains all the modern conveniences and comforts. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ENGLISH BASEMENT HOUSE, NO 34 West 33d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; 4 stories, brown stone, 18 feet wide and 60 feet deep; in good order; suitable for a doctor or other professional man. Low price and moderate terms. Apply to BURRILL, DAVISON & BURRILL, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP—ON GRAMERCY Park, No. 112 East 21st-st., with right in Park; a first-class four-story English basement house, brown-stone front, 16 feet 8 inches by 65 feet; lot 58 feet 6 inches. Put in perfect order last year. Apply to

SEYTON & WAINWRIGHT, No. 49 Wall-st.

FIFTH-AV.—FOR SALE, A FIRST-CLASS 4-story brown-stone house on 5th-av., on the crown of Murray Hill; it is 22x65 feet, in good order, and contains all modern conveniences. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, A FIRST-class four-story, brown-stone front house, with all modern improvements, furnished or unfurnished. Apply on the premises, No. 26 East 30th-st., near Madison-av., from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS ON 2D-AV., ADJOINing the southeast corner of 113th-st. and 2d-av., on the grade and free from rock; also, a lot on the south side of 77th-st., near 3d-av. Apply to LEWIS HURST, NO. 192 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A FINE STORE IN PINE-ST., OPposite the Essay office; lot running through to Cedar-st., if desired; also several fine down-town stores. For particulars, &c., apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—HIGH-STOOP brick house, 25x60, No. 42 West 28th-st., with or without furniture. Also, No. 134 West 42d-st., 16.8x50; rent $600.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, No. 33 Wall-st.
(Late with A. H. Muller.)

ELEGANT PROPERTY FOR SALE—AT Audobon Park, 11th-av and 156th and 157th sts., a handsome cottage house, and about 45 lots of ground. Price, $30,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE IN YORKVILLE—FOUR LOTS on 84th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; price $1,200 each, on easy terms. Inquire of S. THOMSON, 3d-av. and 83d-st., or of L. C. STOWELL, No. 14 Cortlandt-st.

A REAL CITY HOME FOR SALE—A FINE large three-story house, every convenience for a genteel family, in perfect order, now vacant; open all day; will be sold a bargain. No. 407 4th-st., Albion-place.

EXTRA-SIZED HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 140 WEST 14TH-ST., FOR SALE.—Lot 27x131; house in prime order, pier glasses and chandeliers. D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer, No. 33 Wall-st., late with A. H. Muller.

FOR SALE OR TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A nice house, with six lots; house has 12 rooms, gas, water, range, heater, &c.; near cars; in perfect order; rent $450. Apply to E. S. YOUNG, No. 25 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE LOT ON GREENwich-st., near Jay-st., with brick building upon it. Size 22.1x2. Will be sold at a reasonable price.

G. A. KISSAM, No. 30 Pine-st.

FARMS.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—A VALUABLE FARM AT AUCTION.—The farm belonging to the late Thos. Coles, deceased, will be offered for sale at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1863, at 12 o'clock P. M., upon the premises. Said farm is situated about one-half of a mile from the village of Glen Cove, L. I., and two miles from the steamboat landing, from which there is daily communication by steamboat with New-York. The farm contains about 150 acres, about 15 acres of which is woodland, and the balance is in a high state of cultivation. Upon said farm is a thrifty young apple orchard in full bearing; also, a plentiful supply of pears, cherries and small fruits. The building consist of a substantial dwelling-house, barn and hovels nearly new, with the usual outbuildings. Few farms are better supplied with water than this. To any person desiring a choice farm, this presents a chance seldom offered. Terms on day of sale. Apply to B. C. MORRIS, Esq., President Columbian Marine Ins. Co., Wall, corner of Nassau-st.; or to WM. M. WEEKS, or the Executor, ISAAC COLES, Glen Cove, L. I.

FARM FOR SALE—AT MILTON, ULSTER CO., N. Y., one mile north of steamboat dock, containing 25 acres of land, buildings good, a large orchard of choice fruit, 1½ acres of Antwerp raspberries, half an acre of strawberries in full bearing, 500 grapevines, set three years, of the best varieties; 600 currant bushes, set three years; 4 6 hills of rhubarb, 50 young pear trees, and varieties of all kinds in abundance. A beautiful stream of water running through the farm, and fish-pond nearly finished. Terms moderate. Price $4,500. Address JAS. HAVILAND, Milton, Ulster Co., N. Y., for one month.

FOR SALE.—HUDSON RIVER, ESOPUS, ULSTER county, a farm, comprising sixty acres, fronting on the river, under the highest cultivation, with a vineyard of one thousand vines and many choice fruit trees. The farm is abundantly watered and highly ornamented with fish ponds, walks, &c. The dwelling is in cottage style, and commands an extensive view of the river. The barns and outbuildings are new, and very capacious. The premises adjoin those of Robt. L. Pell, and are within half a mile of a post-office and three churches. Steamboats land daily near the premises. Apply at No. 392 5th-av., or to J. A. BANKER, No. 27 Wall-st.

FARM FOR SALE—A FARM ABOUT 4 MILES from Glen Cove, on the road leading to Jericho, consisting of about 28 acres of land in a high state of cultivation, fine orchard, and well watered; also, the store building, well situated for a country store, blacksmith's shop, tenant house, &c., all of which will be sold on accommodating terms. For further information, apply to SAMUEL FROST, Glen Cove, or G. N. WILLIAMS, No. 93 South-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF ABOUT fifty acres, in Pelham, Westchester County, two miles from the New-Rochelle depot, on the road directly opposite Hunter's Island, with extensive views on the water, and elegant building sites, wells and a large pond for ice on the premises. For further particulars, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A CHOICE GRAIN, HAY, TRUCK AND fruit farm, 100 acres, beautifully situated near village and depot, 17 miles in New-Jersey; large good buildings, four valuable fruit orchards, well timbered, fenced, &c. For sale cheap or exchange in part.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FARM OF FIFTY acres, nine miles from City Hall, New-York. Excellent for gardening. Rent $300 a year. Immediate possession given. Apply to J. P. MANN, No. 23 West 41st-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—THE WHOLE OR PART OF A farm, containing 100 acres, situated about 21 miles from the City, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. The dwelling, farm-house and other buildings in good order. Apply at No. 343 Howery, corner 3d-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FARM OF 50 acres, 9 miles from City Hall, New-York. Excellent for gardening. Good dwelling-house. Rent $300. Immediate possession. Apply to J. P. MANN, 23 West 41st-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS for single gentlemen at No. 42 Clinton-place, corner of University-place. Transient persons $1 50 per day.

CHAS. LEFLER, Proprietor.

BOARD WANTED.—WANTED, IN THE UPper part of the City, board for two ladies and servants. Address Box No. 2,804 Post-office.

TO LET.—ONE OR TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN may obtain desirable rooms, without board, in a pleasant locality, convenient to city rail cars; no children or boarders. Apply at No. 303 Bridge-st., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET—To gentlemen only, without meals, consisting of the whole second floor; will be let together or separate; location desirable, situated near 5th-av. Apply at No. 18 10th-st. References exchanged.

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—A DESIRABLE room, with partial board, for a gentleman, at No. 37 Cranberry-st., near Columbia, within five minutes of Wall-st and Fulton ferries.

MUSIC TEACHER WISHES TO OBTAIN a sitting-room and bedroom, with full board, in a strictly private family, residing in a respectable neighborhood; terms not to exceed $40 per month. Address F. M. B., care of Beer & Schirmer, No. 701 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR THE SUMMER can be had from the 1st of May, at a farm-house, very pleasantly located, near Hudson. Address J., Box No. 37, Hudson, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FARMER LIVING thirty miles from the City, near a depot of the Harlem Railroad, can accommodate a few boarders during the Summer. Will be at No. 15 Platt-st. the 2d day of April.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 368 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED FURNITURE—ALL STYLES and prices. Also, chamber suites in walnut and chestnut, the best assortment in the City, wholesale and retail, at No. 277 Canal-st. WARREN WARD.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, BOOKS, PAMPHlets and Libraries bought for cash at No. 123 6th-av., between 9th and 10th sts.

WILLIAM H. RAYNOR,
Of the late firm of Raynor & Blackwell,)
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
Established in 1833,
has removed to
No. 6 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

TO LET—ON STATEN ISLAND, FIVE MINUTES' walk from the Quarantine Landing, several cottages on Fiedler's Park. A healthy and pleasant locality: fine view and well shaded. Apply to ERNEST FIEDLER, No. 32 Broadway.

TO LET.

FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT AT GLEN COVE. The country seat at Glen Cove, of the late William Burton, will be let, furnished. The house is large and commodious; fine green-houses and outbuildings, all in good order. The land, about 40 acres, is well laid out, has fine graperies, well stocked with fruit, &c. Apply to ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS—The dwelling-house of the subscriber, with either 10 or 15 acres of land, on the turnpike road, one mile east of New Rochelle, Westchester County. The house is large and replete with conveniences, including furnace, hot and cold water, bath, &c. The outbuildings are numerous and very convenient—all put up by days' work and in complete order. The farm and garden are abundantly stocked with the choicest varieties of fruit in full bearing condition. The land is in a high state of cultivation, and the location is perfectly healthy; it is near the Sound, and views of which are unsurpassed. The premises can at any time be seen by applying to S. F. COWDREY, No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE, OR TO LEASE FOR A TERM of years, or to rent for the Summer, completely furnished, a country residence on the Hudson River, in the village of Peekskill, N. Y. The house contains all the modern improvements, such as gas, bath-room, hot and cold water in every chamber, speaking-tubes, stationary wash tubs, &c., and is thoroughly heated by steam. There is an abundance of choice fruit, a large carriage-house, stable and other out-buildings. For further particulars call on JOHN B. KITCHING, Esq., No. 14 Pine-st., or on HENRY A. SMITH, No. 112 Reade-st., New-York, or address C. TOWNSEND, Peekskill, N. Y.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE AT WHITEstone Point, L. I., situated directly on the river bank, commanding a fine view of the Sound. The house is large, containing over 20 rooms, with 7 acres of land, good garden, stable, carriage-house and outbuildings, complete; only one hour from the City by steamboat or railroad. Price from May 1 to Dec. 1, $1,000. Also to let, adjoining the same, a neat cottage, containing 11 rooms, with two acres of land, stable, &c. Price $450. Apply to THOMAS LEGGETT, Flushing, L. I., or JOSEPH T. MOORE, No. 290 Pearl-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED COUNTRY SEAT AT Islip, L. I., on the south side of Long Island, and 2 hours from the City, 4½ miles from Lakeland, L. I. Railroad. There is a large and commodious mansion-house, with parlor, library, dining and billiard rooms, bed-rooms, &c.; all necessary out-buildings, ice-house well-filled, &c., &c. Large garden and fine lawn. House well shaded, and plenty of fruit. The pond has the privilege of fishing in fine trout pond and streams, and shooting over 5,000 acres of ground. Salt-water bathing, sailing, &c. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

CHEAP SUBURBAN RESIDENCES.—PARties disposed to build pretty and substantial cottages, with or without gas, water, &c., are invited to examine models of such recently erected, and much wanted, in the beautiful village of Flushing; where spacious lots can be had low, on lease or otherwise, and the houses completed in three months. Situation genteel and perfectly healthy; 5 minutes' walk from depot. Constant communication with the City within an hour. For description of place, &c., apply to S. G. WALKER, No. 75 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRT-CLASS RESIDENCE IN the City of Newark, located on Mount Pleasant-av., commanding a fine view of the Passaic, and within five minutes' walk of the Morris and Essex depot. The grounds comprise eight lots, with a frontage of 160 feet, a brick stable and carriage-house, &c. The house was built by days' work, is nearly new and in fine order, conveniently arranged, and every way a desirable residence. For terms and further particulars apply to RALPH MEAD, Nos. 13 and 15 Coenties-slip.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—THE undersigned offers for sale his residence at White Plains, Westchester County, consisting of 25 acres of land, in perfect order, with first-rate improvements; 1¾ miles from railroad station, on the main road from White Plains to Rye and Port Chester. Will be sold with or without the stock, farming utensils, &c., and possession given immediately. Apply to S. G. BOGERT, on the premises, or No. 11 South William-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—COMMANDING a beautiful view of the Hudson, a two-story, attic and basement house, containing nine rooms, coal and sauce cellar, size of house, 24x32; lot, 50x200. Choice fruit in abundance; grapevines, asparagus. Ten minutes' walk from depot. Terms easy. Possession given immediately. Apply to ACKERMAN & DEYO, grocers, corner of Broadway and Dock-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, AT FLUSHING, L. I.—A very neat cottage, pleasantly situated, with a fine water prospect, containing eight rooms, basement and cellar, with a good supply of closets. Is admirably calculated for a small family. Access to New-York per railroad and steamboat twelve times per day. Rent $225. Will be sold at a moderate price, and on easy terms. Apply, between 12 and 1 o'clock, to GEO. W. PECK, No. 110 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in the City of Elizabeth, N. J.; house built in the best modern style, containing 17 rooms, furnished with gas and modern improvements; about five acres of ground, well improved; choice variety of shrubbery and fruit trees; good carriage-house and outbuildings, all in perfect order. Apply to D. CLARKHURST or E. T. FARR, No. 5 Beekman-st., New-York.

TO RENT, FROM THE FIRST OF MAY—The very desirable and beautiful residence, situated in Tompkinsville, and known as Brookside, containing 7 acres of land. The house is large and convenient—fine finished throughout; gas, furnace and excellent water; coach-house, stables, &c. Very fine fruit of every variety, and within 5 minutes' drive of railroad and steamboats. Apply to H. W. SHAW, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LEASE—ON the harbor of East Bridgeport, Conn., furnished or unfurnished—salt water bathing, fruits of all kinds in abundance, beautiful garden grounds tastefully laid out, house in good condition, gas and bath, water, &c., the residence of Col. Noble; five minutes from depot. Inquire on the premises, or of Mr. CROMWELL, No. 19 Williamst., New-York.

FOR SALE LOW, OR EXCHANGE—FINE modern residence, 50x50 and extension, outbuildings corresponding; large, beautiful yard and ornamental trees; fruit, grapes, &c., in abundance; 50 acres of land, 10 timber, balance highly cultivated, finely located near town and depots, 24 miles in New-Jersey.

W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 79 Cedar-st.

TO LET—A COUNTRY HOUSE, IN COMPLETE order, situated in the village of Tremont, 3 miles from City Hall, elegantly furnished, well of good water; the house contains 11 rooms, and is only 3 minutes' walk from the railroad and stage depots; rent $175 a year. Inquire of JOHN HOOPER & CO., Advertising Agents, No. 41 Park-row, New-York.

AUCTION SALE—AT THE AMERICAN HOtel, Sing Sing, on FRIDAY, April 3, at 1 o'clock P. M. A fine country residence in Clarmont, convenient to the depot, and commanding an extensive and beautiful river view. The place, consisting of 6½ acres, is well stocked with fruit of all kinds. A considerable portion of the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage.

TA LET IN MILFORD, CONN.—FOR A year or for the Summer, a large, convenient and nearly new house, cleaned and in perfect order, but a moment's walk from the depot, on the New-Haven Railroad. Milford is one of the most beautiful towns on the Sound, and the location of this house is among the best in it; rent low. Inquire of EDWARD SEYMOUR, *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE COUNTRY residence on the New-Haven Railroad, 53 minutes' ride from 27th-st. Depot. House commodious and in good order, containing all modern improvements; location high and healthy, about ½ mile from the Sound; outbuildings ample; fruit of various kinds; 82 acres of land; price $25,000; terms easy. Apply to WM. H. BONNETT, No. 781 Pearl-st.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—IN WESTchester County, 30 miles from the City, and half a mile from the depot of the Harlem Railroad, a large house, carriage-house, &c., one and a half acres of land, handsomely improved, well adapted for a Summer boarding-house, school, or gentleman's residence. Apply to D. C. HAYS, No. 65 Wall-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGE TO LET—PLEASantly located, three miles from Newark, N. J., one hour from New-York; eight rooms, four acres of land, large barn, good garden, abundance of fruit; water in the house. Price, $250 for the Summer. Address E. A. SMITH, No. 70 Market-st., Newark, N. J.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE CHEAP, at Port Jervis, Orange County, on the Erie Railway, contain about two acres; fine fruit, well watered, good house, &c. Inquire of T. J. LYON or JOHN CONKLING, Port Jervis, or of G. H. MILLS, No. 279 Washington-st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—IN RYE, NEAR the depot, two handsome places; the one, a large double house; the other, a convenient cottage, nearly new; each place having outbuildings, etc., complete. Land 9 and 3 acres. Rent, $400 and $150. Apply to J. E. CORNING, No. 30 Platt-st.

FOR SALE.—IN THE VILLAGE OF STAMFORD, Conn., within five minutes' walk of the depot, a cottage house and lot, convenient and cheap, containing eight rooms, besides pantries and closets. For further information inquire of S. W. SCOFIELD, No. 5 Platt-st., New-York. Price $2,200. Terms easy.

ORANGE, N. J.—FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS country residence; location central, five minutes' walk from depot. House large, modern style, and very complete; fine garden, fruit trees, barn, &c., &c., all in excellent order. For an interview, address Box No. 843 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—AT TOTTENVILLE, S. I., ON William-st., a new house and three acres, or six lots of half acre each, on high ground, with a splendid view of the river. Will be sold together or separate, and cheap. Particulars of DAVID CLOSE, No. 116 Fulton-st., or WALTER T. ELLIOTT, Tottenville.

TO LET—FOR THREE OR FIVE YEARS, A country residence, with outhouses, shade and fruit-trees, vines, &c., and three acres of land, at Greenwich, Conn., ten minutes' walk from depot, and twenty minutes from steamboat landing. Inquire of L. A. LOCKWOOD, Rooms Nos. 23 and 24, No. 110 Broadway.

TO LET—AT BERGEN POINT, N. J., A DOUBLE house, with three acres of land, fronting on the water. Also a farm of 46 acres, running from New-York Bay to Newark Bay, and containing a good house and barn. Will lease for a term of years. Apply to RUFUS STORY, No. 7 Front-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FURNISHED house with garden, fruit trees, &c., two miles south of Yonkers and three-quarters of a mile east of Riverdale. For particulars inquire of A. SERGEANT, No. 15 Wall-st., or at Yonkers Post-office.

TO LET—A HOUSE AT RYE, FURNISHED, containing 13 rooms without the kitchen; good bathing within 100 feet of the house; room for five horses in the stable; about one mile from the depot. For particulars, apply to J. R. SMITH, No. 1 Pine-st.

TO LET—TWO WELL-FURNISHED COTTAGES large and small, at Bedford, Westchester county, two hours from town, adjoining the Jay Homestead. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—A COUNTRY SEAT, containing 24 acres of choice land, three quarters of a mile south of the City of Poughkeepsie, and adjoining the beautiful grounds of M. Vassar, Esq. The house 100x56 feet, with a piazza 12 feet in width, extending along almost the entire front; is built in the most substantial manner, and has, among other conveniences, water, bath, &c., and a fine billiard-room. The place is well stocked with fine fruit and shade trees and shrubbery; the gardens are large and productive, and the stables, &c., convenient and in good order. Price $30,000, or will be let completely furnished at $1,800 a year. Possession given immediately. For further particulars inquire of DEWITT CLINTON JONES, No. 1 Hanover-st., New-York.

TO LET, AT ELIZABETH, N. J., WITHIN eight minutes' walk of the depot, a cottage, with 7½ acres of land, carriage-house, fine garden and fruit. The house contains eight rooms beside kitchen, and has furnace and gas. For particulars, inquire of W. B. MEEKER, at Bank of New-York, or F. W. FOOTE, at Elizabeth, N. J.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET—LOCATed on the Bay shore, near Fort Hamilton, about six miles from Brooklyn, consisting of a spacious stone dwelling, containing fifteen rooms; a carriage-house, with stabling for three horses, ice-house (filled) and about four acres of land. Apply to R CORNELL WHITE, No. 11 Murray-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—FURNISHED AND UNFURnished houses, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, to let for the season or year; also, country seats, farms and villa sites to rent and for sale low, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 69 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 46 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—AT FAIRFIELD, CONN., THE beautiful residence of Isaac De Forest, Esq., with 2 acres of land, near the depot. Fine garden, good barn and carriage-house, abundance of fruit and shade trees; house 2-story, 31x42, with wing 20x30, handsomely situated and in perfect order. BULKLEY & FINK, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

TO RENT IN YONKERS—A SMALL COTtage house on Warburton-av., three minutes' walk from Glenwood Station. For particulars, address WM. H. K., Box No. 246 New-York Post-office.

TO LET,

TO LET—A FIRST-CLASS BROWN-STONE front house in 82d-st., near 4th-av; cottage house No. 10 Horatio-st.; small house No. 31 Hubert-st.; two good houses in Yorkville; two stores on Broadway, and several suites of apartments in good houses; also a second floor 25x100 feet, well lighted, with steam-power, and good light basement 25x60, with power. Rent low. Apply to A. P. STURTEVANT & CO., No. 13 East 27th-st.

TO LET IN YORKVILLE—IN A QUIET neighborhood, near the Central Park, a two-story and attic house, in complete order, and not only very desirable but almost indispensable for use in the parlor and sleeping chamber. They are put up in fancy colored boxes and small packages for family use, and are also carefully packed in cases for transportation. For sale wholesale and retail by JAMES R. DEY,
No. 66 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

P. S.—Country merchants will do well to call and examine our stock.

INTERNATIONAL AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION, AT HAMBURG, GERMANY.

Applications for entry must be made before the 16th day of April next, to the Agents for the United States of the Exhibition Commmittee,
AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.,
No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

N. B.—Blank forms of application will be sent wherever required.

ATTENTION LOYAL LEAGUE MEN OF THE COUNTRY.—The Copperheads are wearing badges. Let loyal men outnumber them. Wear the Union League Badge as indorsed by the great Union party of New-York. We are ready to mail the splendid silver-plated Union League Badge. It is neat and beautiful. Price 15 cents by mail, or $10 per hundred by express. Address J. W. EVERETT, Box No. 1,614, or No. 111 Fulton-st., second floor, Room No. 2, N. Y.

ALBATA SPOONS, FORKS, &c.—GENUINE English albata spoons, forks, ladies, pie and fish knives, plated or unplated. Also, plated card and sugar baskets, tea sets, cake baskets, casters (genuine); plated and unplated table cutlery, carvers, fancy silver goods in cases. For sale by WALTER M. SMITH,
No. 18 John-st., up stairs.
Formerly at No. 4 Maiden-lane.

N. B.—One medium-size iron safe, either Herring's or Tilton & McFarlan's, fitted for jewelry, for sale low.

A YOUNG LADY, HAVING AN INCOME of her own, wishes to find a family or party of fri

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

WINTER GARDEN—East Lynne.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE—Jessie McLane.

WALLACK'S—Wild Oats.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—Edith; or, The Earl's Daughter.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM—The Empress of Beauty—Commodore Nutt—Hippopotamus, &c., at all hours.—Syro-Arabic Troupe—Shadow on the Wall, Afternoon and Evening.

BANVARD'S HALL OF ART—(No. 625 Broadway,)—Four Panoramas in one Night.

GOUPIL'S—(No. 712 Broadway.)—Cotopaxi.

IRVING HALL—Gen. Tom Thumb and Wife—Three Levees, Daily.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

Additional news from Vicksburgh corroborates the reports which have previously reached us of the failure of the new expedition intended to flank Haines' Bluff by way of the Sunflower. Admiral Porter succeeded in getting through Steele's and Black Bayous, and proceeded twenty-five or thirty miles further in Deer and Rolling Forks, when he encountered a small force of rebels, who compelled him to await the arrival of infantry. Meantime the enemy obstructed the channel, and otherwise annoyed the gunboats, and when our infantry arrived the rebels had accumulated such a force as to render further progress extremely hazardous. Our loss in the skirmishing which took place before the retreat was ten or twelve killed and wounded. The rebel loss is unknown.

A Baton Rouge correspondent of the Philadelphia *Inquirer* furnishes the public intelligence of a movement up the west bank of the Mississippi, made by a brigade commanded by Col. Dudley, subsequent to the movement against the Port Hudson intrenchments, made simultaneously with the attack upon the rebel batteries by Admiral Farragut. The intention of the movement seems to have been to pass above the batteries and coöperate with the Admiral in a movement up the Red River to cut off the rebel supplies. This was frustrated, however, by the rebels cutting the levees and flooding the country, so as to render land movements impossible.

The rebels who last "invaded" Kentucky have not escaped without some punishment. A Louisville dispatch announces that the force under Gen. Pegram, which had taken up a strong position near Somerset, was attacked on Tuesday by the National forces under Gen. Gilmore, and badly defeated, after a five or six hours' fight. Our loss in the affair does not exceed thirty. The rebel loss is not stated.

A dispatch from Washington to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says that the Administration confidently anticipates that news will be received before the close of the present week of important successes by our fleet, in the rear of Charleston, arrangements having been perfected for the commencement of the attack on the 26th or 27th ult. If the batteries at Stono can be taken, it is believed our troops can be landed and the city reached without assaulting Sumter and Moultrie at all; while these forts, by being cut off from their supplies, owing to our occupation of the city, would soon fall into our possession without the loss of a man or a vessel.

A contraband trader was captured in the Lower Potomac on Tuesday—the schooner *Jane Morley*—having on board a very valuable cargo, intended for the rebels. Among other things, were a number of gifts to Mr. and Mrs. Jeff. Davis from their admirers in Washington.

The Manchester *Examiner and Times* makes a statement of the last financial undertaking of the rebels in England, differing from that which we have already received. It says: "A prospectus is in private circulation of 'The London and Confederate States Bank,' with a proposed capital of £2,000,000, in £100 shares. No names are appended, but the object is distinctly stated to be to render the South able to carry on their financial and export operations entirely independent of New-York."

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday, the bill relative to the heads of Departments in New-York was ordered to a third reading; also, the bill to facilitate the acquisition of lands by the Croton Water Board; also, the bill incorporating the Dry-Goods Clerks' Association. The bill allowing the soldiers of the State in the service of the United States to vote by proxy was passed, by a vote of 19 to 7, after some debate.

In the Assembly, several bills were passed—among them the Supply bill, 91 to 14; the bill authorizing the extension of certain streets in New-York, and the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill, 78 to 28. The Senate resolution, providing for the payment of the interest on the State debt, held by foreigners, in coin or its equivalent, was adopted, 83 to 21. Both Houses held evening sessions.

GENERAL NEWS.

Some further European intelligence by the *City of Washington* is given this morning. An important engagement is announced to have taken place between the Russians and the Poles, at Loudek, on the 16th ult., in which the Russians were defeated and compelled to retreat. Advices from Japan state that the nobles who had been connected with foreigners had been degraded, and this measure was supposed to be preliminary to a repudiation of all treaties concluded by the Japanese Government with foreign Powers.

An arrival from Havana brings us advices to the 23d ult. There was nothing later from Mexico. Rebel blockade runners continued to arrive from Mobile and other ports. The English steamer *Neptune* had also come in from St. Thomas—supposed to be intended to run the blockade.

A meeting of citizens, property owners and others was held at Niblo's Saloon last evening, to inaugurate a more vigorous opposition to the Broadway Railroad scheme. A Committee of thirty-four was appointed from among the most wealthy owners of property on Broadway, with a view of taking active measures.

The Boston *Transcript* understands that several of the banks in that city have under consideration the subject of reorganizing under the National Banking law.

It is said that the prize steamer *Peterhoff* will probably be released. Her clearance papers appear to be all right, and the most that can be said against her is that she had a rebel Colonel and a rebel mail on board.

The United States transport *Massachusetts*, which arrived at Philadelphia, on Monday, from Port Royal, brought a number of articles which had been recovered from the wreck of the British steamer *Queen of the Wave*, run ashore by the United States gunboat *Conemaugh*, near Charleston. They were given in charge of the Marshal.

The price of Gold went up yesterday 8 ₱ cent., closing at 4 o'clock 158⅜ ₱ cent. Exchange unsettled. Stocks generally firm. Money easy. Late in the afternoon Gold fell to 156 ₱ cent.

Breadstuffs and Provisions attracted more attention yesterday, and the principal articles were quoted decidedly firmer. A moderate business was reported in Groceries, Hay, Hops and Whisky, at rising prices. Cotton was in fair request and much dearer. The auction sales of desirable Dry Goods were quite successful, particularly the sales of domestic cotton fabrics, at which advanced rates were obtained. The freight engagements were somewhat heavier. Other branches of trade presented no really new feature.

Intrigues of Foreign Ministers.

Some weeks since we intimated that the French Minister had been conferring with prominent and influential politicians concerning foreign *mediation* as a means of ending the war. The accusation was repelled in various quarters as wholly incredible and as involving a serious aspersion upon the character of the representative of a friendly Power. Our venerable *confrère*, (it would scarcely be accurate to say cotemporary,) the *National Intelligencer*, was especially solemn and impressive, having the dignity of the State Department as well as its own to protect in this emergency: and it read the Press in general a grave lecture on the serious impropriety of so far impugning the character of foreign ministers as to deem them capable of such offences against the proprieties of their position.

We trust that these sensitive gentlemen have read and duly weighed the letter of Lord Lyons to Earl Russell, dated the 17th of November last. That epistle may convince them that foreign Ministers are not always restrained by considerations of propriety from meddling with our politics, and that we did them no injustice in our recent strictures upon their action. Lord Lyons has no hesitation in exposing his own connection with the party intrigues and movements of the day. He holds conferences with the leaders of the "Conservative" party, is made the repository of their most secret purposes and plans, concerts with them the measures calculated to secure their common ends, and denounces the Administration with a vigor and vehemence which keep pace admirably with their own. He receives from them pertinent and useful hints as to the necessity of choosing the proper time for making offers of mediation, and advises the English Government against such a step at the time of writing, lest it should have a damaging effect on the prospects of the "*Peace* party."

Lord Lyons would seem, from his own statement, to be residing in this country as British Minister to the Peace party, rather than to the Government of the United States. In his interview with the President he "gladly shunned all allusion to foreign intervention"—reserving that topic for his free conversations with the "conservative" leaders who will be very glad when they come into power to avail themselves of such intervention, if necessary, to end the war. He talked freely with *them* upon this subject—but avoided it altogether in his conferences with the President and Secretary of State. In other words, Lord Lyons, as the representative of Great Britain, enters into discussions and political arrangements with the leaders of a political party in this country, calculated and intended not only to defeat the policy of the Administration, but to destroy the Government to which he is accredited. The whole drift of his efforts, as shown by his own letter, is to bring about the termination of the war, even at the cost of disunion; and for the accomplishment of this end he allies himself with the leaders of the Opposition party. They make him the confidant of their wishes and plans, and he lends them in return his advice and aid as to the best means of carrying them into effect.

What the President may think of all this we have no means of knowing. It certainly seems to us a wide departure, on the part of Lord Lyons, from the line of his duty and from the proprieties of his position. It is, doubtless, quite in keeping with the peculiar "neutrality" which the British Government professes to observe in this contest, and which consists mainly in giving all possible encouragement to the rebel cause consistent with an appearance of friendship to the United States. Lord Lyons undoubtedly in this faithfully serves the Government which he represents. But it seems to us scarcely consistent with the interests or the dignity of our Government that he should be allowed thus openly to intrigue with party leaders for the accomplishment of party ends.

The Southern Confederacy and the Slave Trade.—The dispatch from the rebel Secretary of State to Mr. Lamar, which we published yesterday, is a document of considerable significance. It relates to the prospective opening of the African slave-trade, and discloses the fact that the new Confederacy is likely to encounter a good deal of embarrassment from the susceptibility of foreign nations on this subject.

It will be remembered by all who are conversant with the political history of the past ten or fifteen years, that the prohibition of the slave-trade by the National Congress was always held up by Southern extremists as among the leading causes of complaint against the Union. While the North and West were constantly receiving enormous supplies of labor by immigration, the South was cut off from that resource by law. In their commercial conventions and through their leading periodicals, Southern statesmen constantly insisted on the reopening of the slave-trade as absolutely essential to the prosperity of the South. When secession was resolved upon, it was seen that the hostility of foreign nations to the restoration of this trade would be too great to be successfully resisted or safely defied, and the agents of the rebellion were therefore instructed everywhere to deny that any purpose of reopening it was entertained: and a clause was put into the Confederate Constitution imposing upon the Confederate Government the duty of making laws for its prohibition.

It seems now that foreign nations, when the subject of recognition is broached at all, insist upon *treaty stipulations* against the reopening of the slave-trade; and such stipulations the rebel Government is not prepared to give. Mr. Benjamin enters into a long argument to show, in the first place, that the Government has no power, under the Constitution, to enter into any such engagements,—and secondly, that they are not necessary. Whether these assurances will satisfy the foreign Powers by which this point has been raised, remains to be seen. But the letter of Mr. Benjamin makes one thing very clear,—and that is, that the Confederate Government does not intend to trammel, by any treaty stipulations whatever, the future action of the Slave States on this subject.

The Duplicity of the Copperheads.

A base purpose is never honorably pursued. The end and the means are always of a piece. After the interviews with "several of the leaders of the Democratic party" Lord Lyons writes, "at the bottom I thought I perceived a desire to put an end to the war, even at the risk of losing the Southern States altogether; but it was plain that it was not thought prudent to avow this desire." The British Minister, with his diplomatic appreciation of motives, had no difficulty in apprehending the real spirit and intent of the party managers closeted with him. Their errand was not at all to discourage foreign intervention; they simply wanted the thing *prudently* managed—or in other words, they wanted time first, to blind, cajole and circumvent the people. "At the present moment, *therefore*," says his lordship, "the chiefs of the conservative party call loudly for a more vigorous prosecution of the war, and reproach the Government with slackness, as well as with want of success in its military measures."

That is precisely the truth. These hypocritical wretches sought to consummate their infamous plots for peace by redoubling their clamors for vigorous war. With a heart fully settled upon yielding to treason, they yet affected a sacred passion for an annihilating onset upon traitors. Their special prototype is Sempronius, whose "Voice is still for war. Gods!" is yet the favorite declamation of the schoolboys. The fellow who was so furious to

> —"rise at once, gird on our swords,
> And, at the head of our remaining troops,
> Attack the foe, break through the thick array
> Of his thronged legions, and charge home upon them,"

was at that very hour Cæsar's secret adherent and conspiring to betray Rome. The "Democratic leaders" have improved the lesson well. In public they have ranted consumedly, while in their private soliloquies they never omit to remind themselves it is

> "Cæsar's favor
> That showers down greatness on his friends."

If these persons would plainly own themselves still in the service of the Southern oligarchy, they might, for all the harm they could do, be simply ticketed and dismissed. It is their duplicity that makes them dangerous. They decoy the confidence of the people for the sole purpose of betraying it. In the name of "a more vigorous war" they profess to be stirring up the Government, when their real object is to stir up the people against the Government, and thus open the way to a tame surrender. They carried on this game before the Fall elections, and with too much success. They have kept it up to the best of their ability since; but by this time they have been pretty well found out. The people, not having had the advantage of either the diplomatic training of Lord Lyons, or of confidential interviews with "the Democratic leaders," were not so quick in apprehending the real aims. What was apparent to Lord Lyons in the middle of November—"the desire to put an end to the war, even at the risk of losing the Southern States altogether"—it has taken till nearly the 1st of April for the people to be thoroughly convinced of. But there is doubt no longer. The treacherous designs of these leaders have become perfectly notorious. The people hear the treachery in the hiss; they feel it in the venom; they see it in the creeping, insidious movement. By one of these infallible popular instincts, which are so quick to affix a fit designation, they have given these creatures a name that will stand. The Copperheads of 1863 will henceforth be known to every political vocabulary; and will be defined as the generic expression for everything faithless and detestable.

Not only the Northern people understand the essential vileness of these lurking traitors, but the rebels themselves recognize it, and repel it. There may be some manliness of spirit in even a bad cause. The faculties of admiring and of despising are not ousted from the human soul by the mere fact that the will has consented to a criminal act. The rebels can despise yet. And they well know whom to despise as whom to hate. The true-hearted men of the North they hate with perfect hatred; the false-hearted men of the North they contemn with perfect contempt. The last Richmond *Enquirer* which has come North, thus fitly speaks of these "Democratic leaders:" "The Democratic party, neutral as it was in principle, false to both sides, and wholly indifferent to the *morale* of either of the opposing communities, placed itself between, raised the banner of 'spoils,' and—we all know the rest. The idea of that odious party coming to life again makes us shiver. *Its foul breath is malaria, its touch is death.* Give us the open foeman: let him be as furious and greedy as you will. Let our enemy appear as an exterminating Yankee host, we pray, and not as a Democratic Convention. Let him take any shape but that!" All the organs of rebel sentiment abound with similar expressions of loathing. It would be a thousand times less dishonorable for the rebels to surrender to the old flag without terms, when it shall be no longer physically possible to hold out against it, than it would be to consort with these Northern recreants and seek through them to patch up a mock reconciliation in advance. The Southern leaders have committed themselves to a desperate venture; and, like all such men, they will never desist until absolutely overpowered and disabled. We may rely upon it, they will fight the men of the North face to face as long as they can stand; and, with the same spirit, will tread the creeping things of the North under their feet. When they yield, they will yield to fidelity and courage; never to perfidy or poltroonry.

The time has passed when there need be any fear that these Copperheads will seriously affect the contest. They have become too well understood to make that any longer possible. But the breed will not die out. In fact an atmosphere pretty well heated with scorn rather agrees with such cold-blooded natures. Walking up Broadway you occasionally notice a copperhead breastpin. Mark how shamelessly the creature exposes his crest. Probably you will not see the last of it till the last rebel submits. Black Cockades insulted the public eye up to the flash of the last British gun. We believe they were never thicker than during the last month of the war. The more absolute the impotence, the ranker the impudence—a very common thing in human affairs, as everybody knows. It is not worth while to fret over that. The only excuse for any concern about the matter is the scandal which it brings upon the history of the day. It would be far more agreeable to have the entire record of the Northern people, in this struggle for their country, unblemished. But a thing like that never has been, and, short of the millenium, never will be. Until human nature changes, there can be no cause so sacred as to unite *all* hearts. It is not possible that the noble and the vile should respond to the same motive. The man of soul will of course be faithful; but it is just as certain that "the worm will do his kind."

The Rebels Resisting Conscription.

It was long a pleasant delusion of Southern rebels and their Northern sympathizers, that the rebellion could never be conquered, because the Southern people would be fighting for their homes and their independence, while the Northern soldiers would be merely fighting for an "idea" and their pay. It was held that the Southern armies would always be filled by the irrepressible ardor of the people, while the Northern armies, after the first fever of excitement and passion, would hardly be kept in skeleton form by conscription.

The result has established the contrary of these calculations. The rebel Government was at the first driven to resort to conscription, and its endeavors in this line have failed to keep its armies up to the capacity of effective defence. Its necessities have added constantly-increasing severity and rigor to measures of conscription; and the Southern people, so far from welcoming the duty of "self-defence," are proving restive beyond any Northern precedent, under the sacrifices they are called on to make. The papers of Alabama and Georgia have contained frequent accounts of alarming defection among the people, as manifested by obstinate aversion to sustain the war; and a Georgia paper recently declared that there are "more reconstructionists (Unionists) in Georgia than there are Abolitionists in Massachusetts." A number of counties in Northern Georgia, we have long known, from rebel sources, are filled with men who have fled from Southern homes to escape the draft, and are armed to resist it. And we now learn through reliable sources that the rebel conscription has utterly failed in Tennessee and Western North Carolina.

There are several deductions to be made from these established facts, that will be of future use to politicians and conspirators. The first is, that nearly all men who have "families and homes" prefer peace to war, and if neither family nor home has ever been wronged or invaded, they do not appreciate the necessity of fighting about it. When war is only a speculation and a possible thing, much gasconade may be indulged in; but when it is a present and a horrid reality, prudent thoughts resume sway, and men are inclined to "hide themselves till the tyranny be overpast." Southern leaders realize this fact in the unexpected opposition of their people to being drafted into a war against a Government that never touched their "families" or their "homes." The only molestation of their lives has come from the cruel conscription agents of the rebel Confederacy.

Another valuable deduction from these facts is, that men *will* fight, fiercely and persistently, for an "idea." The idea of nationality, in many natures, rises infinitely higher than any other of mere earthly scope and consideration. In this very war, homes in the South have been sacrificed, families in the South disowned, and arms in the field been borne by brother against brother and father against son, in sacred allegiance to an idea—the grand idea that Republican liberty, the welfare of the people of all the States and of the human race, are dependent on the continued unity of the American Government. The rebels are schismatics, separatists, destructives—their "idea" can only be popular with perverse, fallen, and desperate natures. The loyalists are for unity, strength, harmony and grandeur, and their "idea" takes hold of all the noblest, purest, and therefore most enduring passions of human existence.

The First Conviction of a Traitor.—The State of Kentucky is the first, we believe, to register a civil verdict against the crime of treason, since the great rebellion broke out. The victim is Thomas C. Shaclett, of Meade County, in that State. The case deserves special notice from the historic interest it will possess.

Shaclett was a man of bad morals and desperate character, who went off to the rebel side in 1861, under the lead of Gen. Buckner, the Cataline of Kentucky. He was connected with Forrest's command, entered Kentucky with Bragg's army, left it and went into Meade County, where he arrested the Sheriff and Assessor of the County, and took them as prisoners to the rebel camp. He was known to have killed a Union man in the State under circumstances of peculiar atrocity.

Shaclett was recently arrested by the Meade County Home Guards, indicted and tried in the United States Circuit at Louisville for treason. He was prosecuted by District-Attorney Thomas E. Bramlette, and ably defended by Wm. F. Bullitt and Isaac D. Stone, Esqs. The verdict of guilty was promptly rendered by the Kentucky jury, and Shaclett will undoubtedly be hung—the first traitor to meet a traitor's fitting doom.

This case affords gratifying evidence of the purification of public sentiment in Kentucky, which consigns a traitor to the gallows, and of the firm establishment of national power, under which the civil law is found adequate to punish the highest crime that can be committed against a State.

The Conscription Act.—A few days since, in replying to the very flagrant misrepresentation of the Conscription act contained in the Mozart Hall resolutions—that every man who could not pay $300 for a substitute would be compelled to serve in the ranks—we fell into the error of supposing, from the terms of the law, that the Secretary of War could vary this amount to meet the circumstances of each particular case. The copy of the law which we had before us at the time of writing, did not contain the clause which requires the rate of payment to be *uniform* for each State, though we find that this requirement is embodied in the law. But it still remains perfectly true, that the Secretary may fix the rate for any State at a lower figure than $300, if he chooses to do so. We copy in another column a letter addressed to Ex-Mayor Wood by Senator Wilson, who was Chairman of the Military Committee in the Senate, upon this subject. It sets forth the provisions of this act very clearly, and vindicates it completely from the objections urged against it by the resolutions of Mozart Hall.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

The Policy of the Democratic Leaders—The Difference Between the Beginning and Close of the Session—Innovations in Legislation—The Interest on the State Debt—Allowing Soldiers to Vote, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Albany, Wednesday, April 1, 1863.

If we had permitted ourselves to believe half that was said by the Democratic leaders, particularly in the Legislature, in the early days of the session, we would by this time have suffered no small degree of disappointment. Taking what they said in connection with Gov. Seymour's Message, and their swaggering manner, we had a right to suppose that long before this time the State would be in an attitude of open defiance to the General Government, and perhaps a distinct Republic proclaimed in alliance with the Southern Confederacy, and that New-England would have been driven into the sea, or compelled to join Canada. What Gov. Seymour and his party would not do was hard to say. At any rate, they were going to take the General Government under their schooling, and the war, if not conducted according to their notions, would be stopped altogether. Things had been going wrong long enough, and they were going to right them. So far from being a causeless war, it was a quarrel we had provoked, and they were going to have proper restitution made. If the Government undertook to make any more arrests, Gov. Seymour would arrest the Government. "It is a game two can play at," said Mr. Dean. There was no telling with Gov. Seymour at the head, and his valorous supporters to back him, what might not happen. And so prudent men held themselves prepared for almost anything.

But nothing has happened, except Gov. Seymour has subsided into the common sort, and very respectable person that he always was. The grand things said by him and his friends in the Legislature, have gone out in smoke. Nobody has been arrested in retaliation. The General Government still exists, stronger than ever since the war commenced. For all the aid and comforts the flushed Democracy undertook to give it, the rebellion is weaker than at any former time, while the general condition of affairs in the Governor's party resembles very much that supposed to exist when men butt their heads against very hard and very thick stone walls, and subside under the lessons of that sort of experience.

The session is drawing to a close, and no one can help observing the change that ten weeks have wrought. Mr. T. C. Fields does not swagger as he did, nor Mr. Dean predict or threaten as it was his wont; and, if the rest of those who tried to out-Herod Herod think at all on the subject, they probably wish they had not done it. The truth is, the great heart of the people beat right on; the great wheels of the Government and the power whose mission and duty it was to crush out this rebellion have kept right ahead, and gone over these men, and all like them, here and elsewhere, like so many weak straws, whose fragments are not worth removing.

In view of the movements of Fernando Wood, Tammany Hall, in conformity with a recent consultation here, will shortly make a demonstration, and unless Wood succumbs—which would be the first time—Tammany and Mozart will stand before the country with their old rivalries.

On a question of privilege in the House this morning, it came out that the investigating Committee desire that the testimony, or any part of it, should not be reported before it has been submitted to the House—a number of gross misrepresentations having been made. Mr. T. C. Fields complained that the correspondent of the New-York Times had represented that he had, on one occasion, asked a postponement, which he said was not the fact. That statement was made on what was deemed the very best, but it now appears mistaken, authority. I cheerfully give the correction, and hope that the mistakes made by others will be as promptly corrected.

The tendency in legislation to schemes of innovation, not to say private advantage, under the pretence of improvement or reform, is apparent, and not unfrequently such a guise covers some job which, honestly avowed, would have little consideration. Thus the plea of the public welfare is made to answer for the sins of many a project, in reality conceived for private advantage. The "act creating a State Reporter for the Supreme Court," to be appointed by the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Attorney-General, with a salary of $3,000 per annum, to hold his office for three years, and providing further for the publication of not exceeding three volumes, at a price not exceeding $2 50 a volume, of 500 pages, &c., &c., has been on the Assembly files a month. I do not understand that it is the offspring of any great necessity, or that it is in obedience to an application from disinterested sources. The Constitutional Convention, which will meet in a short time, would seem to be the proper tribunal to refer minor questions touching the Judiciary; at any rate, additions, modifications, and changes of every sort, it would seem, should be made only as the expressed wish of the legal profession, and then after mature deliberation.

The quarterly interest on the State debt fell due to-day. Last evening a concurrent resolution was offered in the Assembly by Mr. Dean, and passed, directing the Comptroller to pay the said interest in coin, except on stock held by suspended banks. In the Senate, last evening, a concurrent resolution was passed, directing the Comptroller to pay in coin on all stock held by foreigners. The House resolution was not acted on in the Senate last evening, though received before the adjournment, and the Senate resolution was not received in the House till this morning, when it was laid over under the rule, but subsequently called up under the suspension of the rule.

The aggregate amount of interest due to-day is $392,634 11, the premium on which in gold would be $177,000. The whole amount of the State debt is $31,000,000, of which but $3,386,000 is held abroad, $10,000,000 by individuals; all the rest is held by banks, so that, under the Senate resolution, coin would be paid on $3,386,000; under the Assembly resolution, on $13,386,000.

In the Senate it was held that it would tacitly discredit the Government currency to discriminate in this manner. What was receivable for Government dues, and was the only currency of the people, should be received by our own citizens holding State stock, and which is the currency in which the canal tolls and all other State revenue is received. With the foreign holders the case was different, and there was a manifest propriety in paying them coin.

In the House when the Senate resolution was called up, Mr. Dean moved his last night's resolution substantially as a substitute, and supported his views in some remarks. Mr. Depew supported the Senate resolution, providing coin to foreign holders. Mr. Van Buren moved to amend by directing payment in coin on all the stock by whoever held. This was lost—Ayes 27, Nays 68. Mr. Dean's amendment was lost—Ayes 52, Nays 60. The Senate resolution, that is, the coin to be paid to persons residing outside the United States only, was adopted—Ayes 83, Nays 21.

The vote in the House on these several propositions, with the exception of the last, assumed very much of a party character, a circumstance to which the message of Gov. Seymour, last evening, earnestly urging payment in gold, contributed in no small degree. In the Senate, the vote had little party resemblance.

The Susquehanna Railroad bill reached its third reading in the House, to-day, it having previously passed the Senate. It will now go to the Executive Chamber, for the fifth time, I believe. What the action of Gov. Seymour will be is, of course, unknown; but the friends of the bill profess to be confident that the signature will be appended to it without delay.

RODERICK.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Albany, Wednesday, April 1.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

Relative to the Heads of Departments of New-York.

Facilitating the acquisition of lands for Croton Water Works.

Incorporating the National Life and Limb Insurance Company.

Relative to the New-York Juvenile Asylum.

Incorporating the Dry Goods Clerks' Association of New-York.

The bill allowing the soldiers of this State in the service of the United States to vote by proxy, was debated by Messrs. Low, Bailey and Angel for, and Messrs. Ganson, Murphy and Pruyn against the bill, and passed by a vote of 19 to 7. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

The adverse vote on the bill relative to the Neptune Insurance Company was reconsidered and the bill referred back.

Several claim bills were debated and ordered to third reading. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

BILLS PASSED.

Incorporating the Master Stevedores' Association of the port of New-York.

Annulling the law relative to taxes in Morrisania and West Farms.

Incorporating the Hudson and Harlem River Canal Company.

For the relief of John McGrann.

Mr. Depew called up the Senate resolution, relative to the payment of the interest on the State debt, held by foreigners, in coin or its equivalent.

Mr. Dean moved an amendment, paying all creditors in coin or its equivalent, except incorporations under the State law other than savings banks.

Mr. Van Buren moved an amendment, paying foreign and domestic creditors in coin. Lost.

Mr. Dean's amendment was lost—52 to 60.

The Senate resolution was adopted—83 to 21.

The Supply bill was passed—91 to 14.

BILLS PASSED.

Authorizing the extension of certain streets between West Fourteenth and West Thirty-first streets, in New-York.

Relative to the sale of lands in New-York devised by Benj. Townsend.

The Albany and Susquehanna Railroad bill, by a vote of 78 to 28.

The bill amending the Revised Statutes relative to assignments was lost. A motion to reconsider was tabled. Recess.

EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Prindle's resolutions proposing amendments to the Constitution, relative to the organization of the Court of Appeals, was considered.

Mr. Starin moved to amend giving the Governor power to appoint Judges.

Carried—44 to 37. The resolutions were lost—67 to 10.

A communication was received transmitting the resolutions on Federal Relations, adopted by the Kentucky Legislature, pronouncing the President's Emancipation Proclamation unconstitutional and void; in favor of sustaining the Administration in a vigorous prosecution of the war. Also, a memorial of the General Assembly of Indiana complaining of the increased price of transportation of produce and merchandise to and from that State over the New-York railroads and canals, and deeming it a breach of comity between the States to ask for a decrease in price and make no complaint about tolls.

Mr. Fletcher reported favorably the Senate bill to promote enlistments.

Mr. Depew introduced a bill relative to County Treasurers.

The Congressional Banking Act.

Mr. Munroe, of the Banking Committee, to which was referred the communication of the Banking Department in answer to a resolution as to what legislation is necessary to make the Banking laws of our State conform with the late act of Congress, reported yesterday morning in favor of the passage of the following bill:

Section 1. It shall be lawful for persons to organize associations for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking within this State, under and in pursuance of the act of Congress, approved Feb. 25, 1863, entitled "an Act to provide a National currency secured by a pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof." The provisions of chapter twenty, article three, part one, of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to the associations formed as aforesaid, nor to the circulating notes issued in pursuance of the said act of Congress by such Associations.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for any Corporation or Joint Stock Association for banking purposes, or individual banker, authorized by the laws of this State, and now in operation, to avail itself of, and to act under, the provisions contained in Section 62 of the said act of Congress, and to issue and circulate the notes received as therein provided, in the same manner as if issued and circulated under the laws of this State.

But such Corporation, Joint Stock Association for Banking purposes, or individual banker, shall in its quarterly statement made to the Superintendent of the Banking Department, in addition to what is now required by law, report the amount of its notes in circulation, and the amount thereof on hand, and the amount received, and the amount issued to it in accordance with the provisions of the said Section 62.

And a compliance by such Corporation or Joint Stock Association for banking purposes, or individual banker, with the provisions of the aforesaid act of Congress for the registry and redemption of such notes received and issued for circulation, shall be deemed and taken, and is hereby declared to be a sufficient registry of said notes, and a sufficient security for the redemption thereof.

Provided, however, that the stockholders in every corporation, Joint Stock Association for banking purposes, or individual banker, which shall avail itself of the privileges conferred by this section, shall be individually responsible to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in any such corporation or association for all its debts and liabilities of every kind, including the notes received, issued and put in circulation by such corporation or association under the said act, and by virtue of this section.

Sec. 3. From and after the passage of this act, the securities hereafter to be deposited with the Superintendent of the Banking Department for notes for circulation to be issued to any Corporation or joint stock association for banking purposes, or individual banker shall be stocks of this State and of the United States in the following proportions, that is to say: Not to exceed seventy-five per centum in United States stocks, and not less than twenty-five per centum in stocks of this State, both stocks to be equal to, or be made equal to stocks yielding interest at the rate of six per centum per annum; and the securities now held by the Bank Department, so far as the same consist of United stocks and stocks of this State, may be adjusted on the application of any party concerned, so as to be in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 4. Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to release the stockholders of any Corporation or Joint Stock Association formed for banking purposes, from the liability imposed in article eight, section seven, of the Constitution of this State.

Sec. 5. The Legislature may at any time amend, alter or repeal this act.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Indigent Families of Volunteers.

Mr. P. E. Havens introduced in the Assembly the following bill:

An Act to provide for the relief of indigent families of Volunteers:

Section 1. The Supervisor, Town Clerk and Justices of the Peace in each of the towns of this State shall, ex officio, constitute a board of relief for their respective towns, and as such board shall have power from time to time to grant such relief to indigent families of volunteers from this State residing in such towns as shall seem necessary, and the amount of such relief shall be a town charge upon the several towns in which the same shall be granted, and shall be audited, collected and paid in the same manner as other town charges now authorized by law are audited, collected and paid.

Court of Appeals—Promotions.

Albany, Wednesday, April 1.

The Court of Appeals Calendar for to-morrow is as follows: 15, 5, 17, 18, 19, 22, 21, 23, 23.

The following promotions have been made in New-York regiments: Forty-seventh regiment, Henry Moore, Colonel; Fifty-first regiment, Chas. W. Le-Gendre, Colonel; Charlton Mitchell, Lieutenant-Colonel; John G. Wright, Major.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The preference of the public for MEDORI and MAZZOLENI, over the other artists of Mr. MARETZEK'S troupe, was again demonstrated last evening, when "Norma" was repeated, for the third time, to a house that is said to be the best of the season. The music of this work is certainly no longer attractive in itself, and must derive any fresh importance that it has from the extraordinary vitality infused into it by the artists we have named. The applause was so enthusiastic last evening, and the condition of all the singers so excellent that we shall not be surprised if "Norma" attracts several more crowded houses.

The performances here are suspended until Saturday next, when there will be an extraordinary *matinée*, at which the entire opera of "Linda di Chamounix" and the second act of "Massaniello" will be given. In the interpretation of these two works all the artists of the company, without exception, will take part. It is an opportunity that may not occur again.

Rebels in National Uniform.

The following order has been issued by Gen. SCHENCK:

HEADQUARTERS MIDDLE DEPARTMENT, EIGHTH ARMY CORPS, BALTIMORE, Md., March 29, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 21.—I. Officers and soldiers of the army of the so-called "Confederate States" having, in many instances, by capture, or by stripping the bodies of the dead, possessed themselves of uniform clothing and equipments of officers and soldiers of the United States, which articles of uniform they have afterward worn, and used to aid them in making their way within the lines of this army, and to enable them to approach, and deceive, and sometimes make prisoners of those who did not recognize them, by reason of such disguise, as enemies, it is ordered, That hereafter, any rebel officer or soldier, who shall be found and taken, either within the lines or otherwise, wearing any article of clothing, or any accoutrement, belonging to the usual uniform of a Union officer or soldier, so as to make such rebel officer or soldier appear as an officer or soldier of the United States, shall not be held or considered as a prisoner of war, *but shall be treated and dealt with as a spy.* And proof of the possession and wearing, by a rebel officer or soldier, of such Union uniform, shall be taken to be sufficient evidence in itself of his character of a spy, by any court-martial or military commission, before which he may be ordered for trial.

II. Maj.-Gen. R. H. MILROY, commanding the Second Division of this Army Corps, is directed to communicate copies of this order, by flag of truce, to the commander of the rebel forces, in the Valley of the Shenandoah.

By command of Maj.-Gen. SCHENCK.
WM. H. CHESEBROUGH, Lieut.-Col. and A. A. G.
(Official) MAXWELL WOODHULL, Aid-de-Camp.

Col. Connor's Fight with the Indians on Bear River.

LETTER FROM GEN. HALLECK.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29, 1863.

Brig.-Gen. G. Wright, Commanding Department of the Pacific, San Francisco, Cal.:

GENERAL: I have this day received your letter of Feb. 20, inclosing Col. P. E. CONNOR'S report of his severe battle and splendid victory on Bear River, Washington Territory. After a forced march of one hundred and forty miles in mid-winter, and through deep snows, in which 76 of his men were disabled by frozen feet, he and his gallant band of only two hundred attacked three hundred Indian warriors in their stronghold, and after a hard fought battle of four hours, destroyed the entire band, leaving two hundred and twenty-four dead upon the field. Our loss in the battle was fourteen killed and forty-nine wounded. Col. CONNOR and the brave Third California Infantry deserve the highest praise for their gallant and heroic conduct. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed) H. W. HALLECK, General-in-Chief.

Thirty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.—Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Premature Loss of the Hair, which is socommon now-a-days, may be entirely prevented by the use of BURNETT'S COCOAINE. It has been used in thousands of cases where the hair was coming out in handfuls, and has never failed to arrest its decay, and to promote a healthy and vigorous growth. It is at the same time unrivaled as a dressing for the hair. A single application will render it soft and glossy for several days. Prepared by JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston.

Premium on Gold.—The Subscriber, who cannot change his prices with the fluctuations of gold without incurring enormous expense in advertising the changes, is compelled to sell his Pens at old prices. Thinking his customers entitled to the benefit of the premium on gold, rather than the Wall-street debasers of the best currency this country ever had, he now offers to all remitting the amount of their orders in gold, the full premium in this City on the day when received. In this way he hopes to do the country and his customers some good without injuring himself, for the MORTON PEN cannot be made without gold. When Paper Money is sent, United States is preferred over any other. A. MORTON,
No. 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

IΩΔΗΣ.....IODINE WATER

Pure IODINE in pure WATER. A cure for Scrofula, Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Syphilis, Mercurial Disease, and all those distressing and afflicting maladies, which arise from an enfeebled, vitiated state of the blood, defective nutrition, an impure atmosphere, &c. Its genuineness as a pure solution, and its excellence as a medicine are attested by such distinguished names as Dr. J. R. Chilton, Prof. E. H. Parker, Pro. J. C. Booth, Dr. J. B. C. Smith and others.

$1 per bottle, $5 per half dozen.
Dr. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

Public Speakers, Military Officers and Singers can use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES freely, for relieving cough, irritation of the throat, and giving power and flexibility to the voice; containing no deleterious drug to prevent their free use, if requisite.

Ye Pimpled, Blotched and Ulcerated Victims of scrofulous diseases, who drag your unclean persons into the company of better men, take AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and purge out the foul corruption from your blood. Restore your health, and you will not only enjoy life better, but make your company more tolerable to those who must keep it.

Sore Throat Specific.

One bottle warranted to cure any case of SORE THROAT, or the money refunded. Price 50 cents.
DR. H. ANDERS & CO.,
Physicians and Chemists, No. 428 Broadway.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST, AT A. MOR, OTN. 8'No 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Dust! Dust!! Dust!!!

The Patent Metallic Weather-Strip Company, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, take pleasure in informing the public that they are prepared to render doors and windows of every description, dust, air and water-tight, as well as putting the same in thorough repair, (as they employ none but experienced carpenters,) from the present date until Oct. 1, at a reduction of 10 per cent. from Winter prices, with Brown's Anti-Dust Window-Bands and Weather-Strips, now so universally used and approved of on the most elegant residences in this City and vicinity.
NEW-YORK, March 19, 1863.

Craig's Celebrated Microscope is Mailed, prepaid, with 6 beautiful mounted objects, for $3: with 24 objects, $5, by HENRY CRAIG, 180 Centre-st., 3d floor, New-York. Liberal discount to dealers. Sold in Broadway by Fowler & Wells, 308; Shepard, 309; Low, 523; McFarland, cor. 23d-st.; Optical Inst., under Barnum's.

In selecting between the excellent Family Sewing Machines in the market—perhaps equally good in some respects—it should be borne in mind that the GROVER & BAKER is the only machine which embroiders.

Hats! Hats!—Spring Style. WHITE, Nos. 216 Broadway, has introduced his a la Parisian Hat—the BEST and most stylish of the season. Found only at No. 216 Broadway.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF MURRAY, EDDY & CO.'S
KENTUCKY AND MISSOURI STATE LOTTERIES.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 201.—April 1, 1863.
28, 10, 16, 3, 44, 45, 48, 68, 30, 22, 70, 59, 4.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 202.—April 1, 1863.
53, 46, 7, 58, 2, 35, 68, 48, 40, 71, 51, 15, 23, 39.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

DEAFNESS,

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, and Air-Passages.

DR. LIGHTHILL can be consulted daily until 3 P. M., at his residence, No. 34 St. Mark's-place. Patients will not be received except during the regular office hours, unless in cases of emergency or by special arrangement. Parties residing at a distance are hereby informed that a personal examination is requisite in every case before appropriate treatment can be instituted.

Letters of Consultation must contain Five Dollars, or they will remain unanswered,

Dr. Lighthill's recent work, "A Popular Treatise on Deafness—Its Causes and Prevention," may be obtained of Carleton, Publisher, No. 413 Broadway, or of any respectable bookseller. Price $1.

NEW TESTIMONIALS

From Rev. John Nott, D. D., Professor in Union College, Schenectady.

SCHENECTADY, Jan. 17, 1863.

Dr. LIGHTHILL—

SIR: Having been cured by you of a discharge in an ear, which has been very offensive of late, and as far back as I can remember, always more or less so; and having been entirely restored to hearing since under your care, I feel that I cannot withhold this acknowledgment from any use it may be to others, especially as I have applied in vain to my family physician and other physicians of reputation. Yours, truly, JOHN NOTT.

No 11 DEY-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1863.

DR. E. B. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* It is with the kindest feelings toward you, and hoping to do service to some one who is afflicted, that I forward the inclosed document to you.

To whom it may concern: I am personally acquainted with the success which attended Dr. Lighthill's treatment in a case of discharge from the ear and chronic inflammation of the throat, and would be pleased to give further information on application.

V. D. W. WEEKS.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, NEW-YORK, Jan. 7, 1863.

I have pleasure in testifying to the skill and kind attention of Dr. Lighthill, who has relieved me from a troublesome deafness, brought on by a severe cold. I shall be happy to answer any inquiries made by persons seeking information, at my address, as above.

ROBERT CLIVE, Book-keeper.

I placed my wife under the care of Dr. Lighthill, for deafness in one ear of nearly three years' standing, accompanied by constant noises. I am happy to state that her hearing is now entirely restored, and the noises removed. Those residing in New-York who are desirous of further information may apply to my brother-in-law, Capt. William Edwards, at No. 95 East Thirty-fourth-st., who is acquainted with the circumstances of the case.

FRANCIS GOULDY.

NEWBURGH, No. 73 Grand-st., Dec. 23, 1862.

I have been suffering for some time with noise in my head and deafness. Having applied to Dr. Lighthill, I have great pleasure in saying that he has completely relieved me, so that now I can hear as well as ever, and am not troubled with the noise in my head.

I may also mention that a young man named Henry Laws, staying with me, was also afflicted in a similar manner, and Dr. Lighthill was equally successful in his case.

JOHN MURDOCK, No. 197 Fulton-st.
BROOKLYN, Jan. 2, 1863.

This may certify that, having been afflicted during the year 1856 with severe and almost total deafness, and having tried the ordinary medical and surgical aid, under the care of those esteemed as eminent practitioners, I was induced at last to put myself under the care of Dr. E. B. Lighthill. His treatment was brief and successful. I was completely restored, and the cure is apparently permanent. I have all confidence in Dr. L.'s skill and integrity in the diseases he makes specialties.

JAMES CRUIKSHANK, LL.D.,
Editor New-York *Teacher*.

ALBANY, Oct. 1, 1862.

NEW-YORK, June 29, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill:

DEAR SIR: I am pleased to be able to testify to the efficacy of your treatment in the case of my wife, whose hearing in one ear you succeeded in restoring, after treatment of various kinds had been applied in vain. I may futhermore state that her hearing remains good up to the present time, though it is several years, since she has been under your care. E. CLAYBURGH, No. 141 Duane-st.

No. 42 FIFTH-ST., NEW-YORK, June 25, 1862.

DR. LIGHTHILL—*Dear Sir:* I take pleasure in testifying to the remarkable skill and judgment you displayed in the case of my daughter, who had been partially deaf, accompanied by discharge from the ears, since early infancy, and is now, thanks to your treatment, able to hear as well as any one, while her ears are free from the discharge. Although it is nearly two years since she has been under your care, her hearing remains as good, and her ears as sound, as the day she left you.

O. S. HOLLY.

CATARRH CURED.

From Rev. P. R. Russell, Lynn, Mass.

I have been much troubled with catarrh of the worst type for some twenty years. It gradually grew worse, producing cough and hoarseness, destroying the sense of smell, and breaking down my general health to such a degree as to compel me to resign my pastorate, and suspend public speaking.

I made diligent use of the usual remedies, such as snuffs of different kinds, nitrate of silver, tar water, olive tar and inhalations, but without any very salutary effects. Last Summer I heard of Dr. Lighthill's successful mode of treating catarrh, visited him, and put myself under his treatment. I began immediately to improve, and this improvement has gone on to the present time. My catarrh has gradually melted away, my cough has disappeared, my voice has become natural, and I am once more able to preach the blessed Gospel. Let me advise all troubled with catarrhal difficulties to apply to Dr. Lighthill.

P. R. RUSSELL.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 1, 1862.

No. 740 WATER-ST., NEW-YORK, June 5, 1862.

Dr. Lighthill has succeeded in completely restoring my hearing, which was seriously impaired, although previous to applying to him I was treated by several physicians without the least benefit. Any further information I should be pleased to render on application to me at my residence, No. 173 Second-st., Brooklyn. E. D., or at my place of business, No. 740 Water-st.

WM. H. WATERBURY.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, NEW-YORK, April 1, 1862.

DEAR SIR: I take much pleasure in testifying to the professional skill exhibited by you in your treatment of a case of severe inflammation of the throat and ear with which I have lately been afflicted. Upon coming under your charge I was immediately relieved and speedily cured of a most aggravated complaint, which several physicians had previously sought in vain to mitigate.

As I am somewhat of a stranger in the City, I would state that you are at liberty to substantiate my statements, if necessary, by reference to my relatives, Mr. A. V. Stout, President of the Shoe and Leather Bank of New-York, and to Mr. Everett Clapp, of the Western Transportation Company, No. 1 Coenties-slip.

With much esteem, I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
FRED. M. HANKS.

To Dr. LIGHTHILL, No. 34 St. Marks-place, New-York.

☞ Further reference to parties of the highest respectability, residing here and elsewhere, on application.

A NEW STORY, BY SYLVANUS COBB, JR.,

ENTITLED

THE FORTUNES OF CONRAD:

A ROMANCE OF ANCIENT BRITTANY.

In the LEDGER for next week, which will be ready on Monday, at 12 o'clock, we shall commence a story, under the above title, by our universally popular contributor, SYLVANUS COBB, JR. The incidents and scenes of the story are cast in that far-off, romantic and heroic period of the word's history, with which Mr. Cobb is so familiar. The hero of the tale is one of those stalwart, lion-hearted, but romantic personages whose exploits are historical, and to whose courage and virtue the world is indebted for its early advancement from barbarism to civilization—from paganism to Christianity—and who were as devoted in love as they were gallant in war.

JOHN HOOPER & CO.,
CITY AND COUNTRY ADVERTISING AGENTS,
NO. 41 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK TIMES BUILDING.

J. H. & Co. are inserting advertisements in all Newspapers published in the United States and British Provinces. A careful selection of papers is made, adapted to any business, and the ADVERTISING is done in the best possible manner, saving time, trouble and expense to the advertiser. MERCHANTS, BANKERS, BROKERS, STEAMSHIP and RAILROAD AGENTS, and business men generally, wishing to extend their trade, are respectfully invited to call at the office, No. 41 Park-row, and examine papers and prices.

Nearly all newspapers published throughout the country are received and filed at this office.

REFERENCES.—Messrs. H. J. Raymond & Co., publishers of the New-York *Times*, and the publishers of the leading newspapers throughout the United States and Canada.

HYATT'S "AB" OR DOUBLE STRENGTH LIFE BALSAM,

The most certain curative for
RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, DYSPEPSIA,
And diseases of great impurity of the blood.
Only to be had at principal depot, No. 246 Grand-st,
$1 PER BOTTLE.

BALLOU'S
Patented
French Yoke
SHIRTS.
Warranted to FIT, and to be
CHEAPER
for the same qualities and make than those of any other Shirt House in this city.
Circular containing drawings and prices sent free.

For sale by all the principal dealers throughout the United States.

BALLOU BROTHERS 403 Broadway, New York.

BROWN'S STANDARD SCALES.

ESTABLISHED FORTY YEARS.
Adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable SCALE is required.
SCALES for RAILROADS, COAL and HAY Dealers.
SCALES for PROVISION, GRAIN and IRON Dealers.
SCALES for GROCERS, DRUGGISTS and Confectioners.
Counter, Portable, Platform, Dormant Scales, &c.
Weighmaster, Beams, Frames and Apparatus.
SCALES adjusted to suit Foreign Standards, all of which are warranted in every particular, at wholesale and retail.
R. BROWN,
(successor to J. L. Brown,) Manufacturer,
No. 3 Barclay-st., opposite Astor House.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA

DR. STERLING'S AMBROSIA is a stimulating oily extract of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It will cure all diseases of the scalp, and itching of the head; entirely eradicates dandruff, prevents the hair from falling out, or turning prematurely gray, causing it to grow thick and long. Sold by druggists everywhere. Put up in a box containing two bottles. Price, $1.
DR. H. H. STERLING, Sole Proprietor.
Depôt No. 493 Broadway.

JOHN MEEKS & SON,
MANUFACTURERS
OF
CABINET FURNITURE,
Nos. 333 and 335 4th st.,
Northwest corner of Broadway.

The largest assortment of rich and plain furniture to be found in the City, made of the very best well-seasoned and selected material, by the best workmen in the country, under the immediate supervision of the firm, whose reputation for excellence of manufacture has been established seventy years.

Also, an assortment of superior cottage furniture, now being made for the Spring trade.

DR. SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT
CURES BURNS AND SCALDS IMMEDIATELY.
RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Wich, Conn.
MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents, 46 Cliff-st., New-York.

THE PITCHERS ARE READY!!

We mean the new, seasonable, patent double silverplated ICE PITCHERS; a little higher in price than last year, but much more beautiful patterns, and of the quality of "SHEFFIELD PLATE." The style and quality of our TEA SETTS, URNS, CASTERS, WAITERS, FORKS, SPOONS, &c., &c., are equal to any in the City, and our wholesale and retail patrons will find it to their interest to purchase of LUCIUS HART & CO.,
Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-slip.

DIAMONDS FOR SALE LOW.

1 set Cluster Diamond Ear-Rings and Pin.....$1,600
1 large Single-Stone Ring 1,400
1 large Cluster Ring 650
1 large Cluster Ring 500
For sale by GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES
ARE NOW SUPPLIED FROM NO. 165 6TH-AV.

HOP-PLANTERS' OFFICE,
No. 12 Three Crown-square, Boro', London, Eng.
RANGER & CO., HOP FACTORS,
RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF AMERICAN HOPS.
BANKERS' REFERENCES.

NOTICE TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.—CHINA, Glass and Crockery, Plated Ware, Cutlery and Fancy Articles, at low prices.
French China Dining Sets, 164 pieces, $45.
English Gold and Colored Dining Sets, $45 and upwards.
Gold and Colored Tea Sets, 44 pieces, $7 50 and up wards.
Gold and Colored Breakfast Sets, 60 pieces, $9 50.
Fine English Dining Sets, 165 pieces, $25.
Fine English Tea Sets, 56 pieces, $3 90.
We still continue to manufacture Gas and Kerosene Chandeliers, Kerosene Lamps, Bronze Ornaments, Portable Stands, &c.
Churches and Public Buildings fitted for Gas.
Please give us a call and judge for yourselves.
J. T. DONALDSON.
No. 5 Leroy-place, Bleecker-st.,
One block west of Broadway.
JOHN HYSLOP, late with E. V. Haughwout & Co.

MASONIC.—THE MEMBERS OF TEMPLAR LODGE No. 203, F. and A. M., are requested to meet at their Lodge Room, on THURSDAY next, at 1 P. M., to pay the last tribute of respect to our late worthy brother, A. J. McCarty. By order,
W. P. BYRON, M.
JAMES S. STITT, Secretary.

TO LET—THE NORTHERN HOTEL, CORNER OF Cortlandt-st. and West, opposite the Jersey City Ferry, one of the oldest established hotels in the City, at the terminus of the great lines of Eastern, Western and Southern travel, and the Hudson River and Boston steamboat landings. The above hotel offers an excellent opening for competent and responsible parties. HENRY HARRISON, No. 81 Cortlandt-st., in the basement.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.—A Fresh supply of this celebrated remedy for coughs, colds, &c. Also, Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills.
DEMAS S. BARNES & CO., No. 202 Broadway.

POLITICAL.

NOTICE.

LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS.
NEW-YORK, March 31, 1863.

The Executive Committee have the great pleasure to announce to the members of the League, that fully appreciating the earnest desire which prevails among loyal citizens to show their high appreciation of the public services of Major-Gen. B. F. BUTLER, it has been deemed proper to change the order of proceeding announced for THURSDAY EVENING, at the Academy of Music, to enable the officers and members of the League to act in unison with the citizens who have extended to Gen. BUTLER an invitation to accept their hospitality in this City. He will accordingly be received at the Academy on the evening named, THURSDAY, the 2d of April, at 7½ o'clock, in conformity with arrangements to be announced by a Joint Committee of Citizens and Officers of the League.

Notice will be given, to-morrow morning, of the time and place for issuing tickets of admission.

By order of the Executive Committee.
R. H. McCURDY, Chairman.
P. M. WETMORE, Secretary.

COMMITTEE OF SIGNERS TO THE LETTER TO GEN. BUTLER: Charles Butler, George Opdyke, Chs. H. Marshall, R. H. McCurdy, R. W. Bonney, Shepherd Knapp, D. Dudley Field.

COMMITTEE OF THE LOYAL LEAGUE OF UNION CITIZENS: Chas. Gould, N. Knight, P. M. Wetmore, W. Hutchins, W. G. Lambert, Ja. Wadsworth, L. W. Jerome.

CITIZENS' RECEPTION TO MAJ.-GEN. BUTLER,
At the Academy of Music, on
THURSDAY EVENING,
April 2, at 7½ o'clock.

The Committee of the Loyal League of Union citizens, having, on the request of the Committee in behalf of the subscribing citizens of New-York, who united in the letter to Gen. Butler, inviting him to visit this City, for the purpose of affording the citizens an opportunity of testifying their respect for his character and services, in some public and appropriate manner, consented to waive their arrangements for a public meeting on the 2d of April, and tendered the use of the Academy for the purpose, such reception will now be given to Gen. Butler, on the evening of THURSDAY, April 2, at 7½ o'clock, at the Academy of Music, on which occasion Gen. Butler has signified his willingness to address the citizens.

Admission will be by tickets, and notice will be given in the evening papers when and where they can be procured.

COUNCIL OF TWENTY-FIVE.

George Opdyke,	Wm. Curtis Noyes,	Robert Bayard,
Charles King,	Morris Ketchum,	John J. Cisco,
John A. Stevens,	Seth B. Hunt,	C. V. S. Roosevelt,
Wm. C. Bryant,	E. Caylus,	Francis G. Shaw,
John C. Green,	Moses Taylor,	C. A. Heckscher,
A. T. Stewart,	Chas. Butler,	W. H. Webb,
Francis Lieber,	F. B. Cutting,	William F. Cary.
William E. Dodge,	James McKaye.	

Treasurer—JOHN A. STEVENS,
President Bank of Commerce.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF TWENTY-FIVE.

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William A. Hall,	C. A. Bristed,	Geo. P. Putnam.

Secretary—JAMES A. ROOSEVELT,
No. 94 Maiden-lane.

LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.

The members of the LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE are notified that a fine HALL has been permanently engaged at No. 813 Broadway, and will be opened for their reception on Monday next.

A READING-ROOM, supplied with journals and pamphlets, will be open daily from 8 A. M. to 11 P. M.

PAMPHLETS, for distribution in each Ward, can be obtained on application to the Clerk in charge of the Hall, on the order of the member of the "Ward Committee of the Loyal National League" representing the same.

A BULLETIN will always be found at the Hall, containing the latest war news from every section of the country.

The ROLL and PLEDGE of the League will be always ready for signature at the Hall.

A voluntary ASSESSMENT LIST can also be subscribed.

CONTRIBUTIONS may be sent to the Treasurer, John A. Stevens, Esq., President of the Bank of Commerce.

BADGES can be obtained by members of the League, on application to the Clerk.

A CERTIFICATE OF MEMBERSHIP, designed by one of the most distinguished artists of the country, will be ready for delivery in a few days.

MEDALS can be had, by those desirous of purchasing them, at a low price JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, Secretary of the League.

LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUE.

The LOYAL NATIONAL LEAGUES, organized in the different Wards of the City, are requested to make arrangements to attend the MASS MEETING OF THE LEAGUE, called for SATURDAY, the 11th of April, the Anniversary of SUMTER, on Union-square.

Notice should be at once sent to the undersigned of the part each Association may desire to take in the ceremonies of the day.

JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, Secretary,
No. 94 Maiden-lane.

THE UNION.

A public meeting will be held by the Young Men's Republican Central Committee, at their Rooms, corner of Broadway and 23d-st., on FRIDAY EVENING, April 3, at 7½ o'clock. The following named gentlemen will speak for the Union: Hon. E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Col. ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD, WM. ROSS WALLACE. By order of the Executive Committee.

WM. H. ARMSTRONG, Chairman Central Com.
ALLAN RUTHERFORD, Chairman Ex. Com.
C. S. STRONG, Secretary.

HEADQUARTERS REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE, of the City and County of New-York, corner of 23d-st. and Broadway. A regular meeting of the Republican Central Committee will be held at these Headquarters on THURSDAY EVENING, April 2, at 8 o'clock P. M. By order of
WILLIAM A. DARLING, Chairman.
A. M. PALMER, } Secretaries.
JOHN J. SHAW, }

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.—The regular meeting of the Republican Central Committee will be held at Headquarters, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 2, 1863, at 7½ o'clock. By order.
WM. A. DARLING, President.
A. M. PALMER, } Secretaries.
JOHN J. SHAW, }

TWENTY-SECOND WARD CONSERVATIVE REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A regular monthly meeting of this Association will be held at their Hall, No. 687 8th-av., THIS EVENING, (April 2,) at 7½ o'clock. Several eminent speakers will address the meeting. A. P. SMITH, Secretary.

RECEPTION TO MAJ.-GEN. BUTLER.

Tickets, admitting one person each, can be had on application at either

A. D. F. RANDOLPH, No. 683 Broadway.
FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL.
ASTOR HOUSE, and at
HUSSEY'S Special Message Post, No. 50 William-st. near Wall-st.

CHARLES BUTLER, } Committee of
CHARLES GOULD, } Arrangements.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE OF PRIZE PROPERTY.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction, on the 8th day of April, 1863, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the UNION STORES, Brooklyn, the cargo of the PRIZE STEAMER ANGLIA, consisting of—

DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
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Catalogues of the above sale will be ready for distribution at the Marshal's office three days previous to the sale.

MARCH 30, 1863.

ROBERT MURRAY,
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HORACE GREELEY.

THE CARNIVAL IN SWITZERLAND,
BY
MRS. MARY H. C. BOOTH.

IN MEMORIAM,
BY
REV. H. W. BEECHER.

THE PALACE OF CLAY.
A LEGEND OF MANSOUL.
A STORY FOR THE CHILDREN.
IMMORTELLE.
BY
MARIE MASON.

A LETTER FROM THE WEST
BY
REV. J. E. ROY.

A LETTER FROM WASHINGTON,
BY
DANIEL W. BARTLETT.

A SERMON,
BY
REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

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THE LANCASHIRE DISTRESS.
THE SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH.

THE
COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT
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AS COOK—WAITRESS, &c.—TWO YOUNG women want situations; one as cook; understands pastry, and makes first-rate bread and biscuit, and is an excellent washer and ironer; the other as waitress and chambermaid, or to assist in washing and ironing, if required; both have the best of references from their last places; would like to go together. Call at No. 127 West 24th-st.

AS COOK—CHAMBERMAID, &c.—SITUAtions wanted by two young women; one as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; the other as chambermaid and waitress, or do plain sewing or washing; has good references. Apply for two days, at No 213 East 23d-st., second flight stairs.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a situation as first-rate cook in a re[illegible] family; understands all kinds of cooking thoro[illegible]ughly, and is willing to assist in washing if required; has the best of City references from her last place, where she has lived the last five years. Call at No. 217 East 19th-st., second floor.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT WOman, a situation as cook and assist in the washing and ironing of a small family; is a good cook and baker, and an excellent washer and ironer; can give the best of City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 248 East 8th-st., second floor, front room.

AS COOK OR GENERAL SERVANT.—Wanted, a situation, by a smart, capable girl, to do cooking or general housework; is an obliging, trusty servant, an excellent washer and ironer, and highly recommended; City or country. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st, Brooklyn.

AS COOK.—COUNTRY SITUATION WANTED; by an English Protestant woman, as first-class cook; she understands her business in all its branches, and is a good baker. Can be seen for two days at No. 119 24th-st., third floor.

AS COOK.—A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as first-class cook in a private family; understands her business truly; can come well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 147 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., third floor, front room.

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AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A very quick and active girl, who is a thorough waitress, wishes a situation either in a private family or first-class boarding-house; is neat and very obliging; excellent references. No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn. R. P. CHRISTOPHER.

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AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—A SITUAtion wanted, as nurse and seamstress, by a Protestant; can take care of an infant or growing children; has City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 42 West 30th-st., between Broadway and 6th-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A respectable girl, as child's nurse; is competent to take charge of a nursery; the best City reference can be given. Can be seen at her former employer's, No. 50 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

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SITUATIONS WANTED.

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MALES.

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AS GARDENER.—SITUATION WANTED, AS gardener, by a married man, (Scotchman,) with a very small family; has a thorough practical knowledge of gardening in general; would prefer a small place; can produce very superior reference as to capability, trustworthiness, &c., &c. Address HORTICULTURIST, Box No. 203 *Times* Office for this week.

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AS GARDENER.—A SITUATION WANTED BY a young man (American) as vegetable gardener; would not object to take care of a horse, cow, &c.; good reference furnished. Address C. A., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS GARDENER, OR GARDENER AND FARMER.—A Protestant married man wants employment as above; is first-class in either profession. Address COMPETENT, Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

AS VEGETABLE GARDENER AND FARMER.—A married man desires a situation as vegetable gardener and farmer; understands the care and management of horses and cattle; is sober and industrious, and is not afraid of hard work. Address E. HANLON, No. 23 West Broadway, Room No. 6, up stairs.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A SITUation wanted, by a single man, as coachman and vegetable gardener; he is a sober, honest, industrious man; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; is a careful driver, good groom; can come highly recommended. Address, for two days, C. K., Box No 194 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—WANTed, a situation by a single man; understands his business; best of City references. Address D. M., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED, by a Scotchman, who knows his business thoroughly in every respect. Best of City references. Call or address JOHN, at Walker's saddlery, Broadway and 24th-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted, by a single man, who perfectly understands his business in all its departments; can give the best of reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability, and is willing to make himself generally useful. A note addressed to M. C., Box No. 220 *Times* Office, will meet attention.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM OR COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—Wanted, a situation as above; is a good driver, and understands the care of horses and gardening; has good references. Call at No. 149 Grand-st.

AS COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—A young man wishes a situation as coachman and gardener; will do both on a small place, and will make himself generally useful; has the best of reference. Address, for two days, A., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SITUATION wanted, by a married man, (no incumbrance,) as coachman and groom; would assist in the garden and make himself useful; the woman is a good sewer, or would assist about the house; can produce the best of reference. Address HAMILTON, Box No. 146 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND PLAIN GARDENER.—Wanted, a situation by a young man who understands the care and management of horses, and is a good driver; no objection to the country; good reference. Address J. Y., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—SITUATION WANTED AS coachman by a young man; is a good groom and careful driver, and understands his business thoroughly; can give good references if required. Address J. K., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable single man, as coachman, who understands his business; can give best of references; is willing to make himself useful about a gentleman's place. Address J. H., Box No. 192 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN.—A YOUNG MAN FROM ENGland wishes a situation as coachman, with a respectable family; would make himself generally useful. Address No. 59 Washington-st., New-York.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SITUATION wanted, by a single man, as coachman and groom; would assist in a garden; perfectly understands his business in every respect; has the best of reference. Address J. R., Box No. 193 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—SITUATION wanted as above, by a man who thoroughly understands the care and management of horses, and is fully capable to take the entire charge of a gentleman's place, if required; good City reference from his last employer. Address O. G., No. 60 Union-square, in the saddler's store.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation, by a respectable young man, as coachman and groom; is a good, careful driver; no objections to go in the country; has good reference from his last place. Can be seen for three days at No. 7 4th-av., between 23d and 24th sts., in the harness-maker's.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—A SITUAtion wanted by a single man who perfectly understands the care and management of horses; is a good and careful driver; has the best of reference; country preferred. Address B. S., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

AS COACHMAN AND GROOM.—WANTED, a situation as coachman and groom, by a single young man; the best of City reference given. Address J. K., Box No. 209 *Times* Office, for two days.

AS GROOM AND COACHMAN.—A YOUNG man wants a situation as groom and coachman, having had long experience in Europe and in this country; can be highly recommended by his last employer. Apply to M. Y., No. 79 Bleecker-st., for two days.

AS PORTER.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A Protestant man as porter in a store; is willing to make himself useful; is not afraid to work; four years and six months in his last place. Address J. S., Box No. 206 *Times* Office, for two days.

SCOTCH GARDENER—MARRIED, NO CHILdren, desires a situation; experienced in the care of greenhouses, graperies, and the entire management of a gentleman's place; best of reference. Address GARDENER, office of Halliday & Hollande, No. 74 Beaver-st.

TO BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS.—A young man, of liberal education, literary tastes and Christian character, desires a situation in a bookstore or publishing house; highest references as to character and capacity. Address BIBLOS, Box No. 171 *Times* Office, for one week.

AS HARDWARE CLERK.—A SITUATION wanted, as above, by a young man; having over six years' experience in the trade; has got good reference. Address W. H., Box No. 190 *Times* Office.

BY MAN AND WIFE.—WANTED, SITUATIONS by a man and wife, no family, Protestants; man is a good gardener, or would take charge of a farm; wife is an excellent cook or dairy woman; can give the best of references. Call on or address A. B., at Smith's seed-store, No. 65 Liberty-st.

BY MAN AND WIFE.—A GERMAN MAN AND his wife desire situations; the man is a good hand on a farm and plain gardener; also a good and careful driver; the wife is a good general housewerker and dairymaid; salary not so much an object as a good home. Call at No. 378 6th-av.

ATTENTION.—ALL PERSONS IN WANT OF A good coachman, or coachman and gardener, farmers, useful men, porters, waiters; also hotels, boarding-houses, stores, brickyards, &c. men furnished with all kinds of work or business. Call at or address SERVANTS' INSTITUTE, No. 149 Grand-st.

HELP WANTED.

A CLERK WANTED—FOR A COAL OFFICE; wages $10 per week. Apply to MR. SPINK, No. 7 Chatham-square.

A COOK—WAITRESS.—WANTED, A COOK and waitress; both to assist in the washing and ironing; they may be either German, Scotch, Irish or colored. Apply for two days, before 12 o'clock, at No. 19 East 37th-st., one door from Madison-av.

A COOK.—WANTED, A COMPETENT COOK, who is willing to assist in washing and ironing; good references required. Apply at No. 21 East 37th-st., from 10 to 12 A. M.

TO PIANO-MAKERS.—WANTED, TWO FINishers and a fly-finisher. Highest prices paid at No. 245 West 28th-st., between 5th and 10th avs.

WANTED—FOR WHALING VOYAGES, MEN that have been at the business, and also green hands, and coopers, carpenters and blacksmiths, and cooks and stewards. Apply at No. 57 West-st., corner of Rector-st., to D. L. PEARL.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED,
100 Mantilla-makers.
Apply at Nos. 304 and 306 Canal-st.
GEO. CAREY.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A GARDENER who thoroughly understands the care of a vegetable garden and small fruits; is successful with young fruit trees and out-door flowers; can keep a small place in good order; and is willing to make himself generally useful. No greenhouse nor horses. Apply at No. 211 Pearl-st., between 12 and 2 o'clock.

GARDENER AND FARMER WANTED.—A Man who thoroughly understand their business, and who present satisfactory recommendations as to capacity, industry and honesty, can hear of a good situation by applying to WM. B. LUNG, No. 54 Cliff-st., between 12 and 2 o'clock.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, A SOBER, INDUStrious, single man, to take care of a horse and garden a short distance from the City; none but a sober man need apply, and one who brings good reference. Apply at No. 9 Warren-st., up stairs.

A GARDENER.—WANTED, AS PLAIN GARdener, a single man, who can bring the best of references as to his character and capability. Apply to T. S. YOUNG, No. 120 Chambers-st.

TO PRINTERS.—ADAMS' AND CYLINDER PRESS FEEDER BOYS WANTED.—Several good hands wanted this morning. Apply in the Printing Office, No. 1 Spruce-st.

WANTED—TWO MEN, ONE AS GARDENER and the other as porter in a hotel; both must understand their business thoroughly, and produce good references. Apply at the Servants' Institute, No. 307 4th-av.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS SOME knowledge of the confectionery business, to go a short distance in the country. Address R., Box No. 160 *Times* Office, stating experience and wages expected.

WANTED—SIX SALESWOMEN FOR MILLInery and embroideries; also, two bonnet trimmers. Situations permanent the year round. Apply to WM. KINZEY, No. 221 and 223 4th-av.

WANTED—AT MRS. GREEN'S EMPLOYMENT Agency, No. 950 Broadway, good cooks, washers and ironers, and the best of help of every calling. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

DRY GOODS.

NOVELTIES IN CLOAKS & MANTILLAS.
SPRING OPENING,
Thursday, April 2,
METROPOLITAN CLOAK ROOMS,
No. 495 Broadway.

HENRY MOORE, formerly of the house of Beckman & Co., respectfully informs the public that he has opened at

THE METROPOLITAN CLOAK ROOMS
some rich and elegant designs in
CLOAKS and MANTILLAS
Of the latest Parisian Styles,
In Cloth or Silk, beautifully embroidered, trimmed or ornamented; and that he will manufacture to order
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS,
of the best material in the most elegant, fashionable and perfect manner.
HENRY MOORE, Agent.

COATS' 200 YARDS SPOOL COTTON!!!
ONE DOLLAR A DOZEN.
10,000 doz. COATS' 200 yards SPOOL COTTON.
ONE DOLLAR A DOZEN.
Closing all our Ladies' LIGHT KID GLOVES.
BEST QUALITY, OLD PRICE, Old prices, 63 CENTS A PAIR.
OPENING NEW RIBBONS,
NEW LACES,
NEW EMBROIDERIES.
R. H. MACY,
Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., 2 doors below 14th-st.

TUCKER'S IMPORTED
BRIDAL SETS AND VEILS,
BRIDEMAIDS' WREATHS,
Flowers and Feathers,
Hoop Skirts and Bonnet-Frames,
No. 759 Broadway.

SOLOMON & HART,
No. 369 BROADWAY,
ARE MAKING UP EVERY STYLE OF
CURTAINS, VALLENCES,
CORNICES AND TRIMMINGS,
GOLD, PAINTED & HOLLAND
WINDOW SHADES,
AT A SLIGHT ADVANCE ON
OLD PRICES.

GREAT FALL IN COTTON GOODS.
SPECULATION
PLAYED OUT.
CHARLES HEARD & CO.,
No. 301 Grand-st.,
Still continue to sell their large stock of Domestic Dry Goods at retail at less than wholesale or auction prices.
150 PACKAGES
best made Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirting Linen, Damask and Diaper Table-cloths, Napkins, Towelings, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, &c., &c.
Also,
SILKS,
SILKS,
SILKS,
Another job lot from
AUCTION.
250 Pieces of light
FANCY SILKS,
Suitable for Spring and Summer, at 68., 78., 88., 98. and 10s. per yard.
100 pieces very rich and heavy at 12s., 14s. and 16s.
300 pieces Black Gros de Rhines and Figured Silks at retail less than wholesale prices.
CHARLES HEARD & CO.,
No. 301 GRAND-ST.
N. B.—Housekeepers, all consumers, speculators, country merchants, jobbers, retailers, commission, or any men that buy for cash, are invited to examine our stock.

CHEAPEST SHIRT HOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES.

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Six Shirts, made of Wamsutta and Wouregan Muslin, which is equal in wear to the best New-York Mills Muslin; six for $14, and six for $15. Six New-York Mills Muslin Shirts, with Extra Fine Linen Bosoms and Wristbands—six for $18. This is cheaper by $6 per dozen than any other house. Send for circular. Single Shirts made for sample. FREDERICK LEWIS, No. 655 Broadway

PER "CITY OF MANCHESTER,"
JUST RECEIVED, "ROMAN SCARFS."
Sole Agents for the United States,
JACKSON & PURDY,
No. 647 Broadway.
NOTICE—
The public will please notice that we are the originators and sole Agents for these goods, and that all other articles of the same name are imitations, and of a very different and inferior kind.

GLOVES—GLOVES—GLOVES.
Reduction in prices. 4,000 dozens Black, White and Light colors, at 75c., worth $1 25; 1,100 dozens worked backs, reduced to $1; 400 dozens, plain colors, reduced to 90c. N. B.—All the Hosiery and Undergarments reduced, and 25c. a pair off all the celebrated makes of Kid Gloves. Children's Kid Gloves, 50c. At ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

SAVINGS BANKS

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 429 CANAL-ST., CORNER OF VARICK.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2, and from 5 to 7 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on sums of $500 and under, and FIVE PER CENT. on larger sums. Money deposited before April 20 will bear interest from April 1.
EDER V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
JOHN McLEAN, WM. S. WHITLOCK, } Vice-Presidents.
GARDNER S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE, NEW-YORK,
Open daily from 10 to 2 and from 5 to 7 P. M.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID on sums of $500 and under—5 per cent. on larger deposits. MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE APRIL 20, WILL DRAW INTEREST AS FROM APRIL 1.
M. D. VAN PELT, President.
JOS. COOPER, Sec. CHAS. D. BAILEY, Treasurer.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of 3d-av. and 25th-st.
Chartered 1854.
Six per cent. interest allowed. Deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest from April 1. Bank open daily from 10 to 3 o'clock; also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
AUGS. F. LEE, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST.
Citizens' Savings Bank, corner of Bowery and Canal-st., open every day from 9 to 3, and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, from 5 to 7.
Interest commences April 1, 1863,
Bank books in English, German and French.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MARINERS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 13d-av., corner 7th-st.
Open from 9 to 2 o'clock daily.
and on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 5 to 8 o'clock.
THOS. B. STILLMAN, President.
ISAAC T. SMITH, Secretary.

REMOVAL.—NOTICE.—LOUIS F SCHWEIGER'S Millinery Business will be detained for a few days, by unexpected delays, in moving from No. 1½ Catharine-st to No. 905 Broadway.

AUCTION SALES.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
SUPERB HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, BRONZES, SEVRES AND DRESDEN CHINA, CARRIAGE, HARNESS, &c., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 7, 1863, at 11 o'clock, at No. 5 Depau-row, (Bleecker-st., between Sullivan and Thompson sts.,) the residence of M. Le Comte de Dion, who is about returning to Europe, the entire superb furniture, &c., contained in the above house, the whole of which was made to order by Messrs. Meeks and Marcotte & Co.
DRAWING ROOMS.
Elegant carved gilt parlor suite, in flowered satin damask, 12 pieces; marqueterie and gilt cabinets, marble tops, with Sevres china centre pieces and mountings; richly carved gilt console table, marble top, carved by Lienard; superb ormolu mantel clock, with figures and birds and candelabra to match; elegant gilt chandelier, 34 lights, with figures and crystal drops, candle branches to match, all the style of Louis XIV., XV. and XVI.; marqueterie and gilt centre table, gilt fancy table, marble and Roman mosaic top; richly carved rosewood parlor suite, in crimson satin, 9 pieces; tête-à-têtes to match; centre, card and quartette tables; elegant French plate, pier and mantel mirrors; elegant ormolu and bronze clock, with candelabra to match; French porcelain vases, the four seasons, with gold bouquet branches; Sevres china and gilt card receiver; bronze and gilt Jardiniere "Young Bacchus," superb Beauvais tapestry; flowered satin and reps curtains, lined with silk; lace do.; R. W. and gilt cornices; decorated French shades, Aubuisson and Axminster carpets, &c.
LIBRARY.
Elegant carved solid oak library bookcases, library table, sofa, arm and side chairs in reps, French plate mirrors, ormolu and marble clock, Roman antique marble coupes, carved oak liqueur case, elegant Dresden china centre vase, "Battle Piece," the only one in this country; Dresden china statuettes, ormolu and bronze gas standards, striped reps curtains, fine proof engravings, tapestry, Brussels carpet, &c.
DINING ROOM.
Richly carved solid oak buffets, dining chairs, in green plush; arm chair in reps, solid oak pillar extension table, superb bronze and marble clock, with Fratin bronze stag; fine engravings after Paul de Roche and Landseer, green velvet and lace curtains, rich china mantle vases, bronze and gilt chandeliers, a large assortment of French china, cut and Bohemian glassware, Wilton carpet, &c.
BED CHAMBERS.
Elegant carved rosewood French bedsteads, canopied with satin trimmings; rosewood armoires à glace, lined with satin-wood; marble-top toilet tables, dressing bureaus, washstands, commodes, decorated toilet ware, mantle mirrors, marqueterie work and fancy tables, rosewood chairs and rockers, in satin and reps; large solid walnut wardrobe, paillasses, pure curled hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, brocatel and muslin curtains, ormolu and French porcelain vases, mantle lambrequins, fine engravings, English and tapestry Brussels carpets, &c.
STAIRS AND HALL-WAYS.
Velvet and Brussels carpets, silver-plated and brass rods, mechanical lamps, window shades, hall chairs, &c.
At 12 o'clock will be sold—
Handsome close carriage, made by Wood Bros.; set silver-mounted double harness and lady's saddle, made by Wood Gibson.
The furniture will be on exhibition, by permit, on Monday, April 6.
Catalogues at the office of the auctioneers.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE
OF
PRIZE PROPERTY.
DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.
(By direction of Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.)
By virtue of orders of sale to me directed by Hon. William Marvin, of the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Florida, I will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION
AT LAMBEER'S STORES, ATLANTIC DOCK, BROOKLYN,
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 4,
At 12 o'clock M.,
SUNDRY PRIZE CARGOES, AS FOLLOWS:
Cargo Schooner ELIAS REED.
363 bbls. RESIN; 4 old Sails.
79 bbls. SPIRITS TURPENTINE; lot Lumber.
Cargo Schooner THERESA.
118 sacks Salt.
Cargo Schooner KATE.
405 sacks Salt; 10 bbls. Copperas.
Cargo Schooner ADVENTURER.
49 coils Rope; 4 bales Rope.
106 sacks Salt; 10 bales Rags.
Cargo Schooner LILY.
18 bales Rags; 6 carboys Vitriol.
108 kegs Powder.
Cargo Schooner FRANCES.
2 kegs Powder.
Cargo Schooner HERMOSA.
2½ casks Powder.
Cargo Schooner MARIA.
33 sacks Salt.
Cargo Sloop BROCKENBOROUGH.
71 bales COTTON.
1 bale Pickings; 2 old Rope.
Cargo Sloop GOOD LUCK.
1½ round bales COTTON.
Cargo Sloop SILAS HENRY.
32 round bales COTTON.
Cargo Sloop PRIZE.
2 round bales COTTON; 8 packages COTTON.
2 half bales COTTON; 1 package Pickings.
Cargo Schooner ALICIA.
round bales COTTON.
Cargo Schooner VELOCITY.
Bales Rags, 4 bales Leather,
Cargo Schooner TRIER.
sacks Salt.
Cargo Schooner ANNE.
74 sacks Salt.
Cargo Sloop JULIA.
103 sacks Salt.
From Steamship VIRGINIA.
40 Water Casks.
Catalogues and samples of Cotton at the office of Benner & Brown, No. 113 Wall-st. JAMES C. CLAPP,
U. S. Marshal Southern District of Florida.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE
AT PUBLIC AUCTION.
R. W. WESTCOTT would invite the attention of housekeepers to the large sale to be made by him THIS DAY (Thursday) at 10½ o'clock, at the residence, No. 152 West 21st-st., of the entire magnificent parlor, chamber, dining room and nursery furniture. Also, about $2,000 worth of rich bronzes, bisque and marble gimp figures; French vases, &c. The entire house is beautifully furnished in rosewood, oak, walnut and mahogany, and comprises everything to ornament and beautify a residence. The whole is in perfect order, having been but little used, and will be peremptorally sold. Catalogues at house. Deposits required by purchasers.

B. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer
AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
B. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer, will sell on THURSDAY, APRIL 2, AT 10½ O'CLOCK, At No. 85 West 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., The entire furniture of the same, comprising elegant parlor suites, in solid rosewood, extra heavy French plate pier and mantle mirrors, carpets throughout in English velvet, Brussels and tapestry, handsome bedroom suites, straw and feather beds, pure hair mattresses, toilet crockery, oak dining-room furniture, china, crockery, glass and silver plated ware, large variety of kitchen utensils, &c. &c.
Also, one large parlor safe. Herring's best make. Catalogues now ready at salesroom, No. 115 Nassau-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
HOUSES AND LOTS ON 8TH-AV. AND 20TH-ST. AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell, at auction, on THURSDAY, April 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 111 Broadway,
The three-story brick house and lot, with store, No. 685 8th avenue, between 47th and 48th sts. House 25x36; lot 25x100.
Also, the three-story brick house and lot, with store, No. 197 East 20th-st., near 1st-av.
Maps at the office, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN WESTCHESTER County, 1¾ miles from Harlem Bridge, at auction, by order of the Executors of Philip Dater, deceased.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, April 3, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Executors—a very desirable country residence, 1¾ miles from Harlem Bridge, in the Town of Woodstock, Westchester County, containing 2½ acres of land, running through from Prospect to Union avs. A handsome frame house, with modern improvements, outbuildings complete; fine garden; plenty of choice fruit and ornamental trees. The place is near the residences of John McGraw, Charles Denison, Edward G. Faile, and the late Philip Dater. Terms easy. For further particulars, apply to the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
TENTH-AVENUE AND WEST THIRTY-THIRD-STREET PROPERTY.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
The frame house and lot, east side of 10th-av., 50 feet south of 33d-st.
Also, the substantial four-story brick tenement house and lot, south side 33d-st., 50 feet east of 10th-av.
Also, four lots south side of 33d-st., 81 feet east of 10th avenue, 23.6 by about 99 feet.
Also, two small gore lots, north side 33d-st., directly opposite above described lots.
Maps at the office, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
BROWN STONE HOUSE ON MURRAY HILL.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 2, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:
The four-story brown stone English basement house and lot No. 65 East 35th-st., near 4th-av.; house 18.9x55, with modern improvements; lot 18.9x98.9.
Maps at the office, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.
HANDSOME BROWN-STONE FRONT HOUSE AND LOT ON 46TH-ST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, the 3-story brown-stone front house and lot, No. 78 West 46th-st., near 6th-av.; house 20x50 with modern improvements; lot 20x100.5. Maps at the office, No. 5½ Pine-st.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.
LOTS NEAR CENTRAL PARK AT AUCTION, between 4th and 5th avs. JAMES M. MILLER will sell at auction, THIS DAY, (Thursday,) April 1, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exch

MEDICAL.

DORMANT MANHOOD AROUSED AND impurities rooted out of the system, by the use of Dr. Barrow's TRIESEMAR, Nos. 1, 2 or 3. You who suffer, delay not a moment to read that popular illustrated work "Human Frailty," and be convinced. Published by DR. BARROW, No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal-st., New-York. Sent free everywhere on receiving the amount, 25 cents, in postage currency. Sold also by Wells & Co., No. 115 Franklin-st., New-York, and J. Worthington, No. 206 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Dr. Barrow consulted as usual on those specialties for which he is so eminent. N. B.—No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors from Macdougal-st., New-York.

AFFLICTED RESTORED! IGNORANCE EXPOSED! FALLACIES UNMASKED!

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BOTH SEXES, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. LARMONT'S Paris, London and New-York Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide, (75th edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 Anatomical Illustrations,) upon Mental and Nervous Debility, Urinary Deposits, Involuntary Loss of Semen, Impotency, Affections of the Bladder and Kidneys, Genito-Urinary diseases and their consequences, the anatomy of the sexual organs of the male and female; latest researches in physiology; European hospital practice; quacks, their recipes and specifics; the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. Mailed free for $1, closely sealed.

All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with Mercury, Copaiba, Injections, Cauterizations, Quack Specifics, Antidotes, Instruments, &c., should purchase this original work of Dr. WARNER, No. 13 Vesey-st.; S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.; LANDON, No. 8 Lake-st., Chicago; or consult the Doctor, No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs,) New-York, from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zietung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

SECRET DISEASES! SECRET DISEASES!

SAMARITAN'S GIFT!
SAMARITAN'S GIFT!
The most certain remedy ever used.
Yes, a Positive Cure.
BALSAM COPAVIA AND MERCURY DISCARDED
Only ten pills to be taken to effect a cure.

They are entirely vegetable, having no smell nor any unpleasant taste, and will not, in any way, injure the stomach or bowels of the most delicate.

Cures in from two to four days, and recent cases in "twenty-four hours."

No exposure, no trouble, no change whatever.

Price, male packages $2, female $3. Sold by H. C. OAKLEY, No. 11 Park-row. Sent by mail by DESMOND & CO., Philadelphia.

CAUTION TO LADIES.

Madame RESTELL, Female Physician, No. 162 Chambers-street, deems it her duty to caution ladies against impostors, who appropriate her advertisements, word for word, merely substituting some ignorant and wholly irresponsible person as "Madame."

These persons have spurious "Female Monthly Pills" and other poisonous compounds to deprive the unwary of the easily duped, as well of their means as of their health.

That ladies may avoid these impositions, Madame Restell feels called upon to give this caution.

MRS. MAXWELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN.

No. 6 Greene-st., New-York, takes pleasure in offering her services to the ladies who are suffering from irregularities, suppression, &c., (from whatever cause produced.) In order to extend her sphere of usefulness, she has taken a large house, regardless of expense, and fitted it up as a lying-in hospital, where the most perfect confidence is observed, and all the comforts of a sick room are received. Also, Female Monthly Pills, price $1. And where the children can always be adopted.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA—Sold by H. C. OAKLEY, No. 11 Park-row.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSfully consulted with Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Venerienes, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, ulcers, tumors, cancers, secondary and constitutional syphilis, diseases of the kidneys, &c., &c. Thirty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of those complaints enable us to effect cures in cases where others of less experience have failed. Dr. Powers' Essence of Life restores the vigor of youth in four weeks. This marvelous agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions—physical disqualifications, impediments to marriage, thereby speedily cured. The men to consult. Drs. Ward and Powers, the champions and kings of venereal diseases, possessing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantee a perfect cure, or no charge, in from one to three days. Established in 1840. N. B.—Those who have used their preventives are never without. Send for a circular. To Ladies.—Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for monthly irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free, on receipt of a stamp. Cures warranted.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal, without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to DR. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Call, send or write.

MAD. RESTELL, FEMALE PHYSICIAN can be consulted, as usual, at No. 162 Chambers-st., or by letter, and medicine sent by mail. Her FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can rely upon with safety and certainty. Price $1 a box. Sold at No. 162 Chambers-st., No. 1276 Liberty-st. and No. 414 Hudson-st., New-York. Can also be obtained at No. 241 Grand-st., Williamsburgh, and No. 175 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, or by mail. All other "Female Monthly Pills" are counterfeit.

N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame RESTELL'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., and in whatever cause, without the use of medicine or instruments, can do so at one interview.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE OR INVIGORATING ELIXIR, and Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops or Physical Regenerator. Young man! Are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease resulting from secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence and Radical Pills briefly cure the very worst cases, while innocent of anything deleterious, and are warranted a never-failing cure. Prepared and sold by Dr. POWERS, No. 12 Laight-st., New-York. Afflicted, try them! They will certainly cure. Send for circular; read it carefully, and then you will send for the remedies.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City P. O. Also by H. RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., (Astor House,) and No. 18 Ann-st., FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

MAD. DESPARD'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS are the only medicine married or single ladies can depend on with safety and certainty. Can be sent by mail to any part of the United States and Canadas. N. B.—Ladies who desire to avail themselves of Madame DESPARD'S valuable, certain and safe mode of removing obstructions, suppressions, &c., &c., without the use of medicine, can do so at one interview. Residence, No. 101 6th-av., opposite 8th-st.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—INSANITY, RHEUMATISM AND CONSUMPTION.—The curability of these maladies has, in very many instances, defied the utmost skill of our best physicians; but under the treatment specially given to the above-named diseases at the Samaritan Healing Institute, wonderful cures have been perfected. Testimonials of the same by those who have already been healed will be cheerfully given by consulting the resident physician, at his rooms, No. 145 8th-st., between Broadway and 4th-av., opposite Clinton Hall.

PILES, PILES.—EXTERNAL OR INTERNAL, blind or itching, and the worst cases can at once be relieved and entirely cured by a new invention that holds them up, and, by its use, produces their absorption and completely removes them, or money refunded. Sent free by mail on receipt of $1. Sold by all druggists. Address Dr. W. H. HALL, No. 595 Broadway, New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of bogus Dr. Hunters. The City is full of knaves, up to every trick to rob Dr. HUNTER of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU—SOLD by H. C. OAKLEY, No. 11 Park-row.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER has, for thirty years, confined his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than fifty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, that possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some pitiful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. Its popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attacked it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make it. It is $1 a vial, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at the old office, No. 3 Division-st. Books for 15 three-cent stamps, 200 pages, 100 colored illustrations. The best work out.

SHIPPING.

STEAMSHIP GREAT EASTERN.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
WALTER PATON, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM LIVERPOOL,	FROM NEW-YORK,
SATURDAY.....April 18	SATURDAY.....May 9
TUESDAY.....June 2	TUESDAY.....June 23

FIRST CABIN, from.....$55 to $135

Each berth, according to size, situation and accommodation of the State Rooms—all having the same privileges in the Saloons, and in regard to meals and attendance. Suites of apartments for families may be engaged by special agreement.

EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First Cabin only, a fare and a-half.

Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.

SECOND CABIN—State Room berths, meals furnished at separate tables.....$70

THIRD CABIN—intermediate State Rooms, passengers found with beds, bedding, table utensils and good substantial food.....$50

STEERAGE, with superior accommodations.....$30

All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States Currency.

Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

For passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 26 Broadway.

For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents, No. 54 South-st

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA, SHANNON, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 8.
CANADA, GRACE, leaves Boston Wednesday, April 15.
AFRICA, MOODIE, leaves New-York, Wednesday, April 22.
ARABIA, STONE, leaves Boston, Wednesday, April 29.
PERSIA, LOTT, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 6.
EUROPA, MUIR, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 13.
AUSTRALASIAN, COOK, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 20.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....75 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR HAVANA.

To sail on
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, AT 3 P. M.
The A No. 1 British steamship
SHELDRAKE,
Capt. NICHOLAS PEGDEN,
Carrying the U. S. Mails.
Will sail as above
FROM PIER NO. 14, FOOT OF CEDAR-ST., N. R.

Price of passage, (in current funds,) $60.

No freight received or bills of lading signed on day of sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
No. 26 Broadway,
Or at No. 54 South-st.,
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL,
Agents.

N. B.—The British steamship MELITA will follow the SHELDRAKE, and sail on or about the 18th of April. Experienced Surgeons attached to these steamers.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

STEAMSHIPS TO
SAN FRANCISCO AND OREGON,
OVER
NICARAGUA TRANSIT.

The steamship
AMERICA OR ILLINOIS
Will leave for GREYTOWN, to connect with steamship MOSES TAYLOR, at NOON,
On SATURDAY, April 25, 1863.
For freight or passage, apply to
D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
BOHEMIAN,
Capt. BORLAND, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Portland next
SATURDAY, April 4.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $81 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 23 Broadway, New-York.

SABEL & SEARLE, General Agents.

FOR NEWBERN, N. C., AND PORT ROYAL, S. C.

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.
The Express Steamer AUGUSTA DINSMORE, Capt. CROWELL, on SATURDAY, April 4.

We shall dispatch our next regular Express Steamer AUGUSTA DINSMORE, as above, on SATURDAY, 11th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from her berth at Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply at our office, No. 59 Broadway. ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will dispatch the next vessels of their freight line to San Juan del Norte (Greytown) with dispatch.

The schooner GEO. S. ADAMS, Capt. CHASE, now loading at pier No. 29, N. R., will sail on or about the 1st April, and the schooner SENATOR, now loading at pier No. 29, N. R., on or about the 4th April.

Letters for Greytown by the schooner GEO. S. ADAMS, will be in time until Thursday noon, April 2.

For freight, apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway, to JOHN E. BODY, V. P.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail steamship CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on SATURDAY, 28TH APRIL, SATURDAY, 23RD MAY.

Passage money to Nassau, $45.

Passage money to Havana, $50.

Payable in Gold or its equivalent.

No freights received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (COVE HARBOR). The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA.....Saturday.....April 4
CITY OF WASHINGTON.....Saturday.....April 11

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44, North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

Payable in gold or its equivalent in currency.

First Cabin.....$80 | Steerage.....$32 50
First cabin to London.....85 | Steerage to London.....35 50
First cabin to Paris.....95 | Steerage to Paris.....40 50
First cabin to Hamburg.....90 | Steerage to Hamburg.....37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $30. From Queenstown, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR SHREWSBURY.

The new steamer HELEN, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave Red Bank EVERY MORNING at 7 o'clock; returning, will leave the pier foot of Robinson-st. every afternoon at 2½ o'clock, landing both ways at Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's & Brown's Dock Fair Haven and Red Bank, until further notice.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE—THE steamer BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 26 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight taken. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroad, also the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

MORNING BOAT FOR POUGHKEEPSIE.—Steamer ARMENIA will leave foot of Harrison-st. every morning at 7 o'clock; 30th st. at 7.10, landing at usual landings; returning, leave Poughkeepsie at 12 o'clock; commencing Wednesday, April 1, 1863, Sunday excepted.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Passengers go north from New-Haven at 11 o'clock NIGHT LINE.—Steamer leaves at 11 o'clock, arriving at New-Haven in time for morning trains.

MEDICAL.

THE
CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE
OF AN
INVALID.

Published for the benefit, and as a warning and
A CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN
who suffer from Spermatorrhœa, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., supplying, at the same time,
THE MEANS OF SELF CURE,
by one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbug and quackery.

By inclosing a post paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, designed for purely legitimate purposes—to restore the menstrual fluid—and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office, No. 12 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., can call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving honorable treatment.

DENTISTRY

DRS. GRIFFEN, NO. 258 GRAND-ST., N.Y. opposite Lord and Taylor's, and No 257 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, are inserting full or partial sets of their improved Artificial Teeth, with or without extracting the roots; full sets on gold or platina, $25; on silver or rubber, $8; partial sets (gold) per tooth, $2; silver or rubber, $1; extracting, 25c.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, 30th March, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on FRIDAY, the 24th day of April next, for furnishing, by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, in this City, the following:

CLOTHING.

Hats.
Caps.
Shirts.
Drawers.
Stockings.
Shoes.
Boots.
Trowsers—mounted.
Blankets.
Water-proof Blankets, (Philadelphia Pattern, to be used also as Shelter Tents.)
Ponchos.
Haversacks.
Canteens.

EQUIPAGE.

Hospital Tents, Flies, Poles and Pins.
Wall Tents, Flies, Poles and Pins.
Shelter Tents.
Axes.
Hatchets.
Spades.
Pickaxes.
Camp Kettles,
Standards.
Guidons.
Ax Handles.
Hatchet Handles.
Mess Pans.
Pickax Handles.
Drums.
Fifes.
Sets of Regimental Books.
Sets of Company Books.

Samples of which may be seen at this office. All articles to be inspected by a sworn Inspector, appointed on the part of the United States.

Bidders will state the quantities they wish to furnish, and the shortest possible time in which deliveries can be made by them.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee, setting forth that if a contract is awarded to the party named therein, he will at once execute the same and give bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

The United States reserves the right to reject any portion, or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the Government.

Proposals should be indorsed Proposals for Furnishing, (here insert the articles named in the bid,) and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster General U. S. Army.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT COMMISSARY-GENERAL OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 26, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the undersigned, at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M. MONDAY, the 6th of April, 1863, for furnishing DESICCATED POTATOES for issue to the United States Army, for seven months, from April to October, 1863, at the rate of *one hundred thousand pounds per month.*

The Desiccated Potatoes must be manufactured from the best varieties of sound potatoes, and be in all particulars a perfect article; to be ground fine and packed in air-tight tin or zinc boxes, each containing sixty pounds, or other less and uniform and convenient quantity; the tin or zinc boxes to be packed in strong, well-made and strapped wooden boxes, (two in each,) with sunken and battened ends, as per sample to be seen at this office.

Each bid to have consideration, must be accompanied by a sample of five full and complete cases of *the Proposer's own manufacture*, and must state where the manufacturing establishment is located, in order that it may be visited, with a view of giving assurance of the ability of the proposing parties to furnish the article required.

Each bid must contain the written guaranty of two responsible persons—whose ability to respond in bonds to the amount of *ten thousand dollars*, must by certified by the United States District-Attorney, or other proper officer, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, we will give our bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars that the contract shall be duly filled."

Payment, as heretofore, to be made in such funds as may be furnished by the United States.

Contractors are expected to hold their goods, without expense to the United States, until required for shipment.

A. B. EATON, Colonel and A. C. G. S.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 Broadway, New-York, March 28, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M., on THURSDAY, the 2d day of April next, for furnishing by contract at the depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City,

Common Tents.	Shelter Tents
Common Tent Poles.	Common Tent Pins.
Pick-ax Handles.	India Rubber Blankets.
India-Rubber Ponchos.	

Samples of which can be seen at this office. Bidders will state the quantity they wish to furnish and the shortest time in which they can make deliveries; and accompany their proposals with a proper guaranty for the faithful performance of a contract.

The United States reserves the right to reject any part or the whole of the bids, as may be deemed for the interest of the Government.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Common Tents, Shelter Tents, Rubber Blankets, &c.," as the case may be, and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
Deputy Quartermaster-General, U. S. A.

ARMY SUPPLIES.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE,
No. 502 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, March 30, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on FRIDAY, the 3d of April next, for furnishing, by contract, at the Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage in this City,

10,000 CANVAS GAITERS.

Samples of which can be seen at this office.

A proper guarantee must accompany the bids, for the faithful performance of a contract.

Bids deemed unreasonable will be rejected.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposals for furnishing Canvas Leggings," and addressed to
Lieut.-Col. D. H. VINTON,
D. Q. M. General, U. S. Army.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON CITY, March 19, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS are invited to send to the Quartermaster-General's Office tenders for their charter or sale.

Senders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or registered tonnage, actual carrying capacity, material, whether coppered, whether sidewheel or propeller, and if propeller, screw or oscillating; size and power of engines and boilers; and should state the price at which they are offered, for long or short charter, with the estimated value of the vessel in case of loss, or in case the Government should prefer to purchase instead of chartering.

Owners of steam vessels already in the service of the Quartermaster's Department are requested to make known to the Department any reduction in their present rates which they may be willing to grant, and also the price at which they will be willing to sell them.

All such tenders should be addressed to the Quartermaster-General of the United States at Washington, and should be indorsed,

"Proposals for charter or sale of steamers."

When received they will be considered, and the Department will endeavor to reduce the very expensive attending army transportation, upon the ocean and tide-waters, by substituting, wherever it can do so, cheaper vessels of equal capacity for those now employed.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, March 2, 1863.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.—THIS BUREAU is desirous of ascertaining whether rifled cannon can be made of wrought iron of sufficient and uniform endurance and economy to warrant their being preferred to guns of cast iron only, or of cast iron strengthened with wrought iron.

Proposals will therefore be received from any manufacturers of forged iron to furnish a finished gun, or a block of metal from which the same may be finished.

The said gun, when finished, to weigh about 10,000 pounds, to be made into a gun throwing a projectile of 100 pounds, as used in cast iron rifled cannon of like weight; to be fired 1,000 times with service charges of the same weight and kind of powder as used in the Parrott 100-pounder—viz.: 10 pounds of No. 7—without bursting, or wearing in such a manner as to cause apprehensions of bursting.

The quality of metal, price and other terms, are to be stated clearly in the proposal forwarded.

The Bureau reserves the right to itself of accepting or rejecting any of the proposals.

The time for receiving the proposals is limited to thirty days from date, and proposals will only be received from persons actually engaged in the fabrication of wrought iron.

JOHN A. DAHLGREN,
Chief of Bureau.

PROPOSALS FOR $250,000 CENTRAL PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND STOCK OF 1876.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's Office until THURSDAY, the 30th day of April, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened for the whole or any part of the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the Central Park Improvement Fund Stock authorized by chapter eighty-five of the laws of the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and by an ordinance of the Common Council, approved by the Mayor April twenty-five, one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

The said Stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarter yearly, and the principal will be redeemed November one, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six.

The proposals will state the amount of Stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the Chamberlain of the City, within five days after the opening of the bids, the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the Stock, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposition should be sealed, and indorsed "Proposals for Central Park Improvement Fund Stock," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids, if the interests of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, April 1, 1863.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, OFFICE No. 7 CITY HALL,
NEW-YORK, March 28, 1863.

PROPOSALS FOR THE HIRING OR leasing of premises to be used for Armories for the various Companies and Regiments of the New-York National Guard, will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors from owners of property and others.

The proposals to state the locations, quantity of room, term of lease and rent, &c,

By order of
Special Committee on Armories and Drill-Rooms.
JOS. B. YOUNG, Clerk.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9, 1863.

VESSELS WANTED IMMEDIATELY TO carry COAL to the following points:

Tortugas,
Key West, Fla.,
Fort Monroe, Va.,
Alexandria, Va.,
Newbern, N. C.,
Port Royal, S. C.

(Signed
A. BOYD, Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ITALIAN OPERA.
Director.....MAX MARETZEK

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, AT ONE,
EXTRAORDINARY GRAND
GALA COMBINATION MATINEE,
THE ENTIRE OPERA OF LINDA
AND ONE ACT OF MASANIELLO.

The performance will commence with the entire Opera of
LINDA DI CHAMOUNIX,
with the following
SUPERB CAST.

Linda.....MME. MEDORI
Pierratto.....MLLE. SULZER
Carlo.....Signor MINETTI
Antonio.....Signor BELLINI
Prefetto.....Signor BIACHI
Boistleury.....Signor COLLETTI
Madelina.....Mme. Picher | Intendente.....Signor Rubio

After which the Second act of
MASANIELLO.

Masaniello.....Signor MAZZOLENI
Pietro.....Signor BIACHI
Borella.....Herr MULLER

SPECIAL NOTICE.

In order to prevent inconvenience from the pressure at the usual entrance on this great occasion,

THREE ADDITIONAL DOORS

Will be opened, and tickets can now be obtained at the regular ticket offices, and at all the principal music stores and hotels.

Visitors are earnestly requested to purchase their tickets prior to coming to the Academy, in order to prevent the inconveniences of delay at the ticket office on the day of performance.

ADMISSION TO ALL PARTS OF THE HOUSE $1.

The doors will be open at 12 o'clock, and the performance commence precisely at 1.

SPECIAL CARD TO THE PUBLIC.
ON MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 6,
THIRTEENTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT,
Will be given for the first time in America,
Maestro Petrella's grand Opera, in four acts, of
IONE; OR, THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII,
Which has been long in preparation, and will be produced with
ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY,
COSTUMES, DECORATIONS, APPOINTMENTS AND EXTRAORDINARY EFFECTS,
The ensemble being of the
Most complete and gorgeous description
Ever presented at the Academy.

NOTICE.—The box office will open for the sale of secured seats and tickets THIS MORNING at 8 o'clock, at the Academy of Music, Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Root, Anthony & Co.'s stationery store, corner of Nassau and Fine sts. SEATS SECURED FOR ANY EVENING IN ADVANCE during the day, or at the inside ticket office on the evenings of performance.

WINTER GARDEN.

CONTINUED TRIUMPH
of the
YOUNG
YOUNG
and
BEAUTIFUL
BEAUTIFUL
LUCILLE WESTERN,
LUCILLE WESTERN,
who, by her delineation of the character of
LADY ISABEL
LADY ISABEL
and
MADAME VINE,
MADAME VINE,
exercises an irresistible magnetic influence on her audience, and moves hundreds nightly to tears.
TO-NIGHT
EAST LYNNE.
EAST LYNNE.
TO-MORROW, (FRIDAY,)
BENEFIT OF LUCILLE WESTERN.

WINTER GARDEN.

WINTER GARDEN.
WINTER GARDEN.
IMMENSE SUCCESS
OF
LUCILLE WESTERN IN EAST LYNNE.
LUCILLE WESTERN EAST LYNNE.
LUCILLE WESTERN EAST LYNNE.
LUCILLE WESTERN EAST LYNNE.
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On THE
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MATINEE, SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
April 4, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M.
Box Book now open for the whole week.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress.....Miss LAURA KEENE
Doors open at 7; begins at 7½ o'clock.
THIRD WEEK
OF THE
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
OF
MISS LAURA KEENE.
Last night but two of the
BEAUTIFUL NEW AMERICAN DRAMA,
Indorsed by the entire Press.
THIS (Thursday) EVENING, April 2,
JESSIE McLANE.

MISS LAURA KEENE.....as.....JESSIE
Mr. C. Wheatleigh.....as.....John McLane
Mr. C. Walcot, Jr.....as.....Marsden
Mr. C. Peters.....as.....Marker
Mr. Stodart, Mr. Daly, Mr. Levick, &c.
Mrs. E. Robertson.....as.....Betsy

And all the fine scenery, remarkable situations, surprising events, &c.

LOOK OUT FOR THE NEXT NEW PLAY.
ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT,
THE IRISH DRAMA,
Of the days of Wolf Tone and the United Irishmen, embracing the full strength of the company in the cast.
In active preparation,
VICTOR HUGO'S great work, "LES MISERABLES."

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

A GREAT NATIONAL BABY SHOW
Will take place at the Museum
On MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
May 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, and 16th, 1863.
When upward of
$2,500 IN PREMIUMS
Will be paid for the finest
BABIES, TWINS, TRIPLETS, QUATERNS AND FAT BABIES.

For circulars containing list of premiums and full particulars, apply at the Ticket Office of the Museum.

BANVARD'S PANORAMAS.—LAST WEEK but one, of the four great panoramas—the Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, and the War. EVERY EVENING at 7½; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 3 o'clock. No. 652 Broadway. Tickets 25 cents; children 15 cents.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R. FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.

Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. station. Returning, leave Albany at 10:30 A. M.

For all local trains, see time-table.

JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—CHANGE OF TERMINUS.—Passenger Depôt at James-slip and foot 34th-st., E. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS—Commencing FRIDAY, Oct. 21, 1862. Leave New-York at 9 A. M., for Greenport, Sag Harbor, Orient and Hampton.

At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Syosset.

At 9 A. M., for Hempstead.

At 9 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Yaphank.

On Sunday, a train leaves Hunter's Point (34th-st. Ferry) at 9 A. M., for Yaphank and intermediate stations, at excursion rates. Returning, leaves Yaphank at 3:36 P. M.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

ADDITIONAL BY THE CITY OF WASHINGTON.

The Russians Defeated by the Poles at Londek.

THE POLISH INSURRECTION.

SKALMEIRZYCE, Tuesday, March 17.

An important engagement between the insurgents and the Russian troops took place yesterday at Londek, three miles from Kalisch. The latter were compelled to retreat, and the town was reduced to ashes. The number of insurgents concerned in this battle amounted to 3,000 men. Reinforcements were sent this morning from Kalisch to the Russians.

THE PARIS BOURSE.

PARIS, Wednesday, March 18.

The Bourse opened heavy, but was firmer at the close. Rentes were finally quoted at 68f. 95c., or 5c. higher than yesterday.

SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, Wednesday, March 18.

The Polish Prince CONSTANTINE CZARTORYSKI, now upon his way to Stockholm, has encountered the most enthusiastic reception in all the Swedish cities through which he has passed.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday, March 17.

The Sultan, accompanied by FUAD PASHA, is about to undertake a journey to Egypt. He will be absent from Turkey about forty days.

INDIA AND CHINA.

SHANGHAI, Sunday, Feb. 8.

Affairs in this city and the vicinity are quiet. The accounts from the interior are satisfactory.

The rebel city Changhoo has tendered its allegiance to the Imperialists.

The Rev. Mr. AUKER, of the London Mission, died at Ningpo on the 2d inst.

Intelligence from Japan announces the degradation of the nobles who had been connected with foreigners. This measure was supposed to be the precursor of a repudiation of the treaties concluded by the Japanese Government with foreign Powers.

CANTON, Saturday, Feb. 14.

GRAY SHIRTINGS tending upward. WATER TWIST unchanged. TEA active, but unchanged; total export to date, 92,125,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 8¾d.

SHANGHAI, Sunday, Feb. 8.

GRAY SHIRTINGS dull and unchanged. TEA firm. SILK tending downward; No. 3 Tsatlee, at 425@ 450, settlements in fortnight, 1,500 bales; stock, 3,500 bales; export to date, 66,000 bales. Exchange on London, 6s. 2¾d. Freight, 80s.

CALCUTTA, Monday, March 2.

GREY SHIRTINGS advanced 4 annas; Mule Twist, forties, tending upward. INDIGO unchanged. COPPER advancing. SALTPETRE unchanged. LINSEED firm and active. JUTE, 1 anna lower. EXCHANGE on London, BARING'S credits, 2s. ¾d. Government Securities, 5 @ cents, 106¾. FREIGHTS tending downward,

BOMBAY, Saturday, Feb. 28.

COTTON—Dhullerah, 430. Seven pounds Gray Shirtings, 7r. 11a. Forties mule twist, 19 annas. Linseed, 6r. 8a. Five and one-half Government securities, 112¾. Freight for Cotton, 85s.

FURTHER FROM OUR FILES.

Our files by the *City of Washington*, which came to hand at an early hour yesterday morning, furnish us some extracts of interest, in addition to those which we have already published.

THE REBEL LOAN.

IN FRANCE.

From the Journal du Havre.

There has just appeared in this market some of the cotton bonds of the Confederate States of America. Those bonds, which, as is well known, have been issued by the Government of the Southern States to create resources, by means of the cotton which still remains in the interior of the country, stipulate that in forty days after notification shall have been made by the holder to the Confederate Government, the quantity of cotton specified in the bond shall be placed at his disposal in whatever port of the Confederacy he may indicate, *provided that port be not at the time in the power of the Federal forces.* These bonds are, for the most part, for 25,000 pounds of cotton (about 50 bales,) the value is to be paid in cash, and is calculated at 6d. per pound, English money. The purchaser can receive the cotton in the port he fixes on, and there place it in warehouse, or export it, *at his own risk and peril.*

IN LONDON.

From Satterthwaite's Circular.

Considerable excitement has been caused by the introduction of a Confederate loan on the London market. The jobbers, whose business it is to deal in American securities, have declined to have anything to do with it—we think, with good reason; for, apart from any other consideration, it might prove very unpleasant for those who have American stock entered in their names, or whose business relations with New-York or other Federal cities are of any importance, if it were known that they had dealings in, or were concerned in getting up a loan to parties in rebellion against the Federal Government. *The whole affair seems to us as questionable a proceeding as that of running the blockade.* The market in London for American securities has since our last remained without material fluctuation, any tendency to improvement caused by the decline of fifteen per cent. in exchange at latest dates from New-York being counteracted by the supply of stock which has been forwarded here for sale and drawn out before the sudden fall in exchange took place. Hence the quotations of to-day are, with scarcely any exception, the same as those selling this day week.

From the Globe.

Numerous purchases have been made in the Confederate loan, at prices varying from 1¾ to 3 per cent. premium. The closing quotations are reported at 2½ to 3¾ premium. The introduction of the loan has led to very general and warm discussion in the Stock Exchange, and elicited strong party feeling. The friends of the North assert, among other arguments, that the loan will prove an additional obstacle to peace, while the Southern partisans predict the success of the operation with some confidence.

A CONFEDERATE STATES BANK.

A preliminary prospectus (without any name being attached) of "The London and Confederate States Bank" is published in the London journals. The capital is fixed at £2,000,000 sterling. The prospectus points out the certainty of the ultimate recognition of the Southern States, and the desirability of having banking facilities ready for the redemption of that trade which will be carried on through new and independent channels.

REVOLUTION IN POLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

A Warsaw letter, of the 10th, states that the following proclamation of the revolutionary Government has been circulated there:

YELLOW-CITIZENS: When, six weeks ago, an act of unexampled oppression rendered the sufferings of the people intolerable, we called you to arms, confident in the justice of our cause. Our confidence in you has not been disappointed. The enemy, powerless and perplexed, avenges his defeats by murder and fire, and after every reverse, puolishes bulletins of fabulous victories. The aid of spies and traitors has availed him nothing. He has defiled our temples, and shed innocent blood at the foot of the altar. Our clergy indignantly reject the teaching of his false prophets, and zealously aid an oppressed people. The enemy has shown to the whole world that he intended to decimate our population by a proscription under the name of recruitment. The youth of both town and country first began the struggle in which the whole nation now joins. Exhausted by the war in the East, harrassed by the discontent of his own people, our enemy could not crush us by superior force, and for two years has been trying to deceive us by pretended concessions and reforms, which some persons were disposed to consider as serious, and acted accordingly. They, however, soon discovered the cheat, and became convinced that no improvement was intended. At the present moment, not a soul believes in the honesty of Russia, or supposes that cooperating with her can benefit our country. When men of little faith doubted the possibility of successful insurrection, we persisted, and the result shows that we were right, for now every Polish soul feels the same enthusiasm, and the orders of the National Government are recognized by all. The people of the rural districts have ever been the terror of the enemy, and all the efforts made to gain their support by offering a partition of land through the organ of WIELOPOLSKI proved worse than fruitless, for it raised the question of emancipating the peasantry without proposing any definitive settlement. The National Government has therefore determined to enfranchise all the sons of our sacred soil, and to give them land, at the same time that it compensates the present owners from the Treasury of the State. The National Government takes upon itself the responsibility of executing this measure, which will for ever put an end to the animosities existing between the owners and the cultivators of the soil. This is why all the attempts to rouse passions against the insurrection have proved abortive. The price of 5 roubles per head offered by Russia for the blood of our brethren has produced no fratricides. The peasantry all join the defenders of their country, and the blood shed in the streets of Warsaw proves that our Jewish brethren also side with us! Therefore, be of good cheer! God is with us! and we have the sympathy of all good men of every land!"

THE CIRCULAR OF EARL RUSSELL.

From La Patrie.

We are informed that the circular of the English Government to its representatives to the various foreign Courts, who signed the treaties of 1815, bears the date of the 4th inst., and that its object is to induce the Cabinets of Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Madrid, Stockholm and Lisbon to support at St. Petersburgh a dispatch, addressed direct on the 2d March to Lord NAPIER by the Principal Secretary of State of Her Britannic Majesty.

We do not know whether Lord RUSSELL'S circular is of a nature to provoke an official reply from the various Governments to which it has been addressed, and, consequently, whether such replies have been received at London; but we have reason to believe that M. DE BISMARK, in his conversations with Sir A. BUCHANAN, the English Minister at Berlin, at once expressed the opinion that such a step appeared to him to offer inconveniences of various descriptions. Although our information is less precise as regards the attitude of the Vienna Cabinet, we should not be astonished should Count RECHBERG on his part have expressed objections to the English Ambassador, grounded upon the peculiar position of Austria in Polish matters.

Our letters from Madrid do not inform us that Spain has as yet adhered to Lord RUSSELL'S proposal. We cannot, however, fail very soon to receive precise information on the subject."

AN OFFICIAL JOURNAL.

The Provisional Government of Poland, of which LANGIEWICZ is chief, under the title of Dictator, has just decided on the creation of an official journal in the national language, and which would also contain bulletins in French, with the object of making known to Europe the truth respecting the military operations. It is to be edited at the headquarters of the Polish army.

A DISCOVERY.

WARSAW, Saturday, March 14.

The military police have just discovered that large quantities of artillery and provisions are missing from the Government depots, and that great embezzlements have taken place.

OPPOSITION TO THE BROADWAY RAILROAD.

Meeting of Property Owners and Citizens at Niblo's Saloon.

A meeting of property owners and others opposed to the Broadway Railroad scheme, was held at Niblo's Saloon last evening—several hundreds being present. Mr. EBENEZER PARMLY was called to the chair.

Mr. STEWART first spoke. He said that the opposition to the Broadway Railroad had been narrowed down to a small compass. The measure was defeated last year, but seemed likely to pass this session, so formidable was the combination in its favor. Himself and Mr. HASKIN had appeared before the Railroad Committee of the Senate and opposed the measure. They saw that the Committee had made up their minds, and had even prepared their report, so confident were they that no gentlemen would offer $2,000,000 for the grant that it was proposed to give away. The Committee had assumed that the offer was not made in good faith. Six gentlemen had then offered to take the grant and run the cars at three cents fare. But, they were told that no railroad could be profitably worked at that fare. They had found that all of the Senators from this City were in favor of the measure, and had either friends, employes or relatives in the list of those who were to own the grant. He denounced the scheme as one of villainy and plunder, giving the control of 25 miles of our principal thoroughfare for nothing. The object of this meeting was to get all who were interested in the matter of preventing the scheme to take action. He believed that it was intended to carry the scheme through by corrupt means. He thought it would have immense weight if those present would make their appearance at Albany to oppose the scheme. There were names before the Legislature opposing the scheme representing $50,000,000. But, it was necessary for those opposed to it to do more than this; for, if the measure was passed, they would find it difficult to free themselves from it. [Applause.]

Mr. E. HAMILTON offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we, citizens, lessees and property owners, have learned with surprise that it is seriously intended by our present Legislature at Albany to devote not only Broadway, but nearly every other avenue and street in the City of New-York to railroad uses, for the especial benefit of a few friends of certain members of the Legislature, and to the positive injury of the interests of owners of property on the streets affected.

Resolved, That if the traveling public demanded or required any greater facilities for travel than is now afforded by the different means of conveyance in use, they would have made known their wants either by petitions, meetings or otherwise. It is therefore, in our opinion unnecessary, and highly improper for the Legislature of the State to undertake the supervision of our streets by establishing railroads in them, under the plea that the public require them, when in fact they have expressed no opinion on the subject.

Resolved, That the grant of a Broadway Railroad, in perpetuity, such as is contemplated by the bill now before the Senate, is a gift of immense value, and capable of being made to produce annually a sum sufficient to sensibly reduce the taxes of our present overburdened City. That, instead of bestowing it upon friends and favorites of certain legislators, it should be put up to competition, so that the fares may be diminished and the City taxes reduced.

Resolved, That we protest against the attempt on the part of the Legislature to deprive us of our rights, as property-owners, upon the streets of the City, without compensation, and that we will resist all such attempts, satisfied that the injustice of such a measure must entitle us to relief in our tribunals of justice.

Mr. PARMLY, on taking the question, alluded to the removal of city railway tracks in London. The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

A resolution was then adopted appointing a Committee of twety-four to carry out the objects of the meeting, and the Committee was appointed as follows: Ambrose C. Kingsland, John C. Green, Edwards Pierpont, Amos R. Eno, John J. Phelps, John Steward, Edward S. Jaffray, Wm. H. Appleton, Saml. Lord, Henry D. Aldrich, Elias S. Higgins, Eli White, Simon B. Chittenden, Edwin J. Brown, Albert Clark, Ogden Haggerty, Paul Spofford, Edwin Hoyt, Joseph Sampson, Benj. L. Swan, Lorillard Spencer, D. Henry Haight, Henry Ball, Charles L. Tiffany, Paran Stevens, Thomas Tileston, John K. Myers, Alexander T. Stewart, Wm. E. Dodge, George W. Pell, Halliburton Fales, James Benkard, George Bliss, Thomas Suffern.

M. J. J. PHELPS offered a resolution returning the thanks of the citizens of New-York to those Senators who had opposed the scheme, and made some remarks in opposition to the scheme.

Mr. CHARLES ASTOR BRISTED, on behalf of some 20,000 persons interested, took occasion to speak of the necessity of leaving open some avenue without a railroad, leading to the Central Park.

W. W. DRINKER made some energetic remarks on corrupt public officials.

Mr. JAMES KELLY spoke of the great public interest of preserving the beauty of Broadway, and gave an interesting history of the Broadway pavement, and its cost. He thought that many classes of our citizens, carmen, expressmen and others, using our great thoroughfares might be awakened to the interest of the matter, and the necessity of keeping Broadway sacred. [Applause.] He wanted to see a roaring meeting to awaken the public to the importance of the matter. [Applause.]

Mr. Wm. GALE made remarks of similar purport, warmly indorsing the project of calling a large public meeting.

Mr. PHELPS' resolution was then adopted, as follows:

Resolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to Senators GANSON, BELL, TOBY, FOLGER, TRUMAN, SMITH and others, who have so ably and hitherto so successfully opposed these schemes of plunder, and we rely upon them to continue their efforts.

Mr. JOHN MCKESSON, who represented in trust $1,500,000 of Broadway property, energetically opposed the scheme, and favored the project of showing up the names of those who were to get the grant, and those members who voted for it. He thought Mr. STEWART ought to enlist the ladies in opposition to the measure. [Applause.]

At the suggestion of a gentleman in the audience, Mr. STEWART read the bill—the obscure names of some of the grantees exciting considerable laughter. Mr. STEWART stated that there was great difficulty in finding out who these men were, most of them. He had learned, however, that many of them were friends of Mr. GEORGE LAW.

The meeting empowered the Committee to add to its numbers, and to consider the propriety of calling another and larger gathering to further the desired object.

CORRECTION.—We have a letter from LUTHER G. THOMAS, Surgeon of the Twenty-sixth regiment New-Jersey Volunteers, denying the truth of a statement made by our Washington correspondent, that he had been tried by Court-martial on certain charges, and sentenced to be cashiered. His letter is accompanied by confirmatory statements by other officers of the regiment.

[Advertisement.]

NEWSMEN will find it to their advantage to keep the *Phrenological Journal*. There has been much complaint that it can be obtained only at the office of publication, No. 308 Broadway. But this is a mistake; it is supplied by Mr. TOUSEY, Mr. DEXTER and other wholesale dealers. But, when not obtainable through the regular newsmen, parties may inclose the price for a year's subscription ($1) and have the *Journal* delivered at their own doors by post. The April Number contains: Portraits and Characters of Mr. C. W. STAFFORD—inventor of the projectile—Rev. ALEX. CLARK. ETHNOLOGY of the NEGRO, Saxon, Norse and Dane. LANGUAGE—Its function and cultivation. MEMORY. A Scotch Miser—Going to Europe. ART and ARTISTS—Hidden Life. ANATOMY of the BRAIN—Spiritual, Intellectual and Social Organs. PHYSIOGNOMY—the "CHIN"—its Language, Love, Economy—interesting to both ladies and gentlemen. HUMAN PERFECTION, by a Clergyman—How Attained. Only 10 cents, or a year for $1. Address FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

IS SHE LOVING?—LADIES LOOK AT YOUR "CHINS."—Is your chin long? Short? Pointed? Or square? Is there a dimple in it? Or is it round and smooth? The chin indicates affection, desire to be loved, desire to love, violent love, and ardent love. For full description of the chin, and what it indicates, see *Phrenological Journal* for April, 10 cents. Newsmen have it. FOWLER & WELLS, 308 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

THE STYLE FOR 1863.—All gentlemen who have any pretensions to fashion will be sure to have one of KNOX'S beautiful Spring hats. Purchasers of hats at No. 212 Broadway have the advantage of getting a neat and durable as well as a fashionable article. KNOX is recognised all over the country as the leader of the fashion.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-Proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystallized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

MARRIED

HAMILTON—DUPIGNAC.—On Tuesday, March 31, by Rev. E. K. Fanning, at the residence of the bride's father, C. WARREN HAMILTON and Miss EVELYN, only daughter of William C. Dupignac, Esq., all of Farmingdale, L. I.

☞ Vermont papers please copy.

KARCK—WILLS.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 31, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, by Rev. Dr. Littlejohn, WILLAM KARCK and EMMA M., eldest daughter of Edward T. Wills, of Brooklyn. No cards.

☞ Philadelphia and Detroit papers please copy.

MAGIE—SMITH.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday, March 24, by Rev. Mr. Clark, of St. Paul's Church, at the residence of the bride's mother, W. H. MAGIE and Miss JANE SMITH, both of Brooklyn. No cards.

DIED.

BAILEY.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 31, of inflammatory rheumatism, FRANK IRVING, only son of Nathaniel S. and Fannie P. Bailey, and grandson of Daniel D. Miller, aged 7 years, 5 months and 6 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, April 2, from the residence of his parents, No. 120 Nassau-st., Brooklyn.

BARRETTO.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 31, NORAH FYNE, youngest child of Francis J. and Norah M. Barretto, in the 4th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of her grandfather, Gerard W. Morris, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday morning, April 2, at 10 o'clock, at the Church of the Ascension, corner of 5th-av. and 10th-st.

BOYCE.—In Tarrytown, on Tuesday, March 31, THOMAS T. BOYCE, aged 92 years, 3 months and 18 days.

The funeral services will be held in the Second Reformed Dutch Church, on Thursday afternoon, April 2, at 2 o'clock.

BARKER.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 31, FANNY A., wife of Charles J. Barker.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 115 Allen-st., on Thursday, April 2, at 1½ o'clock.

CARLETON.—In Philadelphia, on Saturday, March 28, of congestion of the lungs, at his residence, Hon. HENRY CARLETON, late Judge of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, in the 76th year of his age.

CONCKLIN.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, March 31, at the Spingler House, of pneumonia, CHARLOTTE STODDARD, youngest daughter of George F. and Charlotte A. Concklin, aged 3 years, 10 months and 20 days.

Her remains will be taken to the family burial ground, Amenia, on Thursday morning, April 2, for interment.

DARRACH.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 31, JAMES A., son of Bartow Darrach, M. D., aged 2 years and 6 months.

Funeral from the house of his grandfather, Abner L. Ely, No. 51 East 37th-st., at 4 o'clock P. M., on Thursday, April 2.

DUYCKINCK.—In this City, on Monday morning, March 30, GEORGE L. DUYCKINCK.

His relatives and friends, and those of brother, Evert A. Duyckinck, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at St. Thomas' Church, on Thursday, April 2, at 4 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

GOTTSBERGER.—In this City, on Tuesday night, March 31, PABLO BUANY, son of J. George and Placida Gottsberger, aged 1 year and 7 months.

Funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon, April 2, at 4 o'clock, from 166 Hudson-st., corner of Laight-st.

GUION.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 1, FREDERICK A., eldest son of Frederick A. Guion, aged 23 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the Church of the Annunciation, 14th st., on Saturday, April 4, at 10 o'clock A. M., whence his remains will be taken to Trinity Church, New-Rochelle, for interment.

HOLMES.—In Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, March 31, SARAH C., eldest daughter of John and Catherine Holmes, in the 28th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, April 3, at 2½ o'clock, at the residence of her father.

HOFFMAN.—In Portchester, N. Y., on Tuesday evening, March 31, ALFRED LIVINGSTON, son of Mary M. and the late Alfred W. Hoffman, aged seven months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his mother, at Portchester, on Thursday, April 2, at 9 o'clock A. M.

HAYT.—In this City, on Wednesday, April 1, at the residence of William E. Curtis, No. 96 East 15th-st., SOPHIA M. HAYT, daughter of the late Monson Hayt, Esq., aged 68 years.

The funeral will be at St. James' Church, Newtown, L. I., on Friday, April 3, at 3 o'clock P. M. Cars leave Jamesslip at 2 o'clock P. M.

KNEVALS.—In New Haven, Conn., on Tuesday, March 31, SHERMAN W. KNEVALS, aged 63 years.

The friends of the family, and of his sons, Charles B., Sherman W. and Caleb B., are invited to attend the funeral, at the North Church, New-Haven, on Thursday, April 2, at 3 o'clock P. M. The 12¼ train from 27th-st. arrives at New-Haven at 3 o'clock.

MCCARTY.—The funeral of the late ANTHONY J. MCCARTY, will take place on this (Thursday) afternoon, April 2, at 2 o'clock. His relatives and friends are invited to attend, also the members of Templar Lodge, No. 2-3, F. and A. M., the honorary and active members of Engine Company No. 14, the members of the Columbian Volunteers, and the members of the Fire Department generally, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 31 Vandam-st.

MCCARTY, A. J.—The members of Templar Lodge, No. 2-3, F. and A. M., and the fraternity in general, are requested to attend his funeral, to-morrow, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 31 Vandam-st.

W. P. BYRON, M.

JAMES S. STITT, Secretary.

REICHARD.—On Wednesday morning, April 1, CONSTANCE AGLAE, widow of the late Frederic Reichard.

Notice will be given of the funeral

TAYLOR.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 31, after a brief illness, HELEN, daughter of the late John Taylor.

The friends of the family are requested to attend her funeral, on Thursday, April 2, from her late residence, No. 102 Waverley-place without further notice.

TOOKER.—In this City, on Tuesday, March 31, RICHARD ALLEN, only child of William A. and Sarah A. Tooker, aged 3 years, 5 months and 7 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, April 2, at 3 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his parents, No. 91 East 27th-st.

UNDERHILL.—On Wednesday, April 1, suddenly, E. AUGUSTA BARKER, wife of J. Vermilyea Underhill and eldest daughter of Stephen and Elizabeth A. Barker.

Funeral on Saturday, April 4, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of her father, Tuckahoe. Cars leave 26th-st., Harlem Railroad, at 8½ and 10½ o'clock A. M.; return at 5 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will be waiting at the depot at Tuckahoe, to convey friends to the house.

VAN KLEECK.—In this City, on Monday, March 30, ALICE T., daughter of Rev. R. B. and M. S. T. Van Kleeck, aged 28 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, on Thursday, April 2, from Calvary Church, 4th-av., corner 21st-st., at 1½ o'clock P. M., without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Fishkill.

WATKINS.—In this City, on Tuesday morning, March 31, ELLA, youngest child of James T., Jr., and Jane E. Watkins, aged 3 years, 1 month and 20 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 22 Henry-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

WALSH.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 31, at 11½ o'clock P. M., AMELIA ANN, daughter of Joseph W. and Catharine M. Walsh, aged 3 years, 1 month and 13 days.

The relatives and friends of the family, the members of Palestine Lodge, No. 204, of F. and A. M., also the members of Insurance Patrol No. 1, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, April 3, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 55 Lawrence-st., Brooklyn.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 1—*In steamship City of Washington, from Liverpool.*—T. Alvin, Mr. Bigler, Mr. Staines, A. De Mello, A. Doublet, C. Doublet, A. De Provono, J. W. Harvey, C. Myer, H. Davenport, J. W. Gay, D. Neill, T. Hays, G. Dertour, J. Simpson, H. McCluskey, C. Gay and lady, B. A. Gardner, Rev. S. Convoy, B. J. Carpenter, Lieut. Crouther, D. W. Burton and lady, Miss Sarah Todd, and 691 in the steerage.

In steamship Sheldrake, from Havana.—J. Evans, W. Salbut, Lieut. Charles Brand, of H. B. M. steamship Immortality, Manuel Abys, F. Walusha.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 42 | Sun sets..... 6 25 | Moon sets... 4 32

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 6 09 | Gov. Island.. 6 58 | Hell Gate.. 8 20

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....WEDNESDAY, April 1.

Cleared.

Steamship North Star, Jones, Aspinwall, D. B. Allen.

Steamers Parkersburgh, Sherwood, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; G. G. Baker, Williams, Milford; Octorara, McLaughlin, Baltimore, Wm. Dalzell; Artisan, Kirk, Baltimore.

Ships Isaac Webb, Hutchinson, Liverpool, C. H. Marshall; Hellespont, Nickerson, Shanghai, N. L. & G. Griswold.

Barks Sallie Bonsall, Leavitt, Halifax, Brett, Son & Co.; Honduras, Dixon, Vera Cruz, F. Alexander & Son.

Brigs John Hathaway, Townsend, Cardenas, J. L. Hathaway; Alma, (Br.,) Bode, Nassau, Danell & Co.; Prestissimo, James, Aspinwall, J. F. Joy; James Curtis, Parker, Halifax, D. R. De Wolff.

Schooners J. L. Votee, ——, Danvers, Baker & Dayton; Ann Crabtree, Philadelphia, Miller & Houghton; Sarah Ann, Clark, York River, F. J. Campbell; John Adams, Hatch, Portland, W. S. Brown; Mary and Eliza, Fanning, Hartford, H. S. Rackett & Son; Mary Eliza, Fowler, Fall River, L. Kenny; C. L. Vandervoort, Baker, Washington, Baker & Dayton; Louis Spannier, Lewis, Washington, Baker & Dayton; L. H. Endicott, Baker, Washington, N. L. McCready & Co.; Rebecca Harriet, Brannon, Philadelphia, J. T. Barton; Ocean Wave, Zeluff, Deep River, Van Brunt & Slaght; H. W. Benedict, Ellis, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Youth, (Br.,) Keeye, St. John, N. B., P. I. Nevius & Sons; New-Jersey, Vanaman, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; D. C. Hulse, Kempton, Washington, J. Smith; Belle, (Br.,) Whipple, Nassau, T. A. R. Webster & Co.; Hiawatha, Ingraham, Prince Edward's Island, W. S. Brown & Co.; Enterprise, Wheaton, Chincoteague, A. C. Havens; Archer, Parsons, Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; Milton, (Br.,) Wells, Turks Island, Danell & Co.; Garland, Norton, Philadelphia, F. Talbot & Co.; Elizabeth Graham, (Br.,) Langley, St. Johns, N. F., B. F. Small & Co.; Forest City, Lovett, Washington, Baker & Dayton; P. Armstrong, Nickerson, Washington, Baker & Dayton.

Sloop F. Brown, Carr, Fall River, L. Kenny; P. Van Cortlandt, Cradley, New-Haven, M. Briggs & Co.

Arrived.

Steamship Sheldrake, (Br.,) Fagden, Havana March 24, and Matanzas 25th, with mdse. to Howland & Aspinwall. Left Matanzas 4¾ P. M. On the 29th of March experienced a hurricane, and was obliged to lay to until 8 A. M., on the 30th.

Steamship City of Washington, Mirehouse, Liverpool March 18, with mdse. and 722 passengers to John G. Dale. March 18, at 1 P. M., passed ships Gorilla, (Br.,) and Hunrise, hence for Liverpool, in tow. 27th, at 8 A. M., lon. 50, passed two icebergs.

Steamer Arabian, (Br.,) Leach, Boston via Long Island Sound, 3 ds., in ballast to Brett, Son & Co.

Steamer Pelican, Baker, Providence, with mdse. to E. Bynner.

Steamer Anthracite, Jones, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Loper & Kirkpatrick.

Bark Orphan, (of Providence,) Edmonds, Palermo Feb. 13, with fruit to Peck & Church.

Brig Stephen Duncan, Tyler, Port Royal 5 ds., in ballast to Van Brunt & Slaght. Passed on the bar, going in, U. S. gunboat E. B. Hale, and ship L. L. Sturges.

Brig Fratellanza, Schioffino, Genoa 64 ds., with mdse. and 18 passengers to E. Caylus de Ruyter & Co.

Brig Georgian, Sherman, Matanzas 10 ds., with molasses to Walsh, Carver & Chase. Experienced some heavy weather on the passage, split sails, etc.

WIND—Sunset, W. N. W.

BELOW—Brig Mary.

Miscellaneous.

NAVAL.—The U. S. steamship Vanderbilt was at Havana on the 24th of March.

The schr. Henry Gibbs, of New-Bedford, Capt. Snow, was run into yesterday afternoon, off 10th-st. reef, E. R., by a schr. belonging to Bangor, Me., and sunk. The unknown schr. received no damage.

HOLMES' HOLE, March 31.—The schr. Bolivar, of Camden, N. J., Martin, from Philadelphia for Boston, came in here to-day, leaking 1,200 strokes per hour; had mainsail split and main boom sprung, in a heavy gale on the 28th. She will haul out for repairs.

By Telegraph.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 31—Arr. brig Rolerson, Calhoun, Boston, for Washington; schrs. Vigilant, Saunders, Elizabethport, for Boston; S. A. Mount, Girard, do. for do.; M. A. Rowland, do., for New-Bedford; Circassian, Hatch, Belfast, for Baltimore; Philanthropist, Bucksport, for Alexandria; Mary Ann, Machias, for do.; Mount Hope, Rockland, for New-York; also schrs. M. Sewall, Z. Secor, Angeline, Smith Tuttle, and others.

Spoken, &c.

British Queen—Br. steamship, hence for Havana, March 30, at 11 A. M., off Hatteras.

Eagle—steamship, hence, going into Havana.

Foreign Ports.

At Matanzas March 20, brigs Dirigo and Jessie Rhymas, for Boston, ldg.

At Ponce, P. R., March 13, brig Eliza Thompson, for New-York next day.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.

AND

ZYLOBALSAMUM,

The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair,

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.

IT NEVER FAILS

To Restore Grey Hair

TO

Its Original Youthful Color

It is not a Dye,

But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.

For Ladies and Children

Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it.

Sold by Druggists throughout the World.

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Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.

SMITH & BROTHER'S PALE ALE BREWERY 18TH ST. BETWEEN 7TH & 8TH AVENUES NEW YORK

EAST INDIA PALE

AND

BURTON ALES.

ALSO,

TONIC BITTER ALE

BREWED FROM THE CHOICEST

BARLEY MALT AND HOPS,

IN WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER CASKS,

AND IN BOTTLES, QUARTS AND PINTS,

FOR HOME CONSUMPTION AND EXPORTATION.

J. McPHERSON SMITH,

DONALD SMITH.

N. B.—As many ask for Smith & Brother's celebrated Ales, and a SUBSTITUTE is offered, consumers will do well to see that they obtain the GENUINE.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,

No. 260 GREENWICH-ST.,

CORNER OF MURRAY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

TEAS—From 60 cents per pound and upward.

COFFEE—From 18 to 40 cents per pound.

FLOUR—(Warranted,) $8 50 to $9 per barrel, (also lower grades, $7 per barrel.)

HAMS—Choice City sugar-cured, 10 cents per pound; Shoulders, 7 cents per pound.

MOLASSES—45 cents per gallon and upward.

SYRUPS—50 cents per gallon and upward.

SUGARS—The largest assortment ever offered to the public in New-York; all grades, from 10¾ cents per pound upward.

EVERYBODY SHOULD CALL AND GET BARGAINS, WHICH WILL BE OFFERED FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS, TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW STOCK.

TO ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS.

From the Express.

MR M. S. FRIEND has matured a system of business that will meet the approbation of parties desiring to purchase stores, wines, teas, cigars, or, in fact, anything necessary for family purposes. Army and navy messes are supplied, shops and steamers furnished, and country merchants' orders filled with every article that may be desired, with promptness and fidelity. In his establishment, at No. 4 Dey-st., is a reading-room with writing conveniences, and a journal, where will be found the names, residences and destination of naval and military gentlemen registered. Here a steward may leave his order in the morning, and on going aboard at night will find the articles he desires, in better quality and with more punctuality than it would have been possible for him to have purchased himself. Mr. E. C. GENET, a gentleman long connected with the navy, will take supervision of the selecting and packing such goods as parties may order. We commend the attention of our readers to this new and novel enterprise.

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No. 86 South-st., New-York.

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PROTECT YOUR HEALTH

WITH

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

Strengthen the stomach,
Invigorate the nerves,
Regulate the bowels,
Regenerate the liver,
Improve the appetite,
Animate the spirits,
Equalize the circulation,
Tone the whole system,
And thus prolong life,

WITH

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Defy unwholesome air,
Qualify impure water,
Guard against damp,
Prevent malarious fevers,
Anticipate indigestion,
Baffle fever and ague,
Brave all climates,
Recruit exhausted nature,
Sustain body and mind,

WITH

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Enfeebled dyspeptics,
Toil-wearied operatives,
Soldiers in the hospital,
Pale, care-worn citizens,
Settlers on new lands,
Travelers and explorers,
Victims of sea-sickness,
The aged and decrepit,
Should all be provided

WITH

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

Harmless as a Stimulant,
Powerful as a Tonic,
Quick as a Corrective,
Safe as an Alterative,
Mild as a Laxative,
Sure as a Restorative,
Good as an Appetizer,
Pleasant as a Cordial—
Life has no safeguard

EQUAL TO

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS.

THE PERILS OF THE SEASON

AND

HOW TO AVOID THEM.

It is of infinite importance to the public to know that

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS

prevent, relieve and cure the complaints most prevalent in this climate during the

SPRING OF THE YEAR.

Their preventive operation is simple. Acting directly upon the stomach, and through the stomach upon the liver, the bowels, the circulation, and the nervous system, they impart to the whole organization a degree of vigor and elasticity which enables us to resist the unhealthy atmospheric influences, by which so many distressing maladies are produced and prolonged. The great predisposing cause of sickness is CONSTITUTIONAL and PHYSICAL DEBILITY. Disease, like a coward, generally assails the feeble, and turns aside from the strong. And this is especially true of the forms of disease which prevail at the breaking up of Winter. The first warm days of the Spring sun seem to thaw out from the frozen earth the elements of innumerable ailments. The miasma which the frost had hermetically sealed up, is let loose in clouds of vap